THE WEATHER.

Partly cloudy Thursday. Friday probably local rains, colder in interior.

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ONE SECTION

VOL. XCVII—NO. 125 WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 27, 1916 WHOLE NUMBER 39,456

POLITICAL SIDE OF THE WAR IS AGAIN OF CHIEF INTEREST

British Parliament Takes Up Discussion of Actual Blockade of Germany.

BULGARS GIVEN DEFEAT

Encounter Albanian Troops—Montenegro Has Signed Peace Terms, is Report.

Hostilities on all fronts having for the moment dwindled to rather unimportant proportions, the political side of the war has again assumed the chief role of interest.

The British parliament is discussing with much animation what steps shall be taken to make more rigid the government's plan of keeping goods of all kinds from being imported or exported by Germany; British labor has decided by an overwhelming majority to support the government to the full in the prosecution of the war, and the German ambassador at Washington has presented to the American government a draft note concerning the sinking of the steamer Lusitania which is believed to meet all the American demands on this troublous issue and which, if accepted by the German government, will finally end the controversy.

In addition Great Britain has answered tentatively the American protest against the holding up of mails, but will reply more fully when France has signified her approval of Great Britain's attitude.

Simultaneously comes the announcement that French warships are to aid the British navy in blockading the English channel and the North Sea and take part in the examination of mails as well as cargoes.

Hand-to-hand fighting between the French and Germans near Neuville took place when the French tried to re-take trenches captured by the Germans. Berlin reports that all the attacks were repulsed. The French, however, have taken from the Germans mine craters they had occupied several days ago, and in mining operations in the Argonne forest have destroyed German trenches.

On the Austro-Italian front Italian positions near Oslavia have been captured by the Austrians who made prisoners of 45 officers and 1,197 men, according to Vienna.

The Turks claim another attack by the British near Menlarie, east of Kut El Amara, was discontinued after the British had suffered "appalling losses."

An official dispatch says that Bulgarians invading Albania have come in contact with and met defeat at the hands of Albanian troops led by Essad Pasha, provisional president of Albania, co-operating with the Entente Allies.

The reports of the Montenegrin government, according to a Vienna dispatch coming by way of Berlin, at last have signed articles regarding the disarmament of the Montenegrin army and the Montenegrins are everywhere laying down their arms.

The British house of lords has passed the third reading of the military service bill.

30 KILLED AT DOVER

Dispatch From Berlin Tells of Air Raid on England Monday.

Berlin, Jan. 26, (by Wireless to Sayville).—The Hamburger Fremdenblatt reports that one of the bombs dropped by the German air squadron when it raided Dover on Monday fell on a deposit of mines which exploded and caused enormous devastation in the neighborhood. Thirty-nine persons, including one officer and 24 soldiers, the newspaper says, were killed.

According to the Fremdenblatt's account the explosion did not take place until 15 minutes after the bomb had landed so that the soldiers at first believed the missile was harmless.

Railroad cars, filled with provisions, and several cottages are reported to have been destroyed.

One transport anchored in the harbor was damaged by explosion and sank immediately.

Twenty severely wounded persons were transported to a London hospital.

The British aeroplanes, the newspaper adds, were not ready in time for defense.

SIGNS PEACE ARTICLES

Montenegrins Reported to Be Disarming Without Difficulty.

Berlin, Jan. 26, (by Wireless to Sayville).—The delegates of the Montenegrin government at 6 o'clock last night signed articles providing for the laying down of arms of the Montenegrin forces, according to an announcement made by the Austro-Hungarian headquarters. The text of the statement says in part:

"Yesterday at 6 p. m., the delegates on the Montenegrin government signed articles regarding the laying down of the arms of the Montenegrin army. The disarming is going on without difficulty and has extended to the districts of Kolasin and Adnriyevica.

From the Italian front it is reported that Austro-Hungarian troops in a battle near Oslava occupied part of the enemy's positions, taking prisoner 1,197 soldiers, including 45 officers. Two machine guns also were captured.

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 26. — Six men lost their lives here today in a fire which destroyed the interior of the five-story Talbot Walker building. Four of the victims were Jewish refugees. The families are entitled automatically to relief from the State Insurance fund.

CHILD LABOR BILL UNDER HEAVY FIRE

Webb and Page Declare It is Unconstitutional.

MANY FAVOR MEASURE

Congressman Howard, of Georgia, One of Only Two Southerners Supporting It, Gets Hearty Applause—Many Speeches.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The Keating anti-child labor bill came up in the House today under a heavy fire from Southern members, led by Representative Webb, of North Carolina.

"This undertakes to violate the constitution of the United States," he said. "It is not only the four Southern states that are so largely engaged in the cotton spinning industry which would be affected. The principle involves all manufacturing interests. Passage of it would mean that Congress could enter your state and take charge of its factories."

Chairman Lewis, of the Labor committee, which reported the bill favorably, opened debate for the measure.

"I know what it is to be deprived of an education in youth," he said. "Must we say that in order to run our factories we shall deprive our children of the priceless privilege of attending school? There is no question about the constitutionality of this bill. Has the government act regulated interstate traffic in lottery tickets? It has. Then why should it not regulate the traffic in the products of child labor?"

Two Southerners Support It.

Representative Howard, of Georgia, and Shirley, of Kentucky, were the only Southerners supporting the bill. Mr. Shirley spoke only of the constitutional questions involved, but Mr. Howard swept aside constitutional arguments and laid the blame for much of the child labor in the South on "trafficking, no account, drunken daddies." He declared that it was the duty of the whole country to protect their children.

"The astounding thing to me is that there is any necessity for this law," he said. "Talk to me about protecting the children of the South from mill owners. The mill owners of the South are not the only people who are willing to deprive the child of the South of a chance in life.

"Trafficking, no account, drunken daddies are as much to blame for conditions in the South as they are in any other section of the country. They have large families, five, six or seven children; they are on a farm, and they are not willing to make a living by the sweat of their face and so they move to a mill town and put their innocent little children in pawn that they may live in idleness. And there is not a man from the South or from any other section of the country that does not know that this is true."

Mr. Howard's address was vigorously applauded and many members left their seats to congratulate him.

Discussion Prolongs Session.

Besides oratory, the measure produced a procedure fight that ran the session an hour beyond the regular time and threatened a night meeting. Mr. Keating sought, and finally won, the

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TO ASK LEGISLATURE FOR HOME OF REFUGE

Conference on Social Service Adopts Resolutions.

Addressed by Dr. McGeachy and Miss Ella P. Crandall—Officers Elected—Dr. Graham President; Bishop Darst V. President.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Charlotte, N. C., Jan. 26.—Before adjoining this afternoon the North Carolina Conference for Social Service adopted a number of important resolutions, one of which asked the Legislature to provide a home for fallen women and delinquent girls. There was a sharp debate as to whether the conference should specify that th etwo classes mentioned should be accommodated in separate institutions, and the result was a compromise asking the Legislature to provide a home for the two classes but not specifying whether they should be in the same home.

This followed an address by Rev. Dr. A. A. McGeachy, of Charlotte, on the need of such an institution.

The conference also provided a committee of five with Rev. Hooper Adams, of Charlotte, as chairman, to take steps to co-ordinate all agencies of North Carolina working for social uplift.

One of the features of the closing session was an address on eugenics by Miss Ella P. Crandall, of New York, in which she declared the State must adopt mehods already in force to some extent in Germany and other countries, to take care of working mothers who are about to bring children into the world.

Officers Are Elected.

Dr. E. K. Graham, president of the University of North Carolina, was late last night chosen president of the North Carolina Conference for Social Service; Mrs. Thomas Lingle, of Davidson, first vice president; Bishop Thomas C. Darst, second vice president, and President W. L. Poteat, of Wake

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EDW. K. GRAHAM.

President of the University of North Carolina Elected This Week at Charlotte as President of the North Carolina Conference on Social Service.

MUNITIONS PLANT A GREAT EXPENSE

Would Take 750,000 Men to Supply Army of 2,000,000.

IN $400,000,000 FACTORY

General Crozier Against a Government Monopoly—Tentative Army Bill Presented by Garrison—Committee Hearings.

Washington, Jan. 26. — Estimates were given the Senate military committee today by Brigadier General Crozier, chief of ordnance, showing that a plant costing $400,000,000 operated by a force of 750,000 workmen would be required to manufacture ammunition and war materials necessary to keep an army of a million men in the field and equip an additional million recruits.

General Crozier strongly disapproved any proposal for government monopoly of the manufacture of war supplies, insisting that best results could be accomplished by relying upon private establishments to supplement the output of government plants in time of war.

The committee received today from Secretary Garrison a draft of a tentative bill suggested by Chairman Chamberlain, which would provide for the authorization of the proposed continental army in general terms only, leaving the details of the proposed system to be worked out by War Department regulations.

Senator Chamberlain has prepared a tentative bill dealing only with increases for the regular army and it is assumed the general authority contemplated in the brief section submitted today by the secretary is intended to be inserted into the Chamberlain bill. It provides that members of the continental army shall receive not more than three months' training in any year, while serving with the colors, or more than six months training in all during their three years of active duty.

General Crozier amplified today testimony already presented before the House committee to show the inadequacy of present reserve stores for the army.

To illustrate the need of a reserve of ordnance supplies, General Crozier said only powder had been delivered to the European belligerents in any consider-

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J. M. Morehead Pays Tribute To Wilson

DENOUNCES JAKE NEWELL'S RIDICULE OF ADMINISTRATION'S FOREIGN POLICY IN REPUBLICAN CONVENTION

(Special Star Telegram.)

Charlotte, N. C., Jan. 56.—At the Republican county convention this afternoon, Ex-Congressman John Motley Morehead denounced a resolution offered by Jake F. Newell, aspiring to Congress from the Ninth District, wherein the foreign policy of the Democratic administration was ridiculed.

He said the country had the President to thank that we were not now at war and that such cheap wit as the resolution contained was as far from justification as it was unwise as campaign material. He paid a high tribute to the success with which the President has conducted foreign relations. The resolution was adopted after the objectionable paragraph was removed.

No sentiment was expressed for a gubernatorial or presidential Republican nominee. The Republican county organization was re-elected.

CRAIG IN SPEECH ASTOUNDS CLARK

Chief Justice Issues Reply to Governor's Address

IN LENGTHY STATEMENT

Never Excused the Mob, But Denounced Lynching as Anarchy—Not a Line of Apology in Letter Referred To.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 26.—Chief Justice Walter Clark issued a reply this afternoon to Governor Craig's criticism of the letter of the Chief Justice to John D. Langston, of Goldsboro, blaming the courts and other departments of government for lynching in North Carolina. He declares "it is astounding" to him that the Governor should intimate that in his Langston letter he excused the mob who hanged the negro Richards. He says he began the letter with a denunciation of lynching and stated that it was anarchy and that there is not a line of apology in the letter for those who committed the offense.

The reply of the Chief Justice makes seven typewritten pages. He says no one acquittal of a guilty murder or any dozen, nor the lack of confidence caused by any one judge, nor the excessive use of the pardoning power by any one governor has brought these conditions. But that the trouble is of long standing, else the people would not have been goaded on any one occasion to take the law into their own hands.

He reiterates his position that the excessive number of homicides in North Carolina and the consequent lynchings that occur are not the fault of the people who, he says, are as a mass law abiding. The chief fault, he says, is the system by which our jurors have been drawn and the excessive number of challenges given the prisoners.

The Chief Justice insists that the cause must be removed by an efficient administration of justice in the courts that will give good men reasonable assurance of protection for their lives as well as their property.

Judge Clark's Statement.

The statement issued by the Chief Justice follows:

"When a man is sick his friends do not scold him, nor does the physician if he knows his business, treat symptoms, but he seeks to remove the cause. It should be so with the body politic. There is no people who have a greater regard for law and order than those of North Carolina. But when we know from the U. S. Census Reports of Crime; from the rpeorts of ou rown Attorney General in North Carolina, and the publications of the press throughout the world that our State has the largest per capita of homicides in proportion to the population, of any State in Europe or in this country, it is time to consider the cause. These statistics have been given in a 'News Letter' sent out by the State University showing the number of homicides in each State and that North Carolina heads the list in this respect.

"The cause of it is not with our people, but with officialdom. Whenever these outbreaks occur, instead of the

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YOUNG LADY KILLED IN AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT

Miss Clara Mae Wishart Loses Her Life in Raleigh.

Charlotte Girl Lost Control of Bicycle and Ran Down Incline Into Passing Car, Her Skull Being Fractured.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 56.—Miss Clara Mae Wishart, of Charlotte, was killed in an automobile accident this afternoon in Glenwood suburb. She was learning to ride a bicycle and lost control on a steep incline, running into Glenwood avenue just as the automobile was passing and struck the bicycle. Miss Wishart's skull was crushed back of the left ear and particles of brain were exuding from the right ear when Coroner Separk viewed the remains a little later at Rex hospital.

The young lady was taken in a machine driven by Mr. Will Allen, that was passing a few moments later, and rushed to the hospital. She was dead by the time the hospital was reached.

The machine that struck Miss Wishart was driven by Joe Upchurch, 20 years old, son of the late W. A. Upchurch. In the machine with him was Lennox Johnson, son of Mayor James I. Johnson. Mr. Upchurch's statement is to the effect that he saw Miss Wishart going out of Devoraux street into Glenwood avenue when she was a dozen steps away; that she seemed to have lost control of the machine and that he turned his machine so sharply to the left that the rods running to the axle were broken and he crashed into a post. The right fender of his machine struck the bicycle, he says, and the impact threw her to the pavement. Her fall and not being hit by his machine inflicted the fatal injury.

Coroner Separk has decided that no inquest is necessary since the accident seemed unavoidable.

The remains will be taken to Greensboro Friday afternoon for interment beside the grave of her father, who was buried there.

PRESIDENT'S DAUGHTER READY FOR TOUR.

Ross W. David.

Miss Margaret Wilson.

This photograph shows Miss Margaret Wilson, daughter of the President, practicing in the studio of her musical instructor, Ross W. David, for her coming concert tour. She is the musical genius of the Wilson family, and her friends in Washington believe she would make a success even were she not the daughter of a President.

MRS. MOHR ASSERTS SHE LOVED DOCTOR

Wanted to Effect Reconciliation With Him.

THREATENED HER LIFE

Wanted to Kill Her Because She Wouldn't Give Him Her Jewelry—Denies Plotting His Murder—Letter Identified.

Providence, R. I., Jan. 56.—Mrs. Elizabeth F. Mohr, on trial with two negroes on the charge of murdering her husband, Dr. C. Franklin Mohr, asserted on the witness stand today that she loved her husband and was always desirous of effecting a reconciliation with him. She denied unequivocally that she ever plotted to have him killed. The accused widow told her story in a very low voice and appeared to be cool and collected. Once or twice while telling of some particularly irritating turn in her domestic troubles, she seemed on the verge of breaking down, but each time she regained control of herself.

In answer to the questions put to her by her counsel, Mr. Cushing, the witness said that her husband had been cruel and abusive, but that she loved him notwithstanding his treatment. She identified a letter she said she had received from him while she was at the Newport home in the fall o f1913, in which the doctor said:

Barred Her From Home.

"I don't want anything around that reminds me of you, and if you ever put your foot in my place in Providence again I will about kill you. You are barred from my Providence place and I will never associate with you again. The only time we will be under the same roof again will be when I go to Newport perhaps. When you leave there you leave everything and I don't care when you leave. I've been putting on a sham front all summer for you, but I can do it no longer. I am tottering now. I will have no more of it."

Mrs. Mohr made the assertion that Dr. Mohr wanted her to "get out and shift for herself," and that he urged her to go west and get a divorce but that she refused. Dr. Mohr threatened to kill her because sh would not give hi mher jewelry, according to her testimony; she also said that the doctor coerced her into deeding her property to him and that in 1912 all his earnings had been put in her name.

Continuing, Mrs. Mohr said that she received many beatings from her husband because of her attempts to keep Miss Emily Burger away from him. She asserted that Dr. Mohr was addicted

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BRITAIN STANDS BY UNCHANGED POLICY

Government Adheres to Present Method of Blockade.

QUESTION IS DISCUSSED

Sir Edward Grey's Speech in House of Commons Leaves Little for Other Speakers to Say—Number Express Their Views.

London, Jan. 26. — The result of the anxiously awaited debate in the house of commons on the blockade question is that the British government adheres to its existing policy. A resolution introduced by Arthur Spirley Benn, Unionist member for Plymouth, that the entire oceanic traffic with Germany should be prevented by a blockade, was talked out and the subject dropped, thus leaving the position exactly as before the debate, except that parliament seemed more converted to the government policy.

Interesting figures published by the war department partly demolished the elaborate structure raised by the newspapers and Sir Edward Grey's effective speech appeared to finish the work thus begun.

After the foreign secretary had spoken, Commander Bellaires said he had anticipated that nine-tenths of the house would be against Sir Edward Grey, but since his speech, he had to admit nine-tenths were with him.

At the opening of the debate the house was crowded all the business section being very conspicuous and the galleries also were filled, notable visitors being the American ambassador, the Swedish and Danish ministers, Lord Fisher and Lord Stamfordham, private secretary to the king.

Grey's Speech Kills Interest.

After Sir Edward had concluded, the discussion lost interest. Gershom-Stewart, Unionist, thought that Sir Edward Grey had failed to make as good a case as he might have done, and contended that Great Britain had not yet touched the German economic machine. He wanted to see Germany wrecked on the economic as well as the military side.

The Right Hon. Sir Robert Finlay, Unionist, said the government had every reason to be satisfied with the debate. He suggested that food should be absolute contraband.

Foreign Secretary Grey opened his speech by saying it was a difficult and complicated subject which the house has under consideration. He had gathered from the debate that there was a real apprehension concerning the

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WILSON TELLS WHY HE NOW FAVORS A TARIFF COMMISSION

Has Changed Mind Because "All Circumstances of the World Have Changed."

HE WRITES TO KITCHIN

No Thought of Changing Attitude Towards So-Called Protection Question.

Washington, Jan. 26—President Wilson today sent a letter to Chairman Kitchin, of the House Ways and Means committee, explaining why he had withdrawn his opposition to a tariff commission and now was urging the creation of such a body by Congress. He wrote frankly that he had changed his mind because "all the circumstances of the world have changed."

Declaring that he had "no thought whatever of a change in attitude toward the so-called protection question," the President said the proposed commission would have nothing to do with theories of policy, but would be charged only with the duty of seeking facts to guide Congress in legislation. In another letter to Mr. Kitchin Monday he had set forth fully his ideas of what a tariff commission should be and urged that the Ways and Means committee consider the matter immediately. He favored a wholesome, not partisan, expert organization.

"Absolutely Necessary."

"I have changed my mind," said today's letter, "because all the circumstances of the world have changed and it seems to me that in view of the extraordinary and far-reaching changes which the European war has brought about, it is absolutely necessary that we should have a complete instrument of inquiry, along the whole line of the many questions which affect our foreign commerce.

"I have had in this change of mind no thought whatever of a change of attitude towards the so-called protection question. That is neither here nor there. A commission such as I have suggested would have nothing to do with theories of policy. They would deal only with facts and the facts which they would seek ought to be the actual facts of industry and of the conditions of economic exchange prevailing in the world, so that legislation of every kind that touched these matters might be guided by the circumstances disclosed in its inquiries.

"I dare say you feel as I do, that it would be folly at this time, or until all the altered conditions are clearly understood, to attempt to deal with questions of foreign commerce by legislation, and yet, having dealt directly and clearly with the whole question on unfair competition within our own borders, it is clear that as soon as we know the facts we ought to deal with unfair methods of competition as between our own nation and others, and this is only one of the many things that we would probably wish to deal with. The other matters, I have attempted to indicate in my previous letter to you. I am glad to supplement that latter by this explicit statement of the considerations which have been most influential with me.

Refers to Last Message.

"You will remember that in my last message to Congress I foreshadowed just the considerations which were operating in my mind in this matter. The passage to which I refer was this:

"'Many conditions about which we have repeatedly legislated are being altered from decade to decade. It is evident, under our very eyes, and are likely to change even more rapidly and more radically in the days immediately ahead of us, when peace has returned to the world and the nations of Europe once more take up their tasks of commerce and industry with the energy of those who must bestir themselves to build anew.

"'Just what these changes will be no one can certainly foresee or confidently predict. There are no calculable, because no stable, elements in the problem. The most we can do is to make certain that we have the necessary instrumentalities of information constantly at our service so that we may be sure that we may know exactly what we are dealing with when we come to act, if it should be necessary to act at all. We must first certainly know what it is that we are seeking to adapt ourselves to. I may ask the privilege of addressing you more at length on this important matter a little later in your session.'

"I need hardly say that I appreciate very fully the motives by which you

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THE DAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE:

Met at noon.

Foreign Relations committee discussed Colombian, Nicaraguan and Haitien treaties.

Military committee continued hearings on army reorganization.

Senator Hitchcock proposed amendment to Philippine bill, granting independence in from two to four years.

Adjourned at 4:15 P. M. to noon Thursday.

HOUSE:

Met at noon.

Military and Naval committees heard witnesses on the state of National defense.

Secretary Garrison urged House Interstate Commerce committee to revise the general dam act in the interest of water power development.

Debated child labor bill without final action.

Adjourned at 5:42 P. M. to noon Thursday.

DEMANDS ON CHINA REVIVED BY JAPAN?

American Officials Interested in London Report.

U. S. MAY HAVE TO ACT

Proposals Under Famous "Group Five" List, If Accepted by China, Might Lead to Even Political Domination by Japan.

Washington, Jan. 25.—Awaiting confirmation from official sources as a necessary preliminary to any action by the United States, State Department officials were deeply interested today in a report from London that the Japanese government has revived all of the demands upon China included in the famous "group five" of the list of proposals submitted to the Pekin government more than a year ago for a permanent settlement of outstanding issues between Japan and China.

There is a conviction in official circles here that any action at this time likely to have results toward warding off the new Japanese demands must be taken by the United States practically alone. It is believed that none of the powers will be inclined to take issue with Japan at a moment when they are leaning heavily upon their Oriental ally, not only for munitions of war but for military and naval protection of their interests in the Orient.

Close study by officials in Washington has confirmed their original belief that if accepted in full in China, without protest from other nations, the proposals would lead not only to material and industrial, but even political, domination of China by Japan.

It is gathered from the British newspaper advices that in addition to reviving the demands in "group five" as stood at the close of the negotiations in Peking last January, the Japanese proposals again include a provision aimed a proposed to police all of the large Chinese cities with Japanese. Ambassador Guthrie, at Tokio, and Minister Reinsch, at Peking, will be called upon for complete information.

NOT TO SUSPEND WORK TO FIX MINERS' WAGES

Will Continue So Long as on Agreement is Probable.

Delegates at Mine Workers Convention Optimistic Over Possibility of New Scale and None of Them Look for a Strike.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 26.—After a long discussion in convention today, the delegates, representing nearly 400,000 union coal miners in the United States, decided that in the event new wage scales have not been negotiated by the time existing contracts expire they will remain at work so long as there is hope of drawing up agreements.

This decision of the United Mine Workers of America was made by an overwhelming majority and endorses the policy of President John P. White, who has been advocating such a step for two years.

The decision of the miners was cheered. Most of those who spoke for the non-suspension policy were optimistic with regard to the ability of the union to negotiate new agreements, none of them looking for a strike.

The soft coal miners of Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and western Pennsylvania will go into conference with the operators of those states at Mobile, Ala., in February in an endeavor to arrange an interstate agreement to take the place of the separate state wage scales that expire March 31. A 10 per cent increase for soft coal miners will be asked and probably 20 per cent for bituminous men who are paid by the day.

The anthracite men are asking for a 20 per cent increase in wages, complete recognition of the union and a two-year agreement. Information has reached Indianapolis that the hard coal operators may ask a five-year agreement, but the report lacks confirmation.

BRITAIN STANDS BY UNCHANGED POLICY

(Continued From Page One).

amount of trade passing into Germany and regarding what this government was doing to stop that trade. The figures given in the press had created a grotesque impression in regard to the amount of leakage, and would not bear investigation. He asserted that these figures did not take into consideration the fact that in many cases exports from the United States had merely made good supplies which neutrals formerly drew from Germany.

Time for Attacks to Cease.

Sir Edward said that it was time these attacks to cease, for they must have a dispiriting effect on the [illegible] because they led the navy to suppose its work was being undone by another department.

BARRET CONCEDES DEFEAT IN THE RACE FOR GOVERNOR

Pleasant's Lead in Louisiana Democratic Primary Not Reduced.

New Orleans, Jan. 27. — Additional returns from yesterday's statewide Democratic primary failed to reduce the lead of Ruffin G. Pleasant, of Shreveport, present attorney general, over Thomas C. Barret, also of Shreveport, present lieutenant governor, for the gubernatorial nomination. Mr. Pleasant's majority was estimated at 40,000. Mr. Barret tonight sent a telegram to Mr. Pleasant, conceding his defeat. The state election will be held April 18.

STATE-WIDE STOCK LAW URGED BY ASSOCIATION

State Forestry Convention Endorses Resolutions.

C. C. Smoot, of North Wilkesboro, Elected President—Secretary Holmes Re-Elected—Trip Through Loblolly Forest.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Newbern, N. C., Jan. 56.—The sixth annual convention of the North Carolina Forestry Association, which has been in session here since yesterday morning, came to a close today with a trip through the loblolly pine forests of this section given the members of the association by the John L. Roper Lumber Company. Practically every one of the delegates participated in this trip.

The last business session was featured by the election of officers and the passing of resolutions. C. C. Smoot, of North Wilkesboro, was elected president, while J. S. Holmes, of Chapel Hill, was re-elected as secretary and treasurer.

Resolutions were passed endorsing State-wide stock law, urging the passage of a bill for the continuance of the purchase of lands under the Weeks law, urging the continuance of the policy of the Federal government in assisting states in fire protection methods, indorsing the movement for protecting bird life and especially in the national forests. In addition to this the association recommended that Congress appropriate a sum necessary for combatting the white pine blister rust.

Another matter of importance transacted was that in regard to memorializing the next North Carolina Legislature to make a sufficient appropriation to carry out the purposes of the forest fire law which was passed by the last Legislature.

MRS. MOHR ASSERTS SHE LOVED DOCTOR

(Continued From Page One).

to the use of liquor and drugs and while under their influence was dangerous.

Wrote Leters to Healis.

She did not deny writing letters to Healis, Dr. Mohr's negro chauffeur, while she was visiting the doctor's relatives in McEwensville, Pa., explaining that she wanted to know what the doctor was doing—that he was her husband and she was interested in what he did.

She asserted that her correspondence with Healis was not carried on in pursuance of an impending plot to kill the doctor.

Several times in her story, the widow emphasized her undying affection for the doctor and two or three times affirmed that she had wanted to become reconciled to him.

She denied furnishing the defendant, Brown, with money for a motorcycle in May, 1915, in furtherance of the alleged plot against her husband.

"I didn't have enough money for myself and two children to get along on," she said.

PRESIDENT TONIGHT OPENS CAMPAIGN FOR PREPAREDNESS

Leaves for New York Where He Will Deliver Two Addresses.

Washington, Jan. 26.—President Wilson left tonight for New York, where tomorrow night he will deliver the first of a series of addresses laying before the country the issue of preparedness for national defense.

The President will arrive in New York at 6 o'clock tomorrow morning but will remain on his private car until 8 o'clock when a committee from the Railroad Business Association will escort him to his hotel. At noon he will receive a delegation from the Federation of Churches who desire to present to him an address in appreciation of his efforts in behalf of peace. Mr. Wilson probably will respond briefly.

The opening gun for preparedness will be fired by the President at the annual banquet of the Railroad Business Association. Later in the evening Mr. Wilson will speak before a banquet of the Motion Picture Board of Trade of America. He is expected to mention the Mexican and European situation in both addresses.

Leaving New York at midnight tomorrow, the President will arrive here early Friday morning. Mrs. Wilson, Secretary Tumulty and Dr. Cary T. Grayson will accompany him.

BODIES OF TWO AMERICAN COWBOYS REPORTED FOUND

Benjamin Snell and Frank Wood Were Thought to Have Left Cusihuiriachic.

El Paso, Tex., Jan. 26. — The bodies of Benjamin Snell and Frank Wood, American cowboys, have been found west of Cusihuiriachic, according to an unconfirmed report from western Chihuahua, reaching here today.

Snell and Wood were reported last week to have left Cusihuiriachic with Roy and John Kramer, to rescue the father of the latter, Dr. David Kramer, who had been wounded in the leg by a bandidt, and who was hiding in the mountains.

Confirmation was lacking tonight of the report that the bodies of Snell and Wood had been found.

George C. Carothers, special representative of the State Department, arrived here today from Los Angeles. He expected to return tomorrow. The purpose of his visit was not made public.

$250,000 WITHIN 24 HOURS.

Is Goal Set for San Francisco in Raising Jewish Relief Fund.

San Francisco, Jan. 26. — San Francisco opened tonight a campaign to raise $250,000 within 24 hours for destitute Jews in the European war zone with a mass meeting at the new civil [illegible] auditorium. Justice M. C. [illegible] of the State Supreme Court, prominent Public men told of the urgent [illegible] which caused President Wilson to [illegible] tomorrow as Jewish Relief [illegible] Governor Hiram W. Johnson [illegible] Californians to aid the work.

That Won't Make You Nervous.

FEBRILINE is a trade-mark name which [illegible] the first, original and only [illegible] teless Syrup of Quinine. [illegible] Quinine, pleasant to take; [illegible] ate nor cause nervousness. [illegible] ake it and never know it [illegible] Especially adapted to adu[illegible] cannot take ordinary quinine. Try it [illegible] time you need Quinine for any [illegible] Ask for 2-ounce original [illegible] The name FEBRILINE is blown [illegible] bottle. 25 cents.

CRAIG IN SPEECH ASTOUNDS CLARK

(Continued From Page One).

officials taking the blame to themselves, in quite a superior manner they say 'We must educate the people as to the evils of lynching.' The people are as much against lynching as their officials. The cause is in the statutes governing criminal procedure and sometimes in the too free use of the pardoning power. It is time that officials stopped jumping on the people every time a lynching occurs instead of finding and correcting the real cause of the trouble.

"There is no neighborhood in North Carolina that is in favor of lynch law. Even the men who commit these lawless acts will condemn the act and deplore the necessity of what they do. The object of punishment is to make it uncomfortable to commit crime, and when by the methods known to every lawyer a man of influence, or any one who is able to pay sufficient fees, is reasonably sure of acquittal or failing that has hopes of a pardon, the result is that society driven in on itself commits these crimes.

"It is 'astounding' that Governor Craig should intimate that in my letter to Mr. Langston I excused the mob who hanged the negro Richards. The letter begins with the denunciation of lynching and stated that it was anarchy and there is not a line of apology in it for those who commited the offense. The issu el presented was not excuse for lynching, but as to its prevention.

"When Dr. Styles announces that hookworm was prevalent in North Carolina, there were some demagogues, and even some editors, who denounced it as a reflection on North Carolina. But there was saving common sense enough among the public to look into the matter, and the result has been an immense betterment by relieving thousands of this disease.

Statistics on Homicides.

"The 'University News Letter' has boldly and properly published the statistics showing the number of homicides in this country and in Europe and that we are far more prodigal in the lawlessness of killing men than any State in Europe (outside of war times). It also published the United States statistics showing the number of homicides for each State in which list where North Carolina has 274, Virginia comes next with 197 in proportion to population and then the other Southern states, tapering off to 9 in proportion to population, in Rhode Island. The same publication gave the number of homicides in each county in the State.

"I gave some of these statistics in S. vs. Cameron 166 N. C. 385-88, in the hope to so impress public opinion, and especially the bar, with the necessity of amending our criminal procedure as to challenges and in other respects as to make it possible to convict men of influence, or those who can retain influential counsel. A murder trial in North Carolina when the defendant had 23 peremptory challenges and the State only 4, was simply playing the game against the counsel of the prisoner who held loaded dice. It is true that Judge Allen objected to my giving this information to the public but I see that his policy of suppression has not prevented this lynching taking place in his own county, whose population will measure up in intelligence and every other respect with any county in the State, the prisoner being taken out of the jail not far from his house. I believe my policy of giving the people the full facts so that public opinion will give us a statute as to challenges and other reforms in criminal procedure that will enable and cause the courts to prevent crime by convicting and punishing the guilty is right.

"There would be no lynching if the public were satisfied that they would be protected against murder by an efficient administration of law against murder. Our people are as much opposed to lynching as any in the world, and they all earnestly desire that crime should be prevented by the courts. But the average man is not willing that the present carnival of homicide in North Carolina shall continue in order that a few lawyers may make cheap reputations and good fees by acquitting murderers through the excessive number of challenges and the other devices by which justice is cheated in the courts.

"The Governor thinks that I should 'specify.' But no one case of acquittal of a guilty murderer, nor any dozen, nor the lack of confidence caused by any one judge nor the excessive use of the pardoning power by any one Governor has brought about this state of things. The trouble is of long standing, else the people would not have been goaded on in an yoccasion to take the law in their own hands.

Not a New Condition.

"Our pre-eminence in the number of homicides seems to be new to some in this State but it has been discussed thoroughly for years in other states, and in publications of wide circulation throughout the Union and abroad. I am protesting that this is not to be charged against the people of North Carolina but to our defective criminal procedure. It is not chargeable to the judges, rarely, if at all, but to the statute which with us gives an inordinate advantage to the criminal. The great dramatist long ago said 'Mercy murders pardoning those who kill.'

"The Supreme Court of the United States in Twining vs. New Jersey 211 U. S. 113, in speaking of one of the many advantages given a prisoner in that State, as in ours against conviction styles it 'a shelter to the guilty,' which 'has no place in the jurisprudence of civilized and free countries outside th domain of the common law, and it is nowhere observed among our own people in the search for truth outside the domain of the common law. In S. vs. Wentworth 65 Maine 241 it is styled 'The privilege of crime.' Many other courts have criticised criminal procedure.

"Ex-President Taft in an address in New York city 28 April, 1908, said 'And now, what has been the result of the law administration of criminal law in this country? Criminal statistics are exceedingly difficult to obtain. The number of lynchings and the number of executions, but the number of indictments, trials, convictions, acquittals or mistrials is hard to find. In 1885 the number of murders was 1,808. In 1904 it had increased to 8,482. The number of executions in 1885 was 108. In 1904 it was 116. This startling increase in the number of murders and homicides as compared with the number of executions tells the story. As murder is on the increase, so are all offenses of the felony class, and there can be no doubt that they will continue to increase unless the criminal laws are enforced with more certainty, more uniformity, more severity than they now are.'

"The number of homicides for the United States in 1904 as compiled from the State records show that the number in the United States was 8,251, of which 74 were executed by law, 72 being for murder and 2 for another felony. Hon. Moorfield Storey in his work "Reform of Legal Procedure" 196 quoting from President Andrew D. White says 'The murder rate in the United States is from 10 to 20 times greater than the murder rate of the British Empire and other northeastern European countries.'

Some More Figures.

"The World Almanac for 1913, page 389, says, 'Ninety-five per cent of the murderers in Germany were convicted as against one and three-tenths murderers in the United States convicted. In short, 95 per cent of German murderers are convicted as against 98 per cent of American murderers manumitted.'

"The above is quoted from the report of the Law Reform Committee appointed by the New York Bar Association which also quotes Frederick L. Hoffman, life insurance statistician, as follows: 'The position of the United States in the matter of violent deaths is decidedly deplorable. Every international comparison proves that the homicide rate of the United States is probably the highest for any civilized country in the world.'

"According to the Judicial statistics of England and Wales, 1913, there were reported to the police 111 murders of persons over one year of age. This in a population of 36,000,000, whereas in North Carolina the United States census of 1900 showed 300 homicides in a population of then less than two millions.

"No one who desires the protection of our people against this awful percentage of homicide can say that the number hanged by lynch law is to blame for it. In truth, after all is said against lynch law (and nothing can be said in its favor) we are face to face with the fact that if we wish to suppress it, we must make the law effective so as to prevent by legal punishment this great flood of homicides.

"When I was a young man, I know that in more than one county it was the custom for the sheriff's deputy to call on certain counsel who usually represented those charged with murder and in consultation with them and the accused murderer to make out the special venire. When Judge Schenck was on the bench, he sought to remove that evil and drafted the bill, which has since been put upon the statute books, authorizing the judge to draw the special venire from the jury box in open court. The bill readily passed the Senate but was defeated in the House, one of the opponents of the measure being the late Capt. W. H. Day. I was present on the train when Judge Schenck asked him why he defeated the bill. His reply was more frank than that of most of those lawyers who seek to prevent any reform in the criminal law. He said, 'Why, Judge, if I hadn't, the jury would be sure to hang some of my clients.'

"I was in court on a certain occasion, when a solicitor stated to the judge that he recommended that a defendant charged with a deadly assault should be allowed to submit on payment of costs. The judge being an easy-going man accepted the suggestion. I heard a leading citizen of the county immediately afterwards say to the solicitor that he ought not to have done this, for that was one of the most aggravated assaults he had ever known and one of the most unprovoked; that the man assaulted had been permanently injured and had been attacked without cause. The solicitor's reply was 'astounding'. He said: 'Look here, if I break up assault and battery, what is to become of me.' The solicitor is now dead, but the instance is well known in that section. It may well be that no other solicitor in the State has ever been moved by such consideration, but the real reflection on our solicitors is by those who insist that they must be paid by fees, else they will not do their duty. This incident shows that the fee system is capable at least of operating the other way.

Back in the Old Days.

"In our early history, the State could appeal from errors of the judge. This has long since been abolished. A distinguished judge now on the bench told me that on one occasion he was in court when the late Romolus Z. Linney was following the judge in a capital case with undisguised admiration. Turning to him Linney said: 'Is he not magnificent? He is administering the only law he knows—that the State can not appeal.'

"I know that there is a clannish feeling to some extent which certain lawyers encourage that any exposure of the defects in our administration of justice is a reflection upon the lawyers and therefore that these matters must be kept concealed from the people. The people have trusted me and have believed for years that I will say and do what I believe is for their interest and in the interest of justice.

"I say therefore, frankly, that I am not criticising any judge or any lawyer. I am saying to the people of North Carolina that our number of homicides, according to our own statistics, and the United States census, is the greatest in proportion to population of any State in the Union. That this is the cause of lynching, and that the fault does not rest with the people, who are as a mass law-abiding, but that it is caused by the feeling that lynching is necessary to diminish crime since the courts do not suppress it.

"There will always be some murders and some other crimes no matter how efficient the administration of law. But where a community surpasses all others in the number of homicides there is bound to be a defect in the administration of justice. I do not believe that this is due to the judges or the abuse of the pardoning power—though there have been public complaints along these lines—but the chief fault is in the system by which our jurors have been drawn and the excessive number of challenges given the prisoner. When we had 23 paremptory challenges the prisoner's counsel could always 'run for' some man who if gotten on the jury by the rejection peremptorily of 23 jurors—besides those for cause—could easily secure the prisoner against conviction.

"Our people do not need to be scolded by newspapers nor lectured by officials. They are opposed to lynch law, throughout the State. The remedy is to so reduce the number of challenges and so change the system of getting a jury as to make the adminstration of justice certain.

"Whether we should have capital punishment or not is a matter on which much can be said on both sides.

"Nine States have abolished it. Thirty-eight states, five territories and the Federal government retain it. The Legislature of North Carolina can abolish it and substitute imprisonment for life if it thinks proper. But whatever the punishment prescribed, it ought to be made certain, and it ought to be possible to so change our system of criminal procedure in murder cases that it will be possible to convict the guilty even when they are defended by able and adroit lawyers.

"Our statute decrees that murder must be punished with death. But too often, the real penalty when the murderer is influential, or can employ able and influential lawyers, is a heavy fine on the public in the way of costs and court expenses for daring to try him and a smaller fine on the murderer in the fees paid his lawyers. If any of your readers should chance to remember a case where an influential murderer, able to pay big fees, has been executed, I would be glad to have the name. Every one knows of cases where such murderers have either gone entirely free or have suffered a lesser punishmnt.

"There have been some lawyers who did not look upon the courts as created and paid for by by the people to deter evil men from crime by adequate punishment and to administer justice, but rather (possibly unconsciously to themselves) as machinery to make fees and a reputation for themselves. They were indignant at any judge who would not take their views as to this. If there is still any lawyer in this State that takes that view he will be sure to regard this statement as lunar caustic, but it will not burn any who are not guilty of the charge.

"I have refrained from 'making any railing accusations,' against any one. I am arraigning the defects in our statutes governing criminal trials. I will not allow the issue to be changed by alleging that I have apologized for lynching. I have never known any one to excuse it. Even those engaging in it condemn it and allege the necessity for it—however mistaken this view is. Nor will I allow myself to be drawn into a controversy by saying that any officer has been responsible. The fault is with the system and the remedy will be found, I believe, in the statute which can be changed whenever public opinion considers the facts which have been above set out. These facts have been discussed in the law journals and by Bar Associations but we have been too fearful of laying them before the people who are the source of all power, and whose sound patriotism and intelligence will bring about the necessary reforms when they know all the facts.

"I hope the papers that have published Governor Craig's 'astounding' statement will do me justice to lay these facts before the people themselves, who are interested not in controversies between individuals but in curing the evils that affect the public. It is 'a condition, not a theory that confronts us.' What shall we do to cure the evil of lynching?

"Officials throwing the blame on the people will not stop it. The remedy, in my judgment, is to remove the cause by such an efficient administration of justice in the courts that will reduce the number of homicides and give good men reasonable assurance of protection in their lives, as well as their property

"WALTER CLARK."

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CRAIG SLATED FOR A FEDERAL JUDGESHIP?

Such is the Talk Among Political Wiseacres at Raleigh

Predicted Upon Passage of Retirement Bill by Congress—Would Succeed Judge Pritchard—Raleigh News of a Day.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 26.—The possibility of Governor Craig's appointment to a Federal judgeship for the Western district of North Carolina is being talked of by political wiseacres since the visit of Senator Simmons to Raleigh Tuesday. The view is taken by a good many people here that Senator Simmons is reasonably certain of the passage of the bill pending in Congress providing for the retirement of Federal judges at 70 years of age and that this would mean the early retirement of Judge Pritchard of the Western district, whether he wished to retire or not.

These politicians are saying that this matter was fully discussed by Senator Simmons and the Governor and very many are taking the matter seriously.

A judgment has just been obtained here for a foreclosure sale of the residence of J. D. Carr, in Atlanta, this being a final chapter in the experience of Mr. Carr as a contractor for the erection of the municipal building and the handsome bank building of the Raleigh Banking & Trust Company, each of which cost around $100,000. Litigation has developed the fact that Mr. Carr lost heavily in his contract for the municipal building and then assumed heavy obligations with the Banking & Trust Company while erecting the bank building. A number of concerns that furnished material for the bank building obtained judgments against the bank and now the bank, in its turn, takes judgment against Mr. Carr.

Clerk J. L. Seawell, of the Supreme Court, is rounding out the preliminary work for the convening of the court for the spring term on Monday, February 7. Special effort is being made to direct attention to the fact that in future applicants for license to practice law are required to file their certificates and the checks for license tax and registration fee on or before February 4. This rule is to be rigidly enforced.

The court will also begin with this term to hear the appeals from the Third and Fourth districts in the same week, and one week each will be given to the appeals from the Tenth and Eleventh districts. Heretofore the appeals from the 10th and 11th districts have been argued during the same week.

STOCK YARDS QUARANTINED

Epidemic of Glanders Amongst British Stock at Newport News.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 26.—Dr. J. G. Ferneyhough, state veterinarian, today inaugurated a strict quarantine against the big British stock yards at Newport News because of an epidemic of glanders. He said mules to the value of $18,000 already had been shot, and that over $500,000 worth of horses and mules, awaiting shipment, are endangered.

The British officers in charge, led by General Bridges, he reports are exerting every known means of combatting the disease.

Dr. R. P. Clark, of Hampton, who is handling the situation for the state, thinks, the disease came in a shipment of horses from Texas.

Whiteville, N. C., Jan. 26.—Butler's hotel, downtown, has been purchased by Messrs. Bion and Yates Powell and they announce extensive improvements will be made in the establishment by the first of the month, when they will take charge. The Thompson building, in which the hotel is located, will be altered somewhat and the building renovated throughout. An up-to-date fountain an dcigar stand will be operated in connection with the hotel.

WHEN A MILLIONAIRE PLAYS IN SOUTHLAND

Henry C. Frick.

Henry C. Frick, worth so many millions that he doesn't have to work nard, has gone South. This photograph shows him at play of the golf links at Palm Beach. It is one of the best photographs ever taken of Pittsburgh's leading citizen.

WILL VOTE WEDNESDAY ON COLOMBIAN TREATY

Senate Committee Spurred to Take Prompt Action.

Effort Will Also be Made to Get the Nicaraguan Pact Through—There is Strong Opposition to Both Measures.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The administration's determination to force action, as a part of its Pan-American policy, on the treaties with Colombia and Nicaragua, held up for more than two years, spurred Democrats of the Senate Foreign Relations committee today to fix next Wednesday as the date for a vote on the Colombian treaty regardless of the result. An effort also will be made to get the Nicaraguan pact to a vote.

Some Senators today predicted that both treaties could be recommended for ratification, but both Democrats and Republicans have doubts regarding their reception in the Senate. Opposition to the Colombian treaty, which proposes to pay Colombia $25,000,000 for the separation of Panama, with an expression of regret that anything should have happened to mar the relations of the two countries, is based on various grounds.

Many Senators believe that $25,000,000 is an excessive amount, insisting that half that sum or even less would be equitable. Others are insistent that no language should be used which might be construed as an apology by the United States for its acquirement of the Canal Zone property. Still others object to a provision of the treaty which would give war and coastwise merchant ships of Colombia the right to pass through the canal without payment of tolls.

There has been even stronger opposition to the Nicaraguan treaty, which proposes to pay $3,000,000 for an option on the Nicaraguan canal route and for a naval base in Fonseca Bay. One of the complicating features is an objection from two other Central American republics—Salvador and Honduras. These nations also own portions of the shore of Fonseca Bay, and insist that Nicaragua has no right to permit the United States to establish a naval base there without their consent.

Another treaty which the administration is anxious should be ratified is the new convention with Haiti authorizing the financial protectorate over the island which the government already is exercising under a temporary arrangement. Senators Swanson, O'Gorman and Brandegee were named today as a sub-committee to confer with the State Department on this matter, and will make a report next Wednesday. So far as is known no serious opposition to this treaty has developed.

FARMERS' INSTITUTE SUCCESS.

Cumberland Farmers Much Benefitted by Two Days' Session.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Fayetteville, N. C., Jan. 26.—One of the most helpful and best attended farmers' institutes ever held in Cumberland county was brought to a conclusion here tonight in the F. I. L. I. armory. The two days' sessions were conducted by A. L. French, the famous Rockingham county breeder of Aberdeen-Angus cattle. The Woman's Institute, held at the same time in the rest room of the Civic Association, was presided over by Mrs. J. W. Robinson, of Catawba county.

Beef and pork production, drainage, and the growing of clover, alfalfa and corn were given special emphasis by the farmers. Among the subjects discussed were soil improvement, beef and pork production, boys' corn clubs, protection of birds, poultry and the profit that can be gotten from the industry, and the production of small grains. John W. Robinson, of Hickory, president of the Catawba creamery, the largest creamery in the South, was in charge of the boys' corn club talks. Among the other speakers were B. B. Flow, State veterinarian; J. R. Reed and R. E. Parker, secretary of the North Carolina Audubon Society. A group photograph of the members of the institute was made on the lawn of the First Baptist church.

Gordon Gainey, of Gray's Creek township, was elected chairman of the committee to arrange for the next institute.

The woman's division listened to excellent lectures on many phases of rural betterment and community service by Mrs. Robinson, R. E. Parker, secretary of the North Carolina Audubon Society; Mrs. T. L. Bayne, of Manchester, head of the Cumberland county canning clubs; Miss Elizabeth Gainey, president of the Sherwood community club, and Mrs. M. A. Byrd, of the Judson community club.

GREATER NAVAL HOSPITAL FACILITIES IMPERATIVE

Material Enlargement Urged by Surgeon General Braisted.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Material enlargement of the navy's hospital facilities was urged upon the House naval committee as imperative by Surgeon General Braisted, who testified today at a hearing on the naval appropriation bill. He said an increase of about 1,000 men in the hospital corps was needed and that a new modern hospital ship and improvements in existing land hospitals should be authorized.

The Navy Department ,the surgeon general said, already was working out plans for a hospital ship to accommodate 800 patients, an appropriation for which is asked in the ending Navy bill. Both the Relief and Solace, the Navy's only hospital ships, were old and inadequate, he said, but the Solace might be put into shape for use in Pacific waters.

South of Norfolk and San Francisco, the Surgeon General explained, the navy at present has virtually no hospital facilities. He said the hospital corps should be enlarged from the present 1,670 to 2,700, and that 94 more surgeons were needed.

ELON LOSES TO DAVIDSON.

In Poor Exhibition of Basketball at Elon College.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Elon College, N. C., Jan. 26.—Elon lost here tonight to Davidson 18 to 23 in a slow game abounding in fouls. Neither team, was in form. Captain Bradford, of Elon's quint, got up out of a sick bed to play. Nor was Sorrells able to appear in his place at guard, and Beard had a decided limp from an injury received in the A. & M. game Saturday. Davidson had steam in plenty and aspired to redeem the game lost to Elon on her floor a week ago. It was a poor exhibition of the art.

WORK ON SHALLOTTE RIVER TO CONTINUE

Available Funds Sufficient, Without Appropriation.

Construction of Adequate Terminal Facilities at White's Landing May Be Required, However—C. C. Daniels "Relieved."

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., Jan. 26.—Congressman Godwin was before the chief of engineers of the War Department today in behalf of Shallotte river. The local engineer, Captain C. S. Ridley, has made an adverse report on the new proposition from White's Landing up to the bridge at the town of Shallotte. The present project, which extends from the mouth of the river to White's Landing, will be carried on for the next year, as there are already ample funds to take care of the work.

The department saved $1,600 in the purchase of a dredge and funds are now available sufficient to carry on the work without any extra appropriation in the forthcoming river and harbor bill. It is expected, however, that the people of Shallotte will be required to build adequate terminal facilities at White's Landing during the next year or they will stand in great danger of having the appropriations withdrawn entirely.

Attorney General Gregory today issued an order relieving Mr. C. C. Daniels, of Wilson, as special attorney for the White Earth Indians in Minnesota. Mr. Daniels has been offered a place as an assistant in the same work and it is understood he can have the same salary as he has been receiving.

Powerful influence has been brought to bear to have Mr. Daniels retained in charge of the work. His brother, Secretary of the Navy Josephus Daniels, spent sometime at the department yesterday in the interest of his brother.

P. R. A.

MUNITIONS PLANT A GREAT EXPENSE

(Continued From Page One).

able quantities up to this time, but to American plants, although orders for many kinds of weapons and ammunition were placed more than a year ago. None of the many hundreds of thousands of modern rifles ordered had yet been delivered, and artillery ammunition, he added, would not start abroad in bulk for some time, while the number of small calibre field pieces, batteries already delivered, had not been very large.

Brigadier General Weaver, chief of coast artillery, also reviewed before the committee statements previously presented to the House committee.

While the fixed coast defenses of the United States are the best in the world, he said, they are inadequately manned and some provision is necessary also for protection of the coast line between permanent forts by means of mobile artillery of heavy calibre.

Before the military and naval committees of the House today the condition of the country as to drugs, which would be necessary in great quantity in war times, was brought out by the surgeon generals of the army and navy.

Surgeon General Gorgas, of the army, said sertain drug supplies were being obtained from Germany and Austria, sub-rose, but he did not go into details. He said that the army was now equipped with reserve medical stores to last a force of 250,000 men a year.

WILSON TELLS WHY HE NOW FAVORS A TARIFF COMMISSION

(Continued From Page One).

are yourself actuated and it is, therefore, with the greater confidence that I lay the whole matter thus fully before you. Congress has so much to do at the present time that it is clearly impossible that it should be able to collect all the data which such a commission would gather, and I feel that it would presently find such a commission indispensable to it."

In his letter sent to Mr. Kitchin Monday, the President said:

Purpose of the Board.

"I am convinced, as I suppose every disinterested person must be, that it would be a mistake to provide for such a board with the idea of serving any particular theory of fiscal policy. What we would need would be above all things else a board as much as possible free from any strong prepossession in favor of any political policy and capable of looking at the whole economic situation of the country with a dispassionate and disinterested scrutiny. I believe that we could obtain such a board if the proper legislation were enacted and it is quite clear to me that the field of its inquiry and its activities should be."

He outlined in detail his plans for the work of such a board, including the collection of tariff figures, investigation of the output of products at home and abroad, of the workings of commercial treaties and preferential agreements of unfair methods of cooperation, of "dumping" and of "scientific methods of creating new industries and building up old ones."

—Mr. Armon Williams, of Leland, was operated on for appendicitis at the James Walker Memorial Hospital and his condition was reported this morning as being most favorable.

OPEN NOSTRILS! END A COLD OR CATARRH

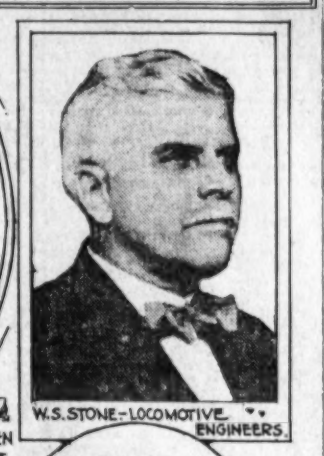
How To Get Relief When Head and Nose are Stuffed Up.

Count fifty! Your cold in head or catarrh disappears. Your clogged nostrils will open, the air passages of your head will clear and you can breathe freely. No more snuffling, hawking, mucous discharge, dryness or headache; no struggling for breath at night.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist and apply a little of this fragrant antiseptic cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothing and healing the swollen or inflamed mucous membrane, giving you instant relief. Head colds and catarrh yield like magic. Don't stay stuffed up and miserable. Relief is sure.

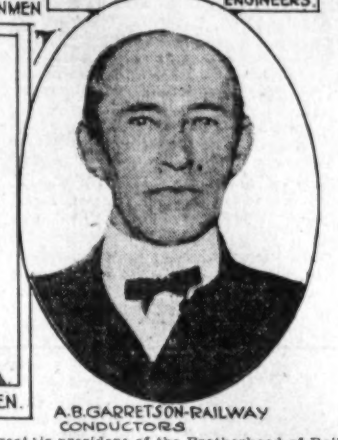
PLANNING GREATEST OF AMERICAN STRIKES.

W. G. LEE.—RAILROAD TRAINMEN



W. S. STONE—LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS.

W. S. CARTER—FIREMEN and ENGINEMEN.



A. B. GARRETSON—RAILWAY CONDUCTORS

These four men, chiefs of four great organizations of railway employes, embracing about 400,000 men, are now planning a strike, or rather demands on the companies which may lead to a strike that would be the most gigantic in American history. W. S. Stone is chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers; William G. Lee is president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen; Austin B. Garretson is president of the Order of Railway Conductors, while W. S. Carter is president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen.

They ask for an eight hour day with increased extra pay for overtime.

INDICTMENTS RETURNED FOR TRADING IN COTTON FUTURES

Five Atlanta Brokers Charged With Violating State Law.

Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 26.—Indictments charging violation of the state law which prohibits trading in cotton futures were returned here today against five Atlanta representatives of cotton brokerage firms, the names of which were not mentioned in the indictments. Solicitor General Hugh M. Dorsey, who conducted an investigation leading to the indictments stated the firms were located in New Orleans and New York.

The defendants, W. Collier Estes, Barry C. Cothran, T. M. Hutchinson, C. H. Arthur and H. K. Stanford, were released on bonds of $1,000 each.

Hollins N. Randolph, of counsel for the brokers, declared that his clients had been operating under the provision of the Smith-Lever cotton futures law, and therefore "could not have violated the Georgia law". He said the defense would take the position that the Smith-Lever Act, being a Federal statute, automatically superceded all conflicting state laws.

MYSTERIOUSLY DISAPPEARED

No Trace of Young Wilfred Peele, of Elizabeth City, Found.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Elizabeth City, N. C., Jan. 26.—Wilfred Peele, 16-year-old brother of Herbert Peele, editor of the Advance, disappeared yesterday afternoon and up to 10 o'clock tonight all efforts to ascertain his whereabouts have proven futile. Nor has any trace of him been found to indicate in what direction he went when he left the Advance office at about 1 o'clock.

He was employed as circulation manager of The Advance, was very quiet in his habits, appeared in good spirits to those who saw him in the morning, and no explanation of his disappearance can be given. He had a press mileage book in his pocket but was not seen to take any train, and efforts to trace mileage have as yet produced no results.

Wilfred Peele is the brother of Mrs. Laughlin McNeill, of Raleigh, and the son of Rev. R. E. Peele, of Clarksville.

London, Jan. 26. — A Reuter dispatch from The Hague says that Queen Wilhelmina has been compelled to interrupt her trip to the flooded regions, owing to an attack of the mumps.

Hopes Women Will Adopt This Habit As Well As Men

Glass of hot water each morning helps us look and feel clean, sweet, fresh.

Happy, bright, alert—vigorous and vivacious—a good clear skin; a natural, rosy complexion and freedom from illness are assured only by clean, healthy blood. If only every woman and likewise every man could realize the wonders of the morning inside bath, what a gratifying change would take place.

Instead of the thousands of sickly, anaemic-looking men, women and girls with pasty or muddy complexions; instead of the multitudes of "nerve wrecks," "rundowns," "brain fags" and pessimists we should see a virile, optimistic throng of rosy-cheeked people everywhere.

An inside bath is had by drinking, each morning before breakfast, a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash from the stomach, liver, kidneys and ten yards of bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour fermentations and poisons, thus cleansing, sweetening and freshening the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach.

Those subject to sick headache, biliousness, nasty breath, rheumatism, colds; and particularly those who have a pallid, sallow complexion and who are constipated very often, are urged to obtain a quarter pound of limestone phosphate at the drug store, which will cost but a trifle, but is sufficient to demonstrate the quick and remarkable change in both health and appearance awaiting those who practice internal sanitation. We must remember that inside cleanliness is more important than outside, because the skin does not absorb impurities to contaminate the blood, while the pores in the thirty feet of bowels do.

Read Star Business Locals.

HUSBAND RESCUED DESPAIRING WIFE

After Four Years of Discouraging Conditions, Mrs. Bullock Gave Up in Despair. Husband Came to Rescue.

Catron, Ky.—In an interesting letter from this place, Mrs. Bettie Bullock writes as follows: "I suffered for four years, with womanly troubles, and during this time, I could only sit up for a little while, and could not walk anywhere at all. At times, I would have severe pains in my left side.

The doctor was called in, and his treatment relieved me for a while, but I was soon confined to my bed again. After that, nothing seemed to do me any good. I had gotten so weak I could not stand, and I gave up in despair.

At last, my husband got me a bottle of Cardui, the woman's tonic, and I commenced taking it. From the very first dose, I could tell it was helping me. I can now walk two miles without its tiring me, and am doing all my work."

If you are all run down from womanly troubles, don't give up in despair. Try Cardui, the woman's tonic. It has helped more than a million women, in its 50 years of continuous success, and should surely help you, too. Your druggist has sold Cardui for years. He knows what it will do. Ask him. He will recommend it. Begin taking Cardui today.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for *Special Instructions* on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper. J-64

Twice Usual Wear or Another Pair

The ordinary process is to press socks into shape.

True Shape Socks for Men

Silk Fibre 25¢ Silk Lisle 25¢ Pure Silk 50¢

are knit to shape—to the natural shape of the foot. Of the best silk lisle—silk fibre and silk threads—dyed by the best process.

Guaranteed by your dealer and the factory.

TRUE SHAPE

Rheumatism!

How is rheumatism recognized? Some have said—

Rheumatism is a dull pain.
Rheumatism is a sharp pain,
Rheumatism is sore muscles.
Rheumatism is stiff joints.
Rheumatism is a shifting pain.

All have declared—*Rheumatism is Pain.*

Sloan's Liniment applied:—

The blood begins to flow freely—the body's warmth is renewed—the congestion disappears—the pain is gone.

Sloan's Liniment

KILLS PAIN (GUARANTEED)

Rheumatism and allied pains yield to the penetrating qualities of this warming liniment.

NEXT TO WINGS

RUBBER HEELS

The Patented Red Plug Prevents Slipping

SPRING-STEP HEELS

Walk on Rubber Cushions

50 Cents, Attached

Shoe Repairing Neatly Done AT

PETERSON & RULFS

HOME OF GOOD SHOES.

INPORTANT NOTICE

You can get Yawman & Erbe Mfg. Co. Cabinets and Supplies at

Northam's Book and Stationery Store

PHONE 651 — WILMINGTON, N. C. — 101 PRINCESS ST.

HAVEN'T YOU A HOBBY?

Most Folks Have. Ours is a "Super-Efficient, Quick-as-a-Wink Delivery System. Thirty-Six Years in the Drug Business has taught us that when YOU Want Medicine You WANT IT QUICK.

THREE REGISTERED PHARMACISTS attend to your prescription and drug wants. THINK IT OVER.

N. B.—We have a few Roman Hyacinth and Freesia Bulbs left at Reduced Prices. Better order yours Today.

Hardin's Pharmacy

ESTABLISHED 1850.

126 SO. FRONT ST. PHONE 53.

CHOICE MEATS

TURKEYS, GEESE, CHICKENS, FAT, FANCY STOCK ONLY.
A FULL LINE OF FLORIDA AND HOME GROWN VEGETABLES.

DAVIS & HINTZE
FRONT STREET MARKET.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.00 for three months; or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year, $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1.00; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

THURSDAY, JAN. 27, 1916.

TOP O' THE MORNING

But then the cowardliness of some people with really high ideals is painful. A wisely chosen word spoken in the social circle, where the opposite may be the popular thing, is in perfect accord with the most rigid social canons. It is just what so many need. It tends to bring out to the fore whatever odd remnants of conviction there may be in hiding in that circle.

—S. D. GORDON.

Big-catch-of-fish weather!

Yes, they are getting ready to play ball.

We've got to catch up with the times and keep up to the scratch.

National preparedness! Where have we heard those words already once?

Fact is, can't we draw a deadly parallel on most blab mouthers, anyhow?

"Great demand for chickens and eggs." Great opportunity for the poultry industry.

Yes, we can talk 2,500 miles away, but it wouldn't amount to any more than most of our talk.

Only five months from now we will know who are going to be the party nominees for President.

The politicians have gotten so they feel like's it's about time to find out what Uncle Hiram's idea about it is.

Probably the malefactors of great wealth know how to reach a practical man by filing up his tummy with the good eats.

A fellow tells a girl she is all the world to him, and then she may have an idea that she would rather be all the world to some other fellow she knows.

The South Carolina legislature is considering the matter of establishing a state highway commission. We often wonder why the state legislatures did not do that 100 years ago.

Says the Jacksonville Times-Union: "Of course, it is but natural for the man in the stove pipe hat to smoke." It isn't any more natural than that a fellow who wears a dinky little cap is bound to puff a cigarette.

Colonel Bryan says he isn't going to follow up President Wilson and speak against national preparedness. Guess none of 'em are gonna give the paragraphers a chance to have any hilarity over the opportunity to refer to the "trailers."

Guess Raleigh won't even speak to ordinary towns any more. Through the Rotarians she has gone and indulged in the luxury of being entranced by the American song bird, Geraldine Farrar. Raleigh has pulled off something chesty right where Greensboro could "come on."

It is said that a sun-power engine invented by a Philadelphia man is being operated successfully in Egypt. It is conjectured that 20,250 square miles of the Sahara desert utilizing sun-power engines would produce as much power as the world's supply of coal produced in 1909.

Governor Trammell, of Flo[illegible] warns the State Democratic exec[illegible] committee as to what "a cote[illegible] of designing politicians may try to do two years hence." If they [illegible] like they are everywhere else, the majority of designing politicians will try to keep the minority of designing politicians from butting in on their pie plan[illegible] house.

Talking about eating bone spavin, distemper addicted horse at Durham is the last button on Gabe's coat. It surely is the final call for North Carolina to go to producing beef cattle. It is either beef or horse. Who'd have the heart to drive an old family relic to the abattoir and say good bye, old jade, you've gee-hawed your last time? No need of any more reasons why it is time we had a livestock industry.

JEWISH RELIEF DAY.

Today, by proclamation of President Wilson and of Governor Craig, is "Jewish Relief Day" in North Carolina and throughout the United States, and it is not only one set apart in the cause of humanity but it is significant that it is recognition of this country's appreciation of America's own loyal and patriotic Jewish people. It is not a question of race, but it will typify the strong bond of sympathy existing between Jewish Americans and all others of their fellow Americans. This ought to be a proud day in our history, for it will mean a nation-wide acknowledgment of our common brotherhood in America and it will be expressive of national sentiment of our relations as one people regardless of race or religion.

Beyond all that, however, the higher significance of "Jewish Relief Day" is that the entire American nation is one to whom all humanity can come and find a nation's heart and helping hand. Americans are appealed to for help for the Jews who are so terribly suffering in the various war zones in Europe. An agonizing distress appeal comes to us from men, women and children suffering from cold and starvation in the several European regions that have been devostated by war. A horrible condition prevails among them and the wail of famishing humanity must meet generous response from all benevolent Americans.

The banks in Wilmington and everywhere else in America will receive contributions for this succor fund today, and not only is the cry for help one of a terribly distressing character but the need is so great that more than ordinary liberality is required to meet it. Let us hope that the people of Wilmington and of the Nation will generously pour out a share of the bounty which is theirs in a country so blessed with liberty and peace. There is here no rude alarm of war, but there comes to us from across the sea an echo of the agony of humanity bleeding and starving and freezing in the midst of Europe's holocaust.

COMMISSIONER MacMILLAN.

The appointment of Mr. W. D. MacMillan, Jr., as a commissioner of the county of New Hanover brings to the board a man of sound business discretion, progressive, though not radical, of type, a friend of good roads, schools and other things that make for the good of the community. As a successor of Mr. L. W. Moore, who has made a most enviable record while a member of the board, he will give entire satisfaction to the people of the county generally. And here's hail and good luck to Commissioner MacMillan!

SUSPEND JUDGMENT ON THE COURTS

This is a good time to say that North Carolinians should not take snap judgment on their courts upon the allegation that they are responsible for the miscarriage of justice, and, therefore, are responsible for the lynching spirit, if there be any. Nevertheless, the one lynching at Goldsboro is no evidence that there is any such spirit throughout North Carolina, although it is self-evident that there is such a spirit around Goldsboro. The recent lynching there, however, is only an incident of mob law, constituting a drop in the bucket of lawlessness compared with the overwhelming lawabiding spirit in our State. Under no circumstances must we condemn our courts without giving them a fair trial under indictment, remembering that, as a jury of about 2,500,000 people, we must first hear the facts in the case and weigh evidence before we bring in our verdict.

We ought to hold up our hands in holy horror at the idea of indicting judicial procedure in North Carolina and fixing the blame on it for the doings of any mob. In the first place, the witnesses against the courts are men who are themselves guilty of violating the law that their courts are sworn to uphold. What would a lawyer tell you of the credibility of such witnesses? However, it is a lamentable fact that the learned Chief Justice of North Carolina, the Hon. Walter Clark, comes forward with corroboration of the witnesses upon whose word the allegation against the courts is based. It is deplorable that Judge Clark did so, for he has made himself a witness against the courts of his State.

Now as to the Chief Justice's being a good witness against the courts, he indicts himself as the head of the judiciary system of the State. The Supreme Court is in a position to know whether justice miscarries in North Carolina as a whole, and if that august body had cognizance of a judicial system going to the bad and liable to cause popular outbursts as a protest, has not the Supreme Court been derelict in its duty in not rising up and calling for a reckoning with the Superior courts in failing to measure up to a standard meeting the approval of the highest court in the State? We have no idea, however, that the Supreme Court has been so negligent of our judiciary system and we haven't the slightest idea that either Chief Justice Clark or his able associates would [illegible] the judgment of a case tried in a mob court.

Let us say, by way of viewing the [illegible] from another angle, that the testimony of the mob and the distinguished [illegible] tion of the evidence seeming[illegible] is the judgment of the m[illegible] st the courts, then, in tha[illegible] not the duty of a mob to ta[illegible] n. It is for the Supreme [illegible] North Carolina and the people, [illegible] h their Governor and Legi[illegible] ulate our courts and bring [illegible] proper standard, if that [illegible] It certainly is not the du[illegible] o discipline the courts by n[illegible] ching as a protest against an alleged miscarriage of justice. That would be taking mob action against the courts, as well as unlawfully killing a victim entitled under our sacred constitution to a fair trial in court.

We never saw a more opportune time to impress upon lawabiding North Carolinians the truth that lynching is not a proper course to pursue in correcting any possible dereliction of the courts. We should go into the court of public opinion against the courts and correct the system by orderly means and not either assent or consent to, or even tolerate, or extenuate the usurpation of jurisdiction by a lawless mob.

No man who has taken a hand in any lynching in North Carolina has helped to remedy an alleged judicial condition by becoming lawless himself. No man can justify his own wrong doing in taking life in order to correct, as it were, the delinquency of the courts. Crime by the people certainly is neither excuse, nor remedy nor correction of any alleged delinquency of the courts. We can't afford to make criminals of ourselves because a far less grave offense may be charged against the courts.

We can but agree, therefore, with the grave declaration made by Governor Craig in his Charlotte speech before the Conference for Social Service, that the conscience of the State cannot but be astounded at Judge Clark's words attaching blame to the courts because lawless men make themselves executioners. The Governor laid none too solemn emphasis upon the exceedingly grave truth that "the lawless element welcomes utternances" from men who may even seemlingly be apologizing for and attempting to palliate lynching in this State. The mob wants no reason, but only an excuse, and that excuse should never be condoned, either directly or indirectly. Even though the courts possibly might be subject to blame, it could not possibly furnish a reason for condoning lynching as corrective of the court's dereliction in any matter whatsoever.

Governor Craig deserves the gratitude of North Carolinians for defending their courts from imputations which cannot be substantiated in any general sense and which are liable to have consequences ominously serious for the commonwealth of North Carolina. Her civilization and her reputation depend upon law and order, and it is her courts who are the guardians of the State's honor. If their standard is to be impugned in order to condone and possibly to justify and encourage lynching, it would be a sorry day for the State and its people.

OUR ENORMOUS WAR TRADE.

During 1915, the total exports of the United States amounted to the huge and unprecedented sum of $3,550,915,393. Our imports of foreign goods amounted to $1,778,605,855, leaving us a tremendous trade balance of $1,772,309,538. If prosperity can be measured by selling in enormous quantities and buying little from foreign countries in proportion, the war in Europe beats a protective tariff under which we used to boast of an average trade balance of $450,000,000 a year. Our trade balance last year was more than three times as large as ever produced by a protective tariff. However, our imports are increasing here of late, although they are not near so large as when international trade is normal. It is necessary to have large imports, subject to duty, if the Government is to get any revenue, but the Government statistics show that of our duty free imports in December last constituted 71.7 per cent. This means that we received government revenue from only 28.3 per cent of our imports.

However, if the advantage for the country lies in top-heavy exports, as a prosperity barometer, as the Republican economists contend, we can judge what tremendous prosperity we ought to have out of exports of $3,550,915,893, compared with imports of $1,778,605,885. It is true we had to pay a war tax to make up the loss in government revenue, but our trade balance is more than a billion and a half dollars in excess of the war tax. Our big trade balance adds just that much more taxable values to our wealth, so that a tax of only 1 per cent on our gain in wealth would amount to more than the war deficit in the Treasury. You can figure it that way or the other way, just as you like.

According to figures just made public by the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce, American exports for December exceed those for any previous month in the country's history. The total value of the goods shipped abroad for the month is placed at $359,301,274, which brings the total exports for 1915 to $3,550,915,393, or about a billion dollars more than was ever before exported during a like period.

The excess of exports over imports for 1915 was $1,772,309,538, which is a stirking increase over the average of about $450,000,000 for a number of years before the war started. The excess of exports over imports for December alone was $187,459,609, an increase of about $47,000,000 over December of the previous year.

The import trade continued to gain during December and the total of $171,841,665 was larger than for any other month of the year, and is an increase of $57,185,120 over the total imports for December, 1914. It is only $12,183,906 short of the total for December, 1913, which was the largest in the history of our import trade. The total value of articles imported during the calendar year 1915 is placed at $1,778,605,855, which is the lowest figures for a number of years. In 1914 the imports were placed at $1,789,276,001; in 1913, at $1,792,596,480; and for 1912, at $1,818,073,055. Duty free imports comprised 71.7 per cent of the December, 1915, imports.

Gold imports in December last were valued at $45,412,677, as compared with $4,109,063 in December, 1914. The year's gold imports aggregated $451,954,590, as against $57,337,741 for 1914. Gold exports totaled $11,889,285 for December and $31,425,918 for the year ending with December, 1915. The net inward movement of gold for 1915 was $420,528,673, compared with a net outward movement of $165,228,415 in 1914.

NEEDS PORK PACKING PLANT

Wilmington Would Profit Greatly by Such an Enterprise, Mr. L. B. Sasser Believes.

To the Editor of The Star:

Wilmington has apparently waked up to the fact that she must keep doing things to keep her place as a progressive Southern city. Her people are now preparing to offer free sites for any kind of desirable manufacturing industries that may come her way. She has special advantages for some industries.

In extending an invitation to capital to come here we all believe it is best to accurately set forth the conditions of the local country and community.

We have the most wonderful opportunity right now for some capital to begin a business that has every chance of growing steadily into a big success. I refer to the packing industry.

Let us look the situation squarely in the face. We have in this community a set of farmers that are unsurpassed in energy, intelligence and willingness to work with any proposition that looks good to them. They will produce anything that this locality is adapted to that you will show them there is a market for at a reasonable profit.

Now let us get down to business. Let us get some one that has money and judgment and who is willing to do business when we show him plainly what can be done.

Let us get such a person or a group of such persons to put up a pork packing plant here. Let us get our farmers to raise pork to sell to this packing plant. Let us arrange to get the packer and farmer together and have them develop the business together, each interest making good money as they grow along. The farmers will grow more and more pork and the packing plant will buy at right prices all that the farmer can produce. With co-operation along these lines all concerned will grow richer and the farmers in a few years will be surprised themselves at the success they have made and the packer will be pleased at the rapid development in his business.

It has been demonstrated that the more corn produced per acre the smaller cost per bushel. A bushel of corn will produce the same amount of meat regardless of the cost of the corn. Hence large yields of corn produce meat at smallest cost. Hog cholera, thanks to the successful experimental work of the Government, is now readily controlled. The farmer now knows that he can grow pork and suffer no losses from cholera by using proven methods for keeping the cholera away from his hogs.

Education among the farmers as to how to produce high quality meat will be warmly received and will result in scientific feeding. Experience has already taught our farmers to accept freely good, sound information and to profit by it. I suggest that the packer arrange perhaps to fatten during the first two years of operation much of the pork that he receives and in this way practically demonstrate to the farmers inexperienced in up-to-date hog feeding that the best money will come from the properly fed hogs. Under present conditions the farmer has found that a poor hog sells best; this has certainly been true in a great many instances. The farmer has had locally poor encouragement to spend time and feed to make good pork. The farmer of course, knows that a poor hog makes poor meat as a poor chicken or turkey makes poor meat. The farmer sees to it that the meat he puts up for himself is well fattened.

This section is destined to be the meat producing section of this country and the sooner we recognize our opportunity to do a big line of business with a packing plant the better for the entire community. Consider what a tonnage of pork is now shipped for consumption in and about Wilmington from packing plants located a thousand miles away. Does anyone fail to grasp the opportunity at hand for the development of great business in which all would share? The meat would be made at our doors; we would have no freight to pay. We can well believe that some day we can ship pork from here and let the other fellow pay the freight.

Is the question with our farmers, what can we produce? No. Certainly not. We know how splendidly all crops respond to cultivation in this favored section. The question is, what can we grow that is always staple and in great demand and that always commands a good price? Pork, is the answer to this question. Grow as much pork as is consistent with the best plans that can be adopted in the management of the farm.

Come now and let the farmer know that you will buy this pork and he will grow and make it for you. Now is the opportune time. No failure can follow vigorous interest to raise pork if provision for good packing is made. Let us reach out for the right man to provide a packing plant, or let us secure the interest of a group of men who will study the opportunity to start a packing house and then provide one at once. L. B. SASSER.

AS TO PENUMONIA

To the Editor of The Star:

So much pneumonia and deaths I advice Spanish fly blister; get the blister from drug stores, grease well the the black side of blister and apply to the part affected; let it remain three or four hours, draws a blister; then take off blister, pick the postules formed with needle (not a pin), then apply vaseline salve, changing to fresh vaseline three or four times a day and the patient is well, draws the inflammation from the inside to outside, reduces the temperature. Continue to pick the blisters formed as they appear and continue the application of vaseline which heals in three or four days. I am 75 years old and know this treatment will cure nine out of ten cases. Keep the bowels open, no medicine required; soon as pneumonia develops, apply the blister and you will find relief and patient up in three or four days. Respectively,

A. W. ARRINGTON.

Rocky Mount, January 24, 1916.

Cincinnati, O., Jan. 25.—Fifty-three thousand dollars was raised for the relief of Jewish suffers in the belligerent countries of Europe at a meeting under the auspices of the American Jewish Relief Committee here tonight.

NOTICE

Nujol *is made only by the Standard Oil Company (New Jersey)*

The claims which the Standard Oil Company (New Jersey) makes for Nujol, a pure white mineral oil for the treatment of constipation, *are made for* Nujol *alone.* The Standard Oil Company (New Jersey) does not wish to be held responsible for unknown mineral oils of doubtful value for medicinal use.

You will not be giving the mineral oil treatment for constipation a fair trial, unless you insist that your druggist give you Nujol. Don't be satisfied to take a substitute.

Most druggists carry Nujol, which is sold only in pint bottles packed in cartons bearing the Nujol trademark. If your druggist does not carry Nujol, we will send you a pint bottle prepaid to any point in the United States on receipt of 75 cents—money order or stamps.

Write for booklet, "The Rational Treatment of Constipation."

STANDARD OIL COMPANY
(New Jersey)
Bayonne New Jersey

CURRENT COMMENT.

In an interview in the Raleigh News and Observer, Senator Simmons expressed the opinion that the present Congress is going to complete a programme of constructive legislation which has no equal in the history of this or any other country. "The Democratic party," he said, "will go before the people of this Nation in the next political campaign with a record of achievement. We can go before them saying that we came in with promises and a mission; we have made good our promises and have accomplished our mission." The truth. The Republicans, judging the Democrats by themselves, did not believe the Baltimore platform or any part of consequence, would be carried out, but first off the Democrats revised the tariff and passed a banking and currency act that the Republicans had never developed the nerve to do. The country has come to look on the Democratic party as an organization that fulfills its promises to the people and the party is thus grounded in their confidence. The country has confidence both in the integrity of the party and the honesty and ability of its President, a circumstance that is a pretty good indication of an endorsement in the next election. —Charlotte Observer.

Let the Message Do the Traveling

The talk trains of the Bell System are all "express" with no stop except the "terminal" at your destination.

The copper tracks for "the Bell express" run straight from your telephone to more than 8,500,000 "stations" on the desks, on the walls, in the homes of America's people.

Let Long Distance tell you how little these talks cost. Then see for yourself how wonderful is the service.

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Wire Fencing, Wire Nails, Barbwire Fencing
Plain and Black Wire---All Sizes

We are now receiving Three (3) Carloads of the Above Wire Products. Can't say when we will be able to get any more. Question of getting goods now, not a price.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.
PURCELL BUILDING WILMINGTON, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED

Car load Maxwell Cars, selling for.. .. ..$ 655.00 F. O. B. Detroit
Car load Studebaker Cars .. ..1,050.00 F. O. B. Detroit
Car load Studebaker 4 cyl .. .. 885.00 F. O. B. Detroit
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We have some good values in used cars, and anything in the accessory line. We also carry the famous Pennsylvania Tires, that are guaranteed for 6,000 miles, adjustments on casing, if any, made right here in our office. It will pay to use this tire. For fast and lasting service, 'phone 814.

Lassiter-McDuffie Co., Inc.
114 NORTH SECOND ST.

Buy at Home

Following out the "Rotary" idea, Mr. Moore and his committee insist that the money that stays in Wilmington is the only money that really helps build the city. That being the case, patronize the

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.

The Only Oil Company in the City Whose Money Remains in Wilmington.

Everybody Reads the Star Business Locals

TO PROVIDE HOME FOR RETIRED MINISTERS

Late Adam G. Latta Wills Estate for This Purpose.

To Be Used by Preachers Who Have Served as Pastors of Methodist and Presbyterian Churches in Wilmington.

Outside of bequests for small amounts to a few close personal friends, the will of the late Adam G. Latta, whose death recently occurred at his home in Brooklyn, N. Y., provides that the residue of the estate amounting to more than $50,000 shall be used for beneficent purposes including the establishing of a home in this city for superannuated or retired ministers and their families of the Methodist and Presbyterian churches in Wilmington, as soon as certain provisions in the will can be complied with by the executors.

The will provides that the old Latta home at No. 311 North Seventh street shall be used for the home and when it is possible, according to the terms of the will, to open the home it is to be known as the "Adam Latta Home." The will also specifies that the lot next north on which there is a cottage shall also be used for this purpose and the income from the rental of the residence at No. 617 Grace street is also to go to the home as well as the income from the residue of the estate after the personal bequests are made and $10,0000 has been given to Tusculum College near Greenville in East Tennessee.

The executors of the will are Mr. T. E. Sprunt, who was a close personal friend of the deceased, and the Wilmington Savings & Trust Company. The will was probated yesterday in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of New Hanover. The will was made in 1910 and a codicil was made in 1912. The executors will hold the estate in trust and will carry out the provisions of the will after which steps will be taken for establishing the home for retired preachers and their families.

When the home is established, it is to be under the control of a board of trustees composed of one representative from the First Presbyterian church, one from St. Andrew's Presbyterian church and one from Grace Methodist church. Provision is made in the will for disposing of all real estate, belonging to the late Adam G. Latta, consisting of several parcels in Brooklyn, N. Y., and several lots in Wilmington and also a farm in Cape Fear township, the income from the proceeds to go to the home.

Mr. Latta was a native of Wilmington but for many years before his death had been a resident of Brooklyn, N. Y. He had visited Wilmington on several occasions and was well known to many people here. He had by industry and close attention to business accumulated an estate valued at between $50,000 and $75,000.

Believing that the best way to dispose of it would be to care for those who had devoted their lives to the service of the church he decided to leave his estate to be used in providing a home, where they could go when they had become old and unable to continue in active work. In his will he expresses the hope that his estate may be used for the glory of God.

When the home is established, as provided for in the will, it will be a splendid monument and one that will bear constant testimony to the generosity of one of Wilmington's devoted sons.

The will specifies that all personal effects in the Latta home shall go to the home for retired ministers when it is established. The residence, donated for this purpose, is a large two-story building, one of the oldest in the city, and admirably suited for the purpose named in the will.

The will when drawn provided that the income from the estate should be used for the support of a sister, who has since died, and also a brother, and specified further that Miss Robitsch, a friend of Mr. Latter's sister, who resides in Wilmington, shall be provided with an income during her life. Upon the death of these beneficiaries, the residue of the estate is then be applied to the benevolent purposes, chief of which is the establishing of the home for retired ministers.

ALBRIGHT AND SCHMIDT TO WRESTLE TOMORROW NIGHT.

Fast Match Between Clever Light Heavyweights Expected by Fans.

The local wrestling fans are looking forward with interest to the match tomorrow night at Woolvin Hall when Con Albright, of Richmond, will meet Max Schmidt, of Norfolk, in a finish contest. Schmidt has wrestled here once before, meeting Bull Montana several weeks ago, and he has been in the city for the past several weeks training with Fritz Hanson. Albright arrived in the city yesterday from Raleigh, where he wrestled Chas. Kaiser Tuesday night. This will be his first appearance in Wilmington.

Schmidt has impressed the local fans as being one of the cleverest light heavyweights in the game, and though he was thrown by Montana when they wrestled here, it was his first match in something over six weeks, and he was not in wrestling condition. He has been training hard for the past two weeks, and is in much better shape than when he wrestled here before. He is wonderfully strong, and also speedy and scientific.

Albright also has a reputation as a fast and clever wrestler of the light heavyweight class. He wrestles around 165 pounds, and has defeated such men as Joe Turner, Young Olson, John Kilones, Henry Gehring, Jim Folius and others.

The main bout tomorrow night will be preceded by a preliminary between Harry Fales and Kermit Wood, two fast local youngsters.

Reserve seats for the match will go on sale today. A more perfect checking scheme has been arranged, and it is not expected that there will be any mix-up as to reserve seats as was the case at the last match.

Congratulates Dr. Pridgen.

Kinston Free Press: "Kinston is entitled to share honors with Wilmington in the selection of Dr. Claude Pridgen by the State Masons as Deputy Grand Master. Dr. Pridgen is a former Kinstonian, and is making a good record in Wilmington. The Free Press congratulates both Dr. Pridgen and the Masons in the worthy honor bestowed upon him."

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

To get the genuine, call for full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. Grove Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.

INVITE PRESIDENT WILSON

Wilmington City Council Accepts Suggestion of Rotary Club—Complaint About Sanitary Conditions.

City Council unanimously voted yesterday at its regular weekly meeting to invite President Wilson to visit Wilmington when he makes his "swing" through the South in behalf of National Preparedness early in the spring. Mr. D. H. Howes, Jr., in behalf of the Rotary Club, suggested that this action be taken, pointing out that while there is every reason for supposing that the President would be pleased to come to Wilmington, if possible, that he might feel a delicacy in coming were he not invited.

Mr. J. B. Huntington, chairman of the civic committee of the Rotary Club, called attention to the practice of leaving garbage cans on Princess street exposed and also to scattering of papers because the wagons used to collect trash are not covered. There are ordinances covering these matters and the complaint was referred to Councilman Hall, in charge of the Department of Public Safety.

Mr. Huntington also called attention to the breaking up of the pavement in several places on Third street, between Grace and Walnut, because of a defective sewer having to be torn up. Mr. W. E. Merritt, superintendent of water and sewerage department, and Mr. Otto Genaust, plumbing inspector, explained that this was because of a private sewer having been laid which the plumbers had caused to be raised at one point because of an obstruction. Such conditions were not general, they said. Mr. Huntington said he simply wanted to call attention to the matter so that there would not be a repetition of the same fault in the future when sewers are laid.

Other members of the Rotary Club present to endorse what had been said were Messrs. C. C. Covington, Roger Moore, J. F. Leitner and John R. Murchison.

The frequenting of the alley running into Second street, between Walnut and Red Cross, by those who go to the express office to get consignments of whiskey is getting to be quite a nuisance, said Mr. L. E. Thomas, No. 411 North Second street, who requested that Council take some action to remedy conditions there. He had been much bothered by the throwing of whiskey packages into his yard, he said, and the cursing and drinking in the alley did not make it a good place for women and children to live. He suggested that it would be a good idea to deliver express shipments of whiskey at the office at the railroad station.

The drinking of whiskey in an alley is a misdemeanor under the State law and Councilman Hall was authorized to take up the matter with the express company with a view to remedying the conditions complained of.

Councilman Merritt said that Davis & Hintz had made extensive improvements at the Front Street market and he thought that the city should pay some part of the expense and recommended that $250 be appropriated for this purpose. Council voted to do this.

That it is hardly just to force an owner to pay water rental charges on a string of residences that are connected to the water main by a single pipe when several of the houses are vacant was the contention of Mr. L. W. Moore, who stated that he had seven residences near Seventh and Castle streets and was charged water rents on all of them, although there were several unoccupied. He was advised to have separate connections made and take up the matter with Council later.

After some discussion it was decided to make the usual charge of $25 a day and the expenses of the keeper for the counties or municipalities, other than Wilmington, desiring the use of the bloodhounds, which Councilman Hall informed members of Council had arrived and would soon be ready for service.

A communication from ex-Judge E. K. Bryan calling attention to an alleged failure on the part of the city to carry out its contract with the American Suburban Corporation with reference to the sewer line at Carolina Place was referred to City Attorney Ruark.

An amendment to the cotton dealers' ordinance making the license tax for cotton buyers or shippers handling less than 100,000 bales $150 a year while those handling more than 100,000 and not more than 300,000 bales are to pay $300, was adopted. Those handling more than 300,000 will continue to pay $400 a year as at present.

The matter of having a public hearing regarding the affairs of the water and sewerage department which was deferred from the last meeting of Council was not brought up yesterday. The situation seems to be "in status quo."

Mayor Moore presided at the meeting yesterday. All members of Council were in attendance.

IMPROVEMENTS AT IMMANUEL

Made Possible by Generosity of Wilmington Citizens.

Contributions generously made by two public-spirited citizens, Dr. James Sprunt and Mr. J. A. Springer, make it possible for some extensive and badly needed improvements to be made at Immanuel Presbyterian church, and work on these improvements will begin shortly. After the improvements, the expense of which will be borne jointly by Dr. Sprunt and Mr. Springer, are completed, the entire building will be painted, the Immanuel Brotherhood bearing this expense.

On two sides of the building a retaining wall will be built, and in the basement, which is used as a Sunday school room, the floor will be lowered and a concrete floor laid to replace the present wood floor. When the improvements in the basement are completed it will be used for the Bible classes, as well as the Sunday school classes, and there will also be a gymnasium for the younger boys of the Sunday school. The apparatus for the gymnasium is already on hand.

Col. Walker Taylor is chairman of the committee in charge of the improvement work. Colonel Taylor has been teacher of the Young Men's Bible class of Immanuel church for the past 20 years, and it was in the basement of the church building that he organized the Boys' Brigade.

TO CELEBRATE BIRTHDAY

German Ships Interned Here to Decorate Today in Honor of Emperor.

In hono of the 58th birthday anniversary of Emperor William, the German vessels, Kiel and Nicaria, interned in the port of Wilmington, will be in gala attire today. Hundreds of flags of all colors will be hoisted this morning at 8 o'clock and will remain flying throughout the day.

According to press dispatches, the celebration of the Emperor's birthday in Germany will be quiet, this being at the special request of the Kaiser.

SOME FACTS ABOUT PRIMARY

Dates to be Kept In Mind by Those Interested in Things Political—No New Registration.

While New Hanover county is exempted from the provisions of the new State primary law, so far as the nomination of county officers is concerned, all congressional and State officers will be voted on in this county, according to its provisions. As announced several days ago the New Hanover county primary has been called for the same day—Saturday, June 3.

Chapter 101, Public laws of 1915, containing the provisions for conducting legalized primaries for the nominees of all parties, applies also to the general election in November.

This act does not require a new registration and voters may register for both primary and general election at the same time.

For those interested in things political the following list of important dates to be remembered has been prepared:

June 3, 1916, (first Saturday in June)—Date of primary.

March 25, 1916, (tenth Saturday before primary election)—State Board of Elections meets in Raleigh to appoint county board of elections.

April 15, 1916, (Seventh Saturday before primary election)—County boards of elections meet at Court House to organize.

April 22, 1916, (Sixth Saturday before primary election)—County boards of elections appoint registrars and judges of election.

April 27, 1916, (Thursday)—Registration books open.

May 20, 1916, (Saturday)—Registration books close.

April 21, 1916, (six weeks before primary)—Candidates file notice of party affiliation, office and pledge.

May 19, 1916—Candidates for county offices file notice of party affiliation, office and pledge.

June 14, 1916, (Wednesday)—National Democratic Convention in St. Louis.

June 7, 1916, (Wednesday)—National Republican Convention in Chicago.

June 22, 1916, (Thursday)—State Board of Canvassers meets in Raleigh.

June 5, 1916, (Monday)—County canvassers meet.

May 24 and June 23, 1916—Candidates file statement of expenses and contributions.

WILMINGTON HOMESTEAD HAS MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

Reports of Officers Show Good Year. Officers and Directors Elected.

The 29th annual meeting of the stockholders of the Wilmington Homestead & Loan Association was held Tuesday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at the headquarters of the association, the J. Hicks Bunting Drug Company, Front and Grace streets. Mr. John R. Hanby acted as chairman of the meeting. President J. Hicks Bunting gave a brief resume of the past year's business, calling attention to the various stumbling blocks incident to the prevailing hard times and suggested plans whereby these difficulties might be overcome in the future.

He also called attention to the "savings" feature of the building and loan association as evidenced during the past two years as a great boon to those who, having accumulated sums of varying amounts and finding themselves in financial difficulties, had had recourse to their accumulations and accrued benefits, and by this means had been able to weather the storm.

The report of the secretary and treasurer was considered very satisfactory, the net profits being unusually good, taking into consideration the extraordinary demands made upon the association in the way of loans. Notwithstanding the great demands not a single application for loans by a stockholder was denied.

The following were elected directors for the ensuing year: J. H. Hardin, W. B. Thorpe, W. C. Peterson, Raymond Hunt, C. H. Bornemann, Sig Goodman, John R. Hanby, Hon. John D. Bellamy, C. C. Brown, Rev. J. S. Crowly, Dr. C. P. Vineberg and Dr. J. Hicks Bunting. Mr. Hunt and Mr. Bornemann are the new members of the board.

After the adjournment of the meeting of the stockholders the directors met and elected the following officers: President, Dr. J. Hicks Bunting; vice president, John R. Hanby; secretary and treasurer, C. C. Brown; attorney, Hon. John D. Bellamy.

Mr. Bellamy stated that this made the 30th time he had been elected as attorney of the Wilmington Homestead & Loan Association and that it was not only the oldest in the city but the parent association of the State and that its charter and by-laws had been copied and incorporated by all the associations in North Carolina.

DEATH OF AGED WOMAN.

Mrs. M. D. Smith Passed Away This Week at Home at Rockingham.

Mrs. M. D. Smith passed away on Sunday, January 23rd, at her home at Rockingham, N. C., in the 80th year of her age. Before her marriage the deceased was Miss Mary Elizabeth Dockery, being a sister of the late Hon. H. C. Dockery. Her death was caused by pneumonia.

In this sad death, relatives, friends and the entire community sustained an irreparable loss. Abounding Christian graces, nobility of soul, like a good Samaritan, wherever her pathway led, Mrs. Smith counted no sacrifice too great or administration too humble when want could be relieved or distress ameliorated.

She was widely known as the highest type of those who loved honor more than riches and with Christian fortitude she pressed forward to every duty with cheering words and friendly clasp and thus, like the morning sun, expelled the gloom from many a brow with her touching and benign graces.

A. D. M.

Stealing Pepsi-Cola.

A call to the police station at 7:25 o'clock yesterday evening brought officers in a hurry to No. 415 South Second street, where negro pickaninnies were stealing pepsi-cola out of a delivery wagon left for the night in the rear of the residence of Mr. J. C. Wagner. John Henry Davis was arrested by Policeman J. O. Bullard and will explain his untoward thirst for "pepsi" to the Recorder this morning.

"White Rat" Leaves Farm.

"White Rat," a youthful negro with an aged police record, who was recently paroled by the Recorder in the custody of Mr. C. H. Blake of East Wilmington, left the farm Tuesday night, taking with him $4 of Mr. Blake's money. Mr. Blake has requested the officers, if they apprehend the boy, to turn him over to the authorities at the county stockade, as he does not care to take any further risk with him.

MONEY FOR RELIEF OF JEWS

More Than $2,000 Already Subscribed Here—Banks Will Receive Contributions Today.

Already more than $2,000 has been contributed by the Jewish people of Wilmington toward a fund to be raised today in response to a proclamation by President Wilson, setting the day aside as an occasion to raise funds for the relief of the suffering among the Jews in Europe on account of the war, and with the additional contributions received by the local banks today, it is expected that the total furnished by this city will be several thousand dollars.

The day will be observed generally throughout the United States, and it is hoped to raise $5,000,000. It is stated that this amount is needed. Already more than $1,250,000 has been subscribed throughout the country. Most of the money, it is understood, will be expended in Russia, where there are more Jewish people, and where the suffering is said to be the greatest.

All local banks will receive either cash or check contributions to this cause today, and the money will be turned over tomorrow to the committee having charge of the movement here, to be forwarded to the American Jewish Relief Committee, in New York city, from which point it will be sent abroad.

Mr. H. C. Bear is the treasurer for the movement here, and he is expecting Wilmington to respond in her usual generous manner toward those who merit aid.

PELLAGRA EXPERT TO ADDRESS NEW HANOVER MEDICAL SOCIETY.

Dr. Joseph Goldberger Will Speak at Chamber of Commerce Tonight.

Dr. Joseph Goldberger, Senior Surgeon in the United States Public Health Service, and who is now engaged in scientific research work looking toward the establishment of the cause, cure and prevention of pellagra, will deliver an address to the members of the New Hanover Medical Society, physicians from out-of-town and others interested in the study of pellagra, in the quarters of the Chamber of Commerce this evening at 8 o'clock.

Invitations have been extended the physicians from all over this section to be present tonight and hear Dr. Goldberger, and indications are that quite a number will accept.

The subject of pellagra is one that has claimed the attention of the entire medical world in recent years, and it is of peculiar interest in the South, where the disease is more prevalent than elsewhere. For a time it was thought that the malady was due to rank in the very forefront of the most dreaded diseases, but such a belief is gradually giving way as many cures have been effected.

The cause of the disease, however, has never been definitely established. Of the more recent theoris advanced by medical men, that of Dr. Goldberger, who holds that pellagra is caused by an unbalanced diet, has probably attracted the most attention, and many who have given the disease long and careful study are inclined to think that Dr. Goldberger is right.

His recent experiments in a convict camp in Mississippi, where he induced the disease among the convicts by feeding them on an unbalanced diet, and later cured them by restoring a balanced diet, go a long way toward establishing the correctness of his theory in the minds of many of the most capable medical men who have given the subject their attention.

Dr. Goldberger will tell of his work along these lines tonight, and the local physicians as well as others from nearby who will be present to hear him, are anticipating a most interesting discussion.

ANNUAL MASQUERADE BALL

Enjoyable Event for Young Men's Hebrew Association Tonight.

All arrangements have been completed for the fourth grand annual masquerade ball of the Young Men's Hebrew Association of this city, which will be given on the third floor of the A. David building on North Front street this evening. The ball will begin at 8 o'clock and continue until midnight, and the dancers will wear masks.

Prizes will be awarded to the dancer with the most original and unique mask, and there will also be a prize for the couple adjudged the best dancers. Many tickets have already been sold, and all indications point to a record attendance.

Mr. H. Jaffe will act as floor manager for tonight, and the committee of business managers is composed of Messrs. B. May and W. J. Kaminsky. The officers of the association are as follows: Mr. W. H. Land, president; Mr. B. May, vice president; Mr. H. Jaffe, secretary; Mr. J. Miller, treasurer.

The public is cordially invited to attend the dance this evening. Only a nominal charge for admission will be made.

To Repeat Minstrel.

By request the minstrel show given at Immanuel Hall on South Front street recently will be repeated this evening. Mr. Sam Matthews will again preside as interlocutor, and with several changes in the programme the show is expected to prove even more entertaining than when it was first presented.

MANY KINDS OF RHEUMATISM, ONE SURE MODE OF TREATMENT

Whether your trouble is Sciatica, Lumbago or the dreaded Articular Rheumatism, the answer is the same. You must treat it through the blood. That is the only way to rid the system of uric acid, purify the blood and revitalize the nerves. If the blood is freed from impurities, Rheumatism must go. This, in short, is the knowledge gained by the laboratories of the S. S. S. Co. These tests have been made for fifty years. They know what Rheumatism is. They know that S. S. S., the remarkable blood tonic, which they originated, will relieve you of Rheumatism. The recovery of thousands of sufferers by the use of S. S. S. is proof that you can be relieved. S. S. S. is a blood tonic—a purifier that restores the blood, and makes it pure as it was before it became poisoned with impurities. S. S. S. gives it strength to drive out these impurities—and with them the Rheumatism. Get S. S. S. at your druggist's. If you need special advice, write Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Small Savings Banks

Have assisted many of our depositors in saving the Nickels, Dimes and Quarters. We have just received another supply of these Little Banks, and would suggest that you start an account at this bank, and let us lend you one of them. An account of One Dollar entitles you to the Free Use of the Small Bank. We also have the Dime Savings Bank, which we distribute to savers.

An account at "The People's" Means Success; Begin Yours Here Today.

"OLD AND STRONG"

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

MR. R. E. PARKER HERE

Secretary of State Audubon Society in City Yesterday.

Mr. R. E. Parker, secretary of the North Carolina Audubon Society, spent yesterday in the city with Mr. John J. Blair, city superintendent of schools, having returned to the city with Mr. Blair from Newbern, where they both attended the annual convention of the North Carolina Forestry Association. Both Mr. Blair and Mr. Parker delivered addresses before the convention.

Today Mr. Parker will address the farmers at Roseboro and Garland on the A. & Y. road, and later he will return to New Hanover county. On February 3 he will deliver an address at Wrightsboro; February 4 at Southport and February 5 at Bolivia, Mr. Parker's talks to the farmers will be along the line of the economical value of birds in the destruction of injurious insects.

SUFFERED 15 YEARS CURED IN 21 DAYS

Gentlemen: For over 15 years I was afflicted with eczema, covering my arms, legs and face. I suffered so that I could not sleep. My face was red and swollen, and covered with dry, feverish scales. Was unable to attend to business for weeks at a time.

I had about given up all hope when I tried Amolox. The first application gave me relief so I could sleep. In 3 days I was able to attend to business. After 30 days' treatment my eczema entirely disappeared.

James R. Rigby, Youngstown, O.

Amolox ointment will quickly heal pimples on the face, blackheads, and minor skin troubles. Chronic cases of psoriasis, salt rheum, tetter, that have suffered for years, require both the ointment and solution to effect a cure. Trial size, 50c. Guaranteed and recommended by Robert R. Bellamy.

Send postal for free sample to Amolox Laboratories, Youngstown, Ohio.

On Trust Company Roll of Honor For Year 1915

This Company Stands

1st in the City
1st in the County
1st in the State
2nd in the South
41st in the entire United States

"A place on the Roll of Honor is like a man's character: It is something money cannot buy, but is won by merit and worth alone."

In all trust matters, we are prepared to serve you efficiently and promptly.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

Oldest Wilmington Bank.

Do You Want To Know

The real conditions confronting you and confronting us in the dry goods business? Almost every article now sold in our various departments are undergoing conditions never before heard of.

You would probably think it funny if you were to walk into our store or some other store and ask for something staple as Plain Blue Chambray or a piece of Red Ribbon, and the salesman would tell you that we have none and will likely not have any more for some time to come. You would, no doubt think that the store was not on to its job, or else the salesman did not know what he was talking about. However, this is almost true today, and is gradually growing nearer and nearer to the time when certain staple articles will not be obtained at any price, and that numbers and numbers of other goods will be sold at higher prices than they have been since the reconstruction days.

The reasons for these conditions are various — but the chief one is the scarcity of dye stuffs. Another is the chemicals used in bleaching. Another is the unusual amount of demands made on manufacturers, both from American and foreign consumers. Never before have the manufacturers had more business than they could actually handle. Today there are numbers of the largest mills in this country who have no goods to offer at all. Their entire output (if they are making anything on account of the dyes) has been sold for twelve months and in some cases eighteen months ahead.

We are fortunate in being able to say that the Belk stores have foreseen these conditions, and, on most of our lines, we have our orders placed and will be prepared to take care of your wants throughout 1916. What we have bought at the low prices you will get the benefit of (and we might say here that many of our Staple Colored Goods are now being sold to you for less than they can be bought by the jobbers).

We just want you to know these facts—and every merchant in town will bear us out in our statement that we have not exaggerated in the least—so that you will more fully appreciate the offerings that our store is prepared to offer you now and for the coming season.

Remember Our Sale of Dresses Friday.

Belk-Williams Co.

210-212 NORTH FRONT STREET

Sale of Spring Dresses Friday..98c

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Miss Esther Hashagen has returned home from a visit to friends and relatives in Raleigh, Greensboro and Asheville.

• • •

The Literature Department of Sorosis will hold its semi-monthly meeting this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Sorosis club rooms.

• • •

Miss Mary Bell Taylor left yesterday morning for Charlotte, where she will be the guest of her friend, Mrs. E. W. Byerly, of Elizabeth Heights.

• • •

Savannah Daily News: "Mrs. H. H. McKee, who has been spending some time here, left yesterday for Wilmington, N. C., where she will visit."

• • •

Friends will regret to learn of the critical illness of Mrs. W. A. Headen, sister of Misses Annie W. and Adelaide Perry, of this city, at her home at Siler City. She is a daughter of the late A. H. Perry, of Siler City, who was for 12 years a member of the General Assembly of North Carolina.

• • •

The members of the North Carolina Society of Colonial Dames have decided to resume the social evenings so much enjoyed in past winters and cordially invite all members and their friends to come to a reading at the assembly rooms this evening. The reading will begin promptly at 8 o'clock.

• • •

The Wilmington Chapter of the National Red Cross Society has offered to receive and forward to the proper destination cashiers' checks for the amounts contributed to the fund for the relief of the Jewish war sufferers in Europe. Mrs. W. C. Munds, Ninth and Market streets, is treasurer of the Wilmington Red Cross Society.

• • •

Mrs. E. L. Hart returned last night from Goldsboro, where she stopped for a few days on her way from the annual conference of the Woman's Missionary Society, M. E. church, South, in session at Kinston last week. Mrs. Hart represented Grace church Auxiliary, of Wilmington, and was appointed Suerintendent of iLterature for the North Carolina Conference.

• • •

Among those attending a big dance by the Capital City Club of Raleigh on Monday evening were Mr. Brownrigg Dewey and Miss Esther Hashagen, of Wilmington. This was one of the most delightful and largest attended dances ever given by the club and people were in attendance from all parts of the State. It was perhaps the biggest socila event of the season in Raleigh.

• • •

SECOND ANNUAL MEETING

OF MEMBERS OF Y. W. C. A.

Invitations have been sent to members of the Y. W. C. A. and friends of the association in the city reading as follows:

"You are cordially invited to the Second Annual Meeting of the Young Women's Christian Association, which will be an original presentation of 'Preparedness,' in the new Gymnasium Building, Tuesday, February 1st, 1916, 8 P. M."

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MISS ANNIE HUNTER FONVEILLE BRIDE OF DR. M. THOS. McMILLAN

Goldsboro, N. C., Jan. 26.—A beautiful church wedding was witnessed by friends of the contracting parties in the First Baptist church, the ceremony being performed by the pastor, Rev. George T. Watkins, this afternoon at 1 o'clock, when Miss Annie Hunter Fonveille, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Fonveille, of this city, became the bride of Dr. Malcolm Thomas McMillan, who has recently come to this city to practice his profession of dentistry.

The organ was presided over by Miss Flossie Howell and before the ceremony Mrs. T. M. Bizzell and Miss Pearl Fogleman sang a duet, "I Live and Love Thee." This was followed by a double quartette—Bridal Chorus from "The Rose Maiden," which was rendered by Miss Mildred Edmundson, Mesdames T. M. Bizzell, T. B. Jenkins, Thomas Poole, Messrs. D. H. Bland, W. E. Stroud, John Arment and Leslie Yelverton. The ushers were W. A. Fonveille, of Wilmington, a brother of the bride; S. F. Teague, W. A. Deese and S. L. Maddry. The dame of honor, Mrs. J. Andrew Smith, a close friend of the bride, was dressed in gray cloth suit with hat and gloves to match, carrying Killarney roses.

The bride was given away by her father, and presented a picture of beauty, being dressed in a going-away suit of midnight blue, with hat, gloves and shoes to match, also carrying a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley and bride's roses. The bride was met at the altar by the groom and his best man, W. A. McMillan, of Candor, a brother of the groom. The ring ceremony was used, which was indeed impressive.

Dr. and Mrs. McMillan left immediately on a Southern train for an extensive trip south, after which they will be at home in this city.

At the home of the bride's parents Tuesday evening from 9 to 11 an informal reception was held. Fruit punch was served by Miss Claire Hunt and Mr. W. A. Dees. The guests were then ushered to the dining room by Master Louis Fonveille, another brother of the bride, where there was served an ice course by Misses Blanche Henly, Rachel Hunt, Elizabeth Hummell, Ruth and Evelyn Wilkins.

Out-of-town guests for the occasion were Mr. and Mrs. W. A. McMillan, Candor; W. A. Fonveille, Wilmington; Miss Pearl Fogleman, Elon College; Misses Lucile Moore, Wilmington, and Amanda Brown, of Kelford.

LOCAL DOTS.

—A glass case for the display of collars in front of Mr. I. Shrier's clothing establishment on Front street was broken into Tuesday night and two collars were stolen.

—There will be a roll-call meeting of Wilmington Lodge, No. 542, B. P. O. E., in the lodge rooms this evening, and all members are requested to be present. A class will be initiated and a get-together lunch will be served afterwards.

—Gasoline is now bringing 23 cents a gallon on the Wilmington market, and auto owners are wondering how much higher it will go. The increase in price is attributed to the enormously increased demand incident to the European war.

—A negro suspected of being Charles Holliday, one of the two men who attacked Major Joseph W. Little in an alley in the rear of his home several days ago, was the only defendant to face the Recorder yesterday morning, and when it was established that he was not the man wanted, a nol pros was entered.

—Friends in this city will be interested in learning that Mr. Charles H. Creteau, son of Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Creteau, has been promoted from the U. S. Naval Training School at Newport, R. I., to the battleship Rhode Island. The ship has gone on a long cruise after which target practice will be taken up at Culebra, West Indies.

—Workmen are busy putting up a marquise in front of the Bear building near Front and Princess streets. The transportation offices of the Tidewater Power Company are on the second floor and a fountain for soft drinks will be installed on the first floor. There will be ample room here for those waiting for cars to go to the beach or for the city cars in bad weather. Modern conveniences are being installed for the benefit of the public.

—The interior of that part of the city hall which is used for offices of the municipality are being re-painted. Workmen are still busy fitting up the new offices for the Mayor which will be located in the section formerly used as the headquarters for the department of streets and wharves. The former office of the Mayor will be used as a Chamber for the meetings of Council. It will be several days before the improvements are completed.

WHITTED A HOLD-OUT.

Former Wilmington Baseball Star Wants His Price in Big League.

Many Wilmington and North Carolina friends and admirers of George Whitted, left fielder of the Philadelphia Nationals, will be interested to know that for this season he is a hold-out. In other words, although he has his contract for the 1916 season in hand, he will not sign unless a raise in salary is granted, he says. However, the Durham ball player believes the raise will be forthcoming and expects to sign in time to be one of the first men on hand at St. Petersburg, Fla., to begin spring training.

"Dutch" Hoffman, new-elected manager of the Durham baseball team, h gone to Florida and is acting in movies, according to a letter received from him in Durh George Whitted, of the Phillies man, according to Whitted, has b ni-star in a number of pictures has attained quite a reputation ac before the camera. The letter fr Hoffman stated that he had signed good southpaw pitcher for Durham.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed for record yesterday: V. Sidbury to W. G. Fergus and wife, for $10 and other considerations, lot on east side of Eighth street, 33 feet north of Orange, 33 by 75 feet in size; J. H. Salling and wife to H. C. Blake and wife, for $100 and other considerations, lot at Carolina Beach.

PERSONALS.

—Mr. R. L. Brinkley, of Winston-Salem, was a guest at The Orton last night.

—Mr. R. L. Brinkley, of Winston-Salem, was a guest at The Orton last night.

—Mr and Mrs. O. E. Brinkley, of Winston-Salem, were guests last night at The Orton.

—Mr. J. F. Musselwhite, of Fayetteville, was a visitor in th city yesterday, a guest at The Orton.

—Mr. H. C. McKeel, of Newbern, was a business visitor in the city yesterday, a guest at The Orton.

—Mr. B. F. Keith, of Keith's, was a: ong the business visitors in the city yesterday, a guest at The Orton.

—Messrs. J. W. Thackston, R. E. Parker and G. H. Turner, of Raleigh, were registered at The Orton last night.

—Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, returned yesterday from Nashville, Tenn., where he was called on account of the critical illness and subsequent death of his nephew last week.

Messrs. H. G. Ford, E. J. Howard, E. F. Capps, M. D. Mier and Captain Govvey, of Wilmington, were registered yesterday at Fayetteville hotels, according to the list of hotel guests published in The Observer.

NO CASES IN BANKRUPTCY

Another Evidence of Improved Business Conditions Pointed Out.

There were ten petitions for voluntary bankruptcy in the United States Federal Court in Wilmington in January of last year while so far this year there has not been a single application, according to Mr. S. P. Collier, Sr., Deputy United States clerk in this city. This is a very tangible and concrete evidence of improved conditions, he thinks, in spite of the fact that many merchants are disposed to be somewhat pessimistic over conditions this year.

Mr. Collier states that not only has he received no petitions for bankruptcy this year but that he has received no intimation, officially or otherwise, that any one in this section contemplates going into bankruptcy because of inability to meet outstanding bills.

There have been several assignments made this month under the c-ate law but none of these were large concerns. It is well known that there are usually more business failures at the beginning of a New Year than at any other season, owing to the fact that by common consent it is usually a time for closing up accounts.

SPEAKS ON SUNDAY SCHOOL

A. Brown Delivers Inspiring Address Before Large Congregation at First Baptist.

The Sunday school as an educational and evangelistic agency of the church was forcefully and eloquently presented last night in an address by Dr. W. A. Brown, field secretary of the International Sunday School Association, at the First Baptist church. The large auditorium was almost entirely filled with a representative congregation including practically all the superintendents and teachers of the various Sunday schools of the city.

Dr. Brown came to Wilmington specifically for the purpose of encouraging the organization of a training school for teachers and Sunday school workers of the city, but in view of the evangelistic campaign soon to be started under the leadership of Rev. Dr. J. Wilbur Chapman, it was thought best to wait until next fall to begin this work. The large audience enthusiastically endorsed this movement.

The meeting last night was presided over by Mr. G. A. P. Bowman, president of the City Sunday School Association. Seated on the platform were the pastors of the city and leaders in Sunday school work in the city. The church choir led the congregational singing and also gave several selections that were much enjoyed.

Dr. Brown showed the marked change that Sunday school work has undergone in the last few years. The modern city Sunday school is now thoroughly graded and divided into departments which greatly increases its efficiency. The address was not only most instructive but inspiring as well. It was not a dry discussion of abstract principles but was characterized by wit and humor.

At the close of the address, Dr Brown answered questions from members of the audience and this proved to be one of the most profitable features of the meeting.

Dr. Brown met a large number of the Sunday school workers of the city at a conference at the First Baptist church yesterday afternoon. His address at the conference was directed especially to the consideration of methods of teaching.

Dr. Brown was the guest at a supper at the Y. M. C. A. last night which was attended by the pastors and Sunday school superintendents of the city.

SOROSIS "CARNIVAL" CLOSES.

Audience Not So Large Last Night But Production Equally as Good.

While the audience was not as large as on the two preceding nights, the final presentation of the "Business Men's Carnival" under the auspices of Sorosis at the Academy of Music last night was equally as good as the others. The ladies of Sorosis are under many obligations to the citizens of the city for their splendid support and the latter are indebted to those giving the attraction for real first class entertainment.

Wilmington again demonstrated that there is to be found in this city some splendid amateur histrionic talent. The different numbers on the programme were well arranged, attractively staged and artistically rendered at each performance. The presentation of the attraction was a success in every particular.

Miss Marguerite Bellamy and Mr. Albert Perry were awarded the prize last night for the best cake walk in the "Way Down in Dixie" number.

COMES TO W. S. & T. COMPANY.

Mr. R. R. Little, Jr., Succeeds Mr. C. S. Grainger, Jr.—Goes North.

Mr. R. R. Little, Jr., of Wadesboro, N. C., has arrived and taken a position with the Wilmington Savings & Trust Company, succeeding Mr. Charles S. Grainger, Jr., who leaves on February 1, to pursue his studies in music at a Baltimore conservatory. Many friends of this old and splendid institution will be interested in the change of faces at the teller's window, but will share the regret at Mr. Grainger's leaving with a hearty welcome to Mr. Little, who is a young banker of experience and ability, a son of Mr. R. E. Little, vice president of the First National Bank, of Wadesboro. Mr. Little is already acquainting himself with his duties at the bank preparatory to Mr. Grainger's departure next week.

TO OPEN PLAYGROUNDS

Washington's Birthday the Date for St. John's Mission Exercises.

At the regular weekly services at St. John's Mission last evening, an enthusiastic meeting of the congregation was held and plans were laid for a formal opening of the playground on Washington's birthday, when the skating rink, giant slide and other apparatus will be turned over to the children.

The following committee was appointed to work out the details and a fine programme is promised: Rev. William E. Cox, ex-officio; J. Edwin Bunting, James F. White, V. Hall, Mrs. Josh T. James, Mrs. T. F. Darden, Josiah Cumber and A. G. Alderman.

MR. MACMILLAN APPOINTED

As Member of Board of County Commissioners to Succeed Mr. L. W. Moore, Who Resigned.

Announcement was made yesterday by Maj. W. N. Harriss, Clerk of Superior Court, that he had appointed Mr. W. D. MacMillan, Jr., as a member of the New Hanover Board of County Commissioners to succeed Mr. L. W. Moore, whose resignation was sent Tuesday to Chairman W. A. McGirt. Mr. MacMillan is a well known automobile dealer of this city and has served previously as a member of the board.

He is a public spirited citizen, who manifests keen interest in every movement for the advancement of the city and county and the announcement of his appointment met with universal approval of the people of the city. He received the cordial congratulations of many friends as soon as they learned that he was to be a member of the board.

The appointment will be effective at the next meeting of the board which will be held the first Monday in February. Mr. MacMillan has been especially interested in the building of good roads, as well as other community enterprises and will make a valuable member of the board.

BURGLARS STILL ACTIVE.

Despite the fact that the Wilmington police equipment now includes a pair of bloodhounds trained as man trailers, purchased especially to track down burglars and house-breakers, no less than five burglaries or attempted burglaries were reported to the police yesterday morning as occurring the night before.

No attempt was made to use the hounds yesterday, however, as the guarantee under which they were purchased specifies that they shall have had ample time to become used to their new handler before they are given their try-out here. Officer A. L. Long has been out in charge of the dogs, and as soon as they become thoroughly acquainted with him, they will begin their work.

Two homes were entered Tuesday night. At the residence of Mrs. Woodywiser, No. 109 South Sixth street, a thief entered through a kitchen window, and two pair of trousers were stolen from an apartment on the second floor. The home of Mr. G. H. Bunker, No. 208 South Second street, was entered through a kitchen window, and a quantity of flour was removed.

Among the places where attempts at burglary were made Tuesday night were the residence of Mrs. Frank Boykin, No. 514 Princess street, and the home of Mr. A. H. Yopp, No. 415 Grace street. Entrance was not effected at either place.

SIX-YEAR-OLD HAD CROUP.

"I have a little girl six years old who has a great deal of trouble with croup," writes W. E. Curry of Evansville, Ind. "I have used Foley's Honey and Tar, obtaining instant relief for her. My wife and I also use it and will say it is the best cure for a bad cold, cough, throat trouble and croup that I ever saw." Those terrible coughs that seem to tear one to pieces yield to Foley's Honey and Tar. R. R. Bellamy, Druggist.

Curling Iron Kills Hair: New Method Improves It

Many a woman loses the silky, fluffy and brilliant appearance of her hair through habitual use of the hot curling iron. Certainly it can do the hair no good to dry up its natural oil, singe the life out of it, making it harsh, brittle and dull. And there's no excuse for continuing the use of that destructive instrument, now that we know what can be accomplished by applying plain liquid silmerine.

The use of this harmless product really preserves the life, lustre and beauty of the hair, and the curly and wavy effect is perfectly natural looking and most captivating. If you've never tried it, by all means procure a few ounces from your druggist and use enough to moisten your hair from root to tip, putting it on with a clean tooth brush. The liquid silmerine is neither gummy nor greasy, but quite pleasant to use.

ABOUT 300,000 BABIES DIE BEFORE ONE YEAR

The Census Bureau estimates that 300,000 babies died in this country last year before the age of one year, and it is stated that one-half of these deaths were needless if all mothers were strong and infants were breast-fed.

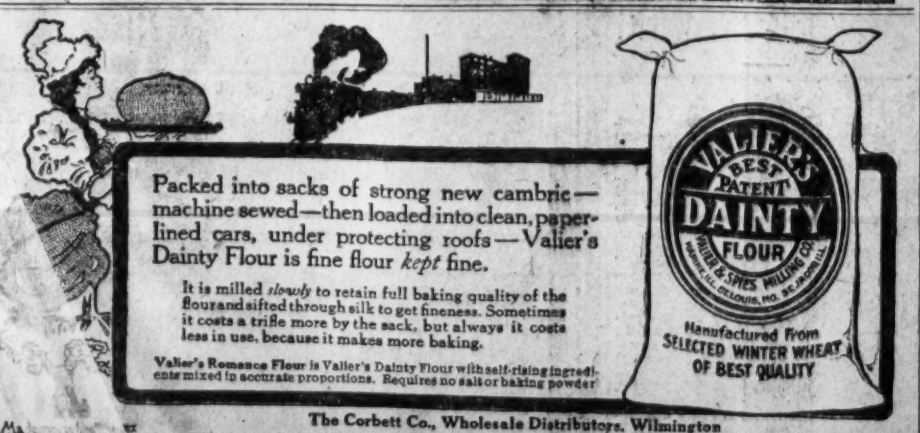
Expectant mothers should strive to increase their strength with the strength-building fats in Scott's Emulsion which improves the blood, suppresses nervousness, aids the quality of milk, and feeds the very life cells.

Physicians prescribe Scott's Emulsion; it is doubly important during nursing. No alcohol. Everydruggist has it. Insist on Scott's—the white-food medicine. No advanced prices.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J. 15-27

USE GOWANS Rub-It-On FOR COLDS, CROUP, PNEUMONIA

BECAUSE: IT IS MORE PENETRATING AND RELIEVES QUICKER — AT DRUGGISTS 25¢ 50¢ $1.00


Packed into sacks of strong new cambric—machine sewed—then loaded into clean, paper-lined cars, under protecting roofs—Valier's Dainty Flour is fine flour *kept* fine.
It is milled *slowly* to retain full baking quality of the flour and sifted through silk to get fineness. Sometimes it costs a trifle more by the sack, but always it costs less in use, because it makes more baking.
Valier's Romance Flour is Valier's Dainty Flour with self-rising ingredients mixed in accurate proportions. Requires no salt or baking powder
VALIER'S BEST PATENT DAINTY FLOUR
Manufactured from SELECTED WINTER WHEAT OF BEST QUALITY

The Corbett Co., Wholesale Distributors, Wilmington

Armour's Cloverbloom TRADE MARK BUTTER

Made in the sweet, pure air of country meadows, it comes to you in air-tight cartons. Cloverbloom is sold at stores where particular people trade because the Armour Oval Label guarantees quality.

If you dealer hasn't got it phone us his name. You'll be doing us both a favor.

ARMOUR & COMPANY

R. F. CAMPBELL, MANAGER. WILMINGTON, N. C. 'PHONE 85.

There's an Armour Oval Label Store near you 129

Cloverbloom, like the best of each of the Armour products, is marked with the Oval Label

Armour's QUALITY PRODUCTS

Try These: Star Stockinet Ham, Star Bacon, "Simon Pure" Leaf Lard, Dovepaire Farm Sausage, Armour's Grape Juice, Glendale Oleomargarine (Nutworth Quality), Silver Churn Oleomargarine (Nutlet), And over 100 Verified Foods

J. M. Solky & Co.

ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS.

NO. 9 N. FRONT STREET

Announce the Continuation of

THEIR ANNUAL SALE OF

Winter Suits and Overcoats

Comprising their Entire Stock, With the Exception of Dress Clothes and Still Affording Satisfactory Selection from Desirable Assortments in All Sizes.

SUIT AND OVERCOAT REDUCTIONS:

$28.00 Suit or Overcoat	$21.00
$27.00 Suit or Overcoat	20.25
$25.00 Suit or Overcoat	18.75
$22.00 Suit or Overcoat	16.50
$18.00 Suit or Overcoat	13.50
$16.50 Suit or Overcoat	12.38
$15.00 Suit or Overcoat	11.25
$13.50 Suit or Overcoat	10.13

BOYS' SUITS AND OVERCOATS

$10.00 Suits or Overcoats	$7.50
$ 7.50 Suits or Overcoats	5.62
$ 6.00 Suits or Overcoats	4.50
$ 5.00 Suits or Overcoats	3.75
$ 4.00 Suits or Overcoats	3.00
$ 3.00 Suits or Overcoats	2.25

MEN'S PANTS.

$6.50 Men's Pans	$4.88
$6.00 Men's Pants	4.50
$5.00 Men's Pants	3.75
$4.00 Men's Pants	3.00
$3.00 Men's Pants	2.25

Why Go Farther

When you can get just what you want RIGHT HERE?

Everything in the Drug Store line

We are pulling for the 200,000 number of prescriptions we have handled.

We are the ORIGINAL "Prescription Specialists" and doctors and patients show their confidence in our ability and accuracy by bringing or sending their prescriptions to US to handle. Those who have not been bringing their Prescriptions to us are cordially invited to do so.

PURITY, ACCURACY and ABILITY are what we bank our reputation on.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG COMPANY

Graduate in Pharmacy and Prescription Specialists.

J. B. McCABE

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Room 515 Murch. Nat. Bank Bldg.

Phone 996 WILMINGTON, N. C.

Read Star Business Locals.

Make Home Comfortable

Head Off The Cold Spells With a Vortex Heater

A Hatful Of Cheapest Coal Costs One Cent

Lasts Over Night in

THE ORIGINAL

Vortex Hot Blast

Guarantee to save you $16.00 to $25.00 in fuel every year. Guaranteed to stay tight always. Burns Hard Coal, Soft Coal, Wood or Coke without change of any fixture. A size for every use on hand here.

Come and see them, or write for Catalogue and Prices.

N. J. ACOBI HARDWARE CO.

10 and 12 South Front Street

Just before Christmas this bank distributed to patrons of our Christmas Saving Fund about TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS in cash.

This method of saving for Christmas has become so popular that the entire edition of 1916 was sold out within a few days after the opening and many of our good friends desiring to open these accounts were unable to do so.

To these we suggest that practically the same result may be attained by opening accounts in our Regular Savings Department and making weekly deposits. We shall be pleased to open such accounts.

We heartily appreciate the liberal patronage our Christmas Savings Fund has received and thank our many friends for their support, which has enabled us to make this NEW METHOD OF SAVING a Tremendous Success.

It is the purpose of this bank to help people save money, and to encourage them in their efforts to get ahead.

We Invite Accounts.

Small deposits are cheerfully received—we want them because they usually grow into big accounts.

Right now, at the beginning of the New Year, is the time to start and make 1916 the biggest, best and happiest year of your life.

Begin to Boost yourself this year.

A Bank Account will do it.

Home Savings Bank

Front and Chestnut Streets

Quickest, Cheapest, Best

Deliveries. Prices. Workmanship.

Stacks, Tanks, Iron, Steel.

Iron, Brass and Aluminum Castings.

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS

Church and Surry Streets. Phone 213.

"THE BEST IN DRUG STORE MERCHANDISE, THE FINEST IN DRUG STORE SERVICE," OUR LATEST CREATION.

Liggett's Chocolates

80C, $1.00, $1.25, AND $1.50 THE POUND. SOLD ONLY AT

ELVINGTON & MINTZ

PROGRESSIVE DRUGGISTS.

CLEAN-UP CAMPAIGN IN FAYETTEVILLE LIKELY?

Investigation of Segregated District to be Started.

Reformatory for Wayward Boys and Girls May Be Established in Cumberland—Fayetteville Invites the President.

(By Asa Biggs.)

Fayetteville, N. C., Jan. 56.—A campaign, which will have as its object, a cleaning up of the segregated district in Fayetteville, or a placing of it under police surveillance, will likely be started here soon. The opening gun has already been fired when the News, the local morning paper, set forth a number of facts in a recent issue, showing that the segregated district here is the biggest menace the town has, and is giving it a black eye from which it is hard to recover.

It is authoritatively stated that an investigation of the conditions surrounding the segregated district will be started at once. It created quite a sensation here when it became known that Fayetteville has more women of ill-fame, compared with its population, than the city of New York, compared with its population.

A member of the board of aldermen is quoted as saying that he is heartily in favor of a clean-up campaign such as Charlotte, Raleigh, Greensboro and other cities of the State have already waged.

It is the belief of the alderman, who is quoted, that Fayetteville is the dumping ground for women of ill-fame between New York and Jacksonville. With its fine railroad facilities, the town gets filled up with them quick. Yesterday a frequenter of the segregated district counted by name thirty-three women in Fayetteville, and it is said that this represents only out two-thirds of the number here.

Reformary for Wayward Youth.

Fayetteville and Cumberland county may have a reformatory for wayward boys and girls soon. Judge Frank A. Daniels set the town and county to talking here the other day when he strongly advocated such an institution following the grand jury report, which also advocated such an institution.

"When you send mere boys and girls to the prisons and jails," said Judge Daniels, "you are just beginning to make real criminals out of them. But, if you haven't the reformatory, what else will you do with them."

From all the information obtainable, it seems that once before strong agitation was made here for such an institution, but the plans of the promoters fell through in some way. It has been suggested that the civic organizations, composed of the women of the town and county, get together and formulate plans. It has been suggested to the women, because the men of the town have reached the conclusion that if there is anything lacking, look to the women to supply it.

—The President Invited.

An invitation, signed by a number of the representative business men of the town, has been forwarded to Congressman Godwin at Washington with the request that he present it to the President. The invitation urgently requests that the President give Fayetteville consideration before he completes his plans for his proposed Southern trip.

The letter points out the fine transportation facilities which Fayetteville affords, and assures the President of as large a crowd as any other city in the State.

The largest welding plant in the State is said to be here in the shops of the Fayetteville Machine Company. It is an acetylene gas affair, and is capable of producing a flame the size of a man's body. Steel melts before it the same as snow. The plant was put in order to do the work on large pieces of machinery which were formarly sent North for repairs.

HOUSE PASSES SHACKLEFORD GOOD ROADS BILL, 821 TO 81

Provides $25,000,000 to be Spent in the States—Senate May Kill It.

Washington, Jan. 25. — The Shackleford good roads bill, carrying an appropriation of $25,000,000 to aid the states in improving their post roads, was passed by the House late today, 281 to 81. Three members voted "present."

States would share in the appropriation on a basis of their population and the number of their post roads. The money would be disbursed through the various state highway commissions.

Opponents of the measure insisted that this proposed appropriation would be only the forerunner to requests for others of a similar nature. Representatives from the larger cities generally opposed the project on the ground that the roads would not be of general benefit.

It was freely predicted that strong opposition would be encountered in the Senate.

MRS. J. H. DOSHER DEAD

Wife of Captain Dosher, of Southport, Passes After Long Illness.

Southport, N. C., Jan. 26.—The funeral of Mrs. Dosher, wife of Capt. J. H. Dosher, for nearly 30 years keeper of the Bald Head lighthouse, was held this afternoon, attended by a large number of sorrowing friends. Mrs. Dosher died yesterday afternoon, following an illness of several months. She was 68 years of age and had spent her life in this town. She was a loyal member of the Methodist church.

Besides her husband she is survived by the following children: Mrs. T B. Carr, Mrs. Annie Parker, Mrs. C. E. Gause, and Misses Lillian, Kate and Esther Dosher, all of Southport, and Capt. Fred Dosher, of Morehead City. She was a sister of County Superintendent of Schools M. C. Guthrie.

COUNTING NOSES IN GOLDSBORO

Private Census of Town Being Taken —About 14,000 Expected.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Goldsboro, N. C., Jan. 26.—The city authorities are having a private census taken of the town by an expert and when the final count is taken indications now point towards a population of close to 14,000 people, an increase of several thousand over the last authentic census taken. This is due to the fact that several sections of the city have recently been incorporated.

London, Jan. 25. — A Liverpool message to the Exchange Telegraph Company gives a report that the Dominion liner Norseman has been sunk.

EASTLAND WRECK RE-ENACTED WITH MINIATURE MODEL BOAT.

Witness Demonstrates Theory Vessel Was Touching River Bottom.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Jan. 26.—Judge Sessions and attorneys in the Eastland hearing saw the mechanical details of the Chicago river disaster of July 24, 1915, re-enacted in the United States district court here this afternoon to demonstrate the theory of Charles J. Hutchison, Chicago mining engineer, that the accident was caused by the boat resting on the river bed under a heavy load. Hutchison went on the witness stand with a small tank and miniature model of the Eastland, which he proceeded to capsize under conditions which he declared were similar to the same result from top-heaviness and from grounding on the river bottom.

Hutchison said that when he arrived at the scene of the Eastland wreck, an hour after it occurred, the keel of the vessel was a considerable distance from the dock. His experiments with the tank and model, he declared, proved that if the boat had gone over merely from overloading her keel would have been pushed against the dock.

The testimony of two other defendants in the hearing, Captain Harry Pedersen, master of the Eastland, and Charles C. Eckliff, of Grand Haven, United States local inspector of steamship boilers, developed little new evidence. Captain Pederson was under direct examination when court adjourned until next Monday.

MR. BICKETT'S RULING MAY INTERFERE WITH CHAUTAUQUAS

Says They Must Pay License Tax if Performers are Paid.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wilson, N. C., Jan. 26.—If the ruling made by Attorney General Bickett in reference to chautauquas is enforced throughout the State, many of the smaller towns will be unable to enjoy the educational advantages of that institution. This morning Sheriff Howard M. Rowe advised the local committee which is promoting the chautauqua that a license tax of $30.15 would have to be paid.

In making his position clear, Sheriff Rowe gave to the committee the ruling of the Attorney General. This ruling states that if any part of the proceeds of an entertainment is given to the performers the license must be paid, for such payment is evidence that the entertainment is not for the "sole benefit of educational institutions." The ruling permits the entertainment to be given without the payment of the license tax if it be given in a licensed hall.

CRAIG TO SPEAK IN COLUMBUS.

Governor and Congressional Candidates to Attend Bug Hill Rally.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Whiteville, N. C., Jan. 26.—Supplementing the report sent out a few days ago that Bug Hill township, in the southern end of Columbus, would open the Democratic campaign in this county, comes the news that the celebration will take place on March 23rd and that Governor Locke Craig will be there to address the voters on the issues of the day. Other well known Democratic lights will also be there and be heard, particularly those who have thrown their hats in the ring this early for county offices.

It is not yet known whether Congressman Godwin will be able to attend this Democratic gathering or not, but it is likely that both Mr. Brown and Mr. Little will be on hand to present their respective claims for the next Sixth district representative. As announced, a big brass band will be there to furnish lively airs for the occasion and a barbecue and picnic dinner will be spread by the enthusiastic voters.

REPUBLICANS TO MEET.

Those of Both Factions in Columbus to Hold County Convention.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Whiteville, N. C., Jan. 26.—Chairman Irvin B. Tucker, of the Republican executive committee of Columbus county, has issued a call to the followers of both divisions of the Republican party to assemble in their respective precincts on February 12th and name delegates to a county convention, called to meet at the court house in Whiteville on February 14th, this convention in turn to name delegates to the State convention to meet in Raleigh on March 1st. The object of the meeting primarily, as stated in the call sent out, is for "perfecting the party organization of Columbus county," to which phrase more than ordinary interest may be attached.

NEW DRAINAGE PROJECTS.

Work Soon to Begin on Drainage of 30,000 Acres in Newbern Section.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Newbern, N. C., Jan. 26.—That the owners of swamp land in this section of the State are fast realizing the great producing possibilities of this land if it is drained, is evidenced by the fact that of late arrangements have been made to reclaim thousands of acres and to place this under cultivation.

Last week a contract was awarded to a Kinston dredging concern to drain 10,000 acres of swamp land lying in the vicinity of Bayboro, Pamlico county, and now arrangements are being made for the drainage of 20,000 acres lying between Dover and Cove City.

This latter tract is owned by a large number of persons and each one will pay his proportionate part of the cost. The work of drainage is to be started just as soon as possible and will be rushed to completion.

REV. W C. RICHARDSON ACCEPTS

The City Mission Work of the Baptists in Wilson.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wilson, N. C., Jan. 26.—The final step has been taken in the forward movement for city mission work in Wilson as begun by the First Baptist church eight months ago. Rev. W. C. Richardson, of Raleigh, has been called to take charge of the work and Tuesday afternoon signified his acceptance of the work. Mr. Richardson comes to Wilson highly commended and will serve as assistant to Rev. T. W. Chambliss, of the First church, and in addition take charge of the work in South Wilson, where the mission chapel built by the First church is ready for occupancy. A large and interesting Sunday school is now being held at this point. Mr. Richardson will also have charge of the work in East Wilson.

NEW BLOCK TO BE BUILT

Handsome Brick Buildings to Replace Old Eyesore at Wilson.

(Special ar Correspondence.)

Wilson, N. C., Jan. 26.—For a number of years the property directly opposite the Atlantic Coast Line station has been an eyesore to the people of Wilson as well as poorly suggestive of the importance of the town when passengers passing through the town look from the trains. Several little shacks and an immense billboard covered the block. Some time ago the property was purchased by the Barnes-Harrell Company and now they announce that six handsome brick store buildings will be erected and contracts for the construction have been let. The block isto be completed and ready for occupancy May 1.

THEATRICAL

Billie Ritchie holds the center of the screen—and the edges too—at the Bijou today. He stars in the latest two-reel L-Ko knock-out, "Billie's Reformation" aided and abetted by Louise Orth, Reggie Morris, Gene Rogers and others, in the greatest two-reel L-Ko ever filmed—each one is better than the last.

Billie's a regular guy, and when he is caught on the sleeper with several

BILLIE RITCHIE

In "Billie's Reformation" at the Bijou Today.

pretty occupants a mild flirtation is irresistible. That leads to all kinds of trouble, and the occupants flee for their lives in night attire. Later they are all chased to the top of high buildings, where, overlooking the streets, hundreds of feet below, much fun-making stunt-doing is shown. It's a great comedy, in two reels.

Pictures in which animals play a part have come to be among the most popular features on the Universal programme, and "The Trail of the Tigress"

HAROLD LOCKWOOD AND MAY ALLISON

Stars in "The Tragic Circle," at the Grand Today.

a two-reel animal thriller on today's bill is destined to take its place with the leaders. Paul Bourgeois, the celebrated Holland animal trainer, is featured, with Betty Schade, and just lots of lions, tigers and leopards. It tells of a jealous queen of the tigers who lures a young girl to her home to collect a big ransom, and is entertaining and exciting throughout.

A New Charlie Chaplin.

There's a new Charlie Chaplin under the sun! His name is Sammy Burns and he hails from dear old "Lunnon" where the original Charlie came from, and his name is a by-word in the vaudeville houses of all England. He has recently come to the "land of the free," and has been signed by Mutual, who first put Charlie Chaplin on the screen. He is the star in a new brand of comedies, "Vogue Comedies," which bid fair to out-distance the old Keystones in laugh-making qualities.

"Sammy's Scandalous Scheme" is the first one of these Vogue comedies, on today's bill at the Grand, and comes in two reels. It's a genuine old slapstick, knock-about comedy, two full reels of laughs, and Sammy makes a Chaplin that it is hard to believe is not the "real" article.

Harold Lockwood, the great star of Paramount and other feature releases, comes to the Grand also today, starring in a great two-reel American drama, "The Tragic Circle" full of punches and thrills all the way through. He is supported by May Allison and William Stowall. It's a great drama, giving this great star one of his biggest opportunities for strong dramatic work.

Suratt at Royal Today.

Valeska Suratt, that great "temperamental" actress, who was seen in Wilmington five years ago in "The Kiss Waltz," where she packed the house at $2, comes to the Royal today in her photodrama debut, presenting the title role in "The Immigrant," by Marion Fairfax, and which is destined to be a photoplay event of the season in Wilmington.

During her phenomenal stage career, Miss Suratt, "the world's most famous beauty," has played a number of unusual roles, but in the Paramount production of "The Immigrant" she is seen in a characterization absolutely unlike anything she has heretofore attempted and it is said her performance before the camera has established her as a dramatic artist of the highest rank.

Supporting Miss Suratt in this feature are two noted Lasky leading men, Theodore Roberts, who was starred in "Mr. Grex of Monte Carlo," and Thomas Meaghan, a well known Lasky leading man. Their strong parts, together with the emotional acting of Miss Suratt go to make this production a close second to "The Soul of Broadway," Miss Suratt's great Fox production, which is also slated for early showing at the Royal.

"The Girl and the Game."

Tomorrow—and appetites whetted to the highest pitch in keen anticipation will have the extreme pleasure of witnessing the opening chapter of that great Railroad thriller serial photoplay, "The Girl and the Game," at the Grand.

"The Girl and the Game" marks a new epoch in serial motion picture production—there's been nothing approaching it in the past. Every chapter of the girl and the game is guaranteed to contain at least one—sometimes three or four—specific, tense, bloodcurdling thrills such as you seldom see even once in a whole serial.

"The Girl and the Game" stars Helen Holmes, the dare-devil of the movies, in the leading role as "the girl" and "the game" is that great system of railroading and railroad life which always fascinates. Helen Holmes made her reputation for daring in "The Hazards of Helen" series for Kalem, but nothing she did in that series in any way approaches her performance in "The Girl and the Game." Don't forget—tomorrow—Grand!

Syracuse, N. Y., Jan. 25.—More than $11,000 was raised for the relief of Jewish people in the war zones of Europe at a mass meeting here tonight, conducted by Rev. J. Leonard Levy, of Pittsburgh.

VALESKA SURATT

The World-Famous Beauty in "The Immigrant," at the Royal Today.

DR. FEW AUTHOR OF CHAPTER IN NEW BOOK ON COLLEGES

Success of Trinity Alumni Register Now Seems Assured.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Trinity College, Durham, Jan. 26.—President William P. Few is the author of a chapter of a book which has just come from the press of Henry Holt & Company entitled "The American College." The book is a compilation of the papers read last June at a conference on the American college held on the occasion of the celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of the founding of Alleghany College, Alleghany, Pa. The chapter by Dr. Few is entitled "The Present Status and the Probable Future of the College in the South."

Discussing the future of the college in the South, President Few says: "But success in this difficult field, I believe, lies rather in the magnifying of the office of the teacher, and in giving education itself a larger meaning and mission for our whole national life. Hirelings can never give the truest service. The measuring of a man by the wage scale can never lift teaching above a stale and unprofitable business. The greatness of our college will depend upon the elevation of the teaching profession, and the elevation of the teaching profession does not depend upon higher salaries, better teacher training, or more elaborate equipment, but upon giving it the proper dignity and importance in our life."

The January number of the Trinity Alumni Register, which closes the first volume of the publication, came from the press yesterday. Interest in the publication continues to increase with each number; and its success now seems assured.

The contents of the current number are as follows: A cut of Dean Samuel F. Mordecai, of the Trinity Law School; "Braxton Craven and Trinity College," by Prof. E. C. Brooks, '94; "Rev. Leslie P. Howard," a paper read by President W. P. Few at the last session of the North Carolina Conference of the Methodist church; the annual commencement programme of 1877; a cut of Mr. Bunyan S. Womble, '04, who was last spring elected a member of the board of trustees of the college; "The Trinity College Law School," by Walter G. Sheppard, '12, of the Durham bar, a cut of Mr. James A. Young, '05, last spring elected a member of the board of trustees; and the regular departments. The register of former students contains data concerning students who entered between 1903 and 1908.

DAVIDSON COLLEGE NOTES.

Dr. B. F. Sledd and Dr. J. A. Snell Heard by Students—Athletics.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Davidson, N. C., Jan. 26.—Dr. John A. Snell, in his two days' stay at Davidson College, did much toward stimulating the interest in missions. His message at the regular Y. M. C. A. service bore directly on the mission study classes which are to be organized in the near future. A report showed that there was an average attendance of 91 per cent at the Bible classes last fall. About 250 of the 350 students were in these classes and it is hoped that a still larger number will join the mission study classes.

Dr. B. F. Sledd, professor of English at Wake Forest College, spoke here Friday evening very interestingly of the impressions he received on his tour last year through England, France, Italy and Greece. He spent the season of 1914-15 in Europe, visiting the several countries mentioned. His address touched only the main points of interest in the various countries, dwelling especially on England. Mingled humor and vivid description of his many experiences made his address very enjoyable and instructive.

The fourth basketball game of the season was played on the 20th in Charlotte, the Davidson team defeating the A. & M. squad by the score of 30 to 18.

The opening of the class football season found a rather muddy field. The recent rains in this section rendered the Sprunt athletic field a little undesirable for the best of playing, yet the seniors and sophomores played to a tie of 0 to 0. This game was played Saturday. The freshmen and juniors played Monday and the score was 6 to 0 in favor of the freshmen. Six games will be played to determine the standing of the various classes.

President W. J. Martin has been away for a week visiting various points in the North and the South in the interest of the college.

Washington, Jan. 25. — Secretary Lansing announced late today that the American government's representations against the inclusion of American trade in Great Britain's enforcement of her Trading With the Enemy act had gone forward to the American embassy in London.

Another Wonderful Recovery From Kidney Trouble

For nearly nine years I was a great sufferer from what my doctor said was Kidney trouble, and my blood was out of order; enduring all that time excruciating pain in my back and across my bowels. I was drawn down so that I could only walk with my hands on my knees. My doctor said he could do nothing for me. I tried many kinds of medicine, but all to no avail. A friend told me about Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root and as I had tried everything else that I heard of, I bought a bottle of Swamp-Root and it did wonders for me. I prize it higher than any other medicine and I shall recommend it to my friends. I wish to add right here that after using Swamp-Root for two months I began to straighten up and am now sound and well, and feel like I might live a long time yet to tell what your medicine has done for me.

Yours very truly,
T. C. CLAY,
750 Sugar St. Marion, Ohio.

State of Ohio,
Marion County.

Personally appeared before me this 19th day of December, A. D. 1914, T. C. Clay, who subscribed to the above statement and made oath that the same is true in substance and in fact.

CHARLES W. HABERMAN,
Notary Public,
Marion Co., Ohio.

Letter to
Dr. Kilmer & Co.,
Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove what Swamp-Root will do for You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention the Wilmington Daily Star. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

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With bright prospects ahead for good prices on Vegetable and all Farm products, our farmers should feel encouraged to plant improved varieties of seeds, so as to increase their crops.

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T. W. WOOD & SONS,
SEEDSMEN, - Richmond, Va.

INTERCOLLEGIATE DEBATE.

Second Between A. & M. and Alabama Polytechnic Institute.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

West Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 26.—Next Friday night A. & M. College and Alabama Polytechnic Institute will hold their second debate. A. & M. will be represented by Messrs. J. F. Williams, of Mecklenburg county, and D. A. Monroe, of Moore county, who will uphold the affirmative of the proposition, "Resolved, That Great Britain's policy of non-interference in the people's affairs makes for a higher civilization than Germany's method of governmental control."

This debate is looked forward to with much interest, particularly as it represents a field of activity that for A. & M. is practically new, this being the second year in which A. & M. teams have appeared in intercollegiate debating contests. Graduates of A. & M. have already shown themselves able to compete with men from other institutions as agriculturists, engineers and as business men, and in undergraduate athletics A. & M. has long been a force to be reckoned with. It is confidently expected that A. & M. will take as high a stand in this new field.

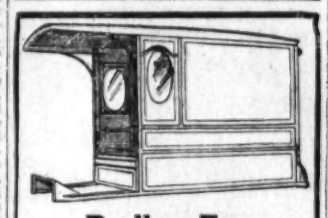
Frankfort, Ky., January 25. — A bill which would submit a constitutional amendment providing for statewide prohibition today was defeated, 20 to 15, in the upper house of the general assembly, where it originated. Three-fifths of the bonded and whiskies in the United States are in Kentucky warehouses, according to estimates attributed to official sources.

NOTICE!

Having qualified as administratrix of the estate of Henry T. Bauman, deceased, all persons having claims against said estate are notified to exhibit the same before me on or before the 19th day of January, 1917, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This 19th day of January, 1916.

E. LYDIA PESCHAU,
Administratrix.



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ROCK HILL, S. C.

W. B. McClellan & Son

Have Two Ford Bodies For Sale at a Bargain. Call and See Them.

Thrill and More Thrills!

You will find them in

THE GIRL AND THE GAME

The Great Railroad Serial

TOMORROW

GRAND

KRYPTOK LENSES

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Spectacles and Eyeglasses correctly fitted to your eyes for $1 and up.

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EYES EXAMINED FREE

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MASONIC TEMPLE.

GRAND

"Mutual Movies Make Time Fly"

(Not)

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

(But)

The Greatest Chaplin Imitator Under the Sun—Sammy Burns, the Celebrated English Knock-About Comedian, Just From London (Where Charlie Came From) in His First Big Feature Comedy

SAMMY'S SCANDALOUS SCHEME

TWO SOLID REELS OF SCREAMS.

Harold Lockwood

The Great "Matinee Idol of the Movies."

—In—

"The Tragic Circle"

A Stirring Two-Act "American" Drama.

THE ROYAL

"Wilmington's Modern Movie"

Lasky-Paramount Present

THE BEAUTIFUL AMERICAN STAR,

VALESKA SURATT

Seen Here in "The Kiss Waltz" Five Years Ago, in

"The Immigrant"

A Thrilling Photo-Melodrama Depicting a Story of Tense Heart-Interest and a Master-Scenic Feature.

BIJOU

BILLIE RITCHIE

Aided and Abetted by Louise Orth and Other Great L-Ko Artists, in

"Billie's Reformation"

A Great Two-Reel L-Ko Knock-Out.

"The Trail of the Tigress"

A Great Two Reel Animal Drama with Paul Bourgeous and Betty Schade.

Read Star Business Locals.

THE HOME CIRCLE PAGE

EDITED BY LILIAN CRAIGEN ADAMS

Home Accountants Needed

NEW BUSINESS THAT IS SUGGESTED FOR SILENT AND CAPABLE WOMEN.

WOMAN'S field of work is so constantly being enlarged that no housekeeper is surprised now when a feminine instead of a masculine inspector is sent in answer to an appeal for help in some home emergency.

For instance gas stoves. Let the gas stove begin to misbehave and the cry for assistance directed to the gas company is responded to by a woman, not a man.

She's an energetic woman who comes to your rescue, resourceful, sensible, amiable. To demonstrate that she is a normal woman and not a monster or a genius, she takes a hairpin to clogged tubes, after the traditional fashion, and sits upon the floor to investigate the oven. Also she answers your questions cheerily and plainly and not with grunts, as would her superior brother.

As for the gas stove itself, it yields to her efforts as if it recognized the fact that it had met its master and might as well be gracious about it. The erstwhile yellow flame turns to a healthy blue under her ministrations, and before she leaves she mixes up some ambrosia-like dish and bakes it just to show that all is right again with your world.

And here her superiority to a masculine workman is more than ever demonstrated for did you ever see a gas man who united to his talents as a "fixer" those of a French chef.

The woman stove inspector, it is said, has come to stay, but who ten years ago would have dreamed of anything so clever as she?

There is at least one field for women, however, an important field, too, which is as yet unfilled, though if the suggestion of a brilliant Western woman is followed this condition will not long remain.

The Western woman suggests that there be introduced efficiency experts for home finances. In businesses all over the country now the efficiency expert is called in to show the proprietors where they may save money and how they may increase their profits. In the home alone, where more funds are wasted than in any other business perhaps, there is no such accountant to be had.

And yet the average housekeeper would delight in having someone to tell her whether or not she is extravagant and if she is where she could save and how; to suggest cheaper foods and a saving of fuel.

She cannot learn these things from other housekeepers, for strangely enough most housekeepers are distinctly disingenuous when they come to talk of what they spend; some of them exaggerate the expenses of their households while others underrate theirs according as they are boastful or covet a reputation as good managers.

In a recent discussion among a half dozen women, all of whom had about the same number of persons in their families and occupied practically the same social and financial positions, the amounts spent in the households, according to the confessions of the mistresses thereof, varied from $10 a week to $50.

In the words of one skeptical lady who was present "some one was certainly fibbing." She declared that $10 was altogether too little and $50 too much to spend for the families in question. However this might be, no one gained any real assistance in solving her own financial difficulties in a discussion where the limits of expenditures differed so greatly.

Now the proposed consulting home accountant would be nothing if not practical. The housekeeper would have to be perfectly frank with her, would have to tell her all of her secrets the precise figures of the family income, and exactly how it was spent.

The home accountant would then make up a tentative budget for the housekeeper to follow; so much money for food, so much for rent, so much for service, so much for the savings bank, so much for clothes, for amusements, and so on to cover the entire outlay. This budget the housekeeper would be expected to follow for a week or more, when the consulting home accountant would be back to see if the plan had worked out properly. If it had not she would make changes to suit these exigencies. In this way no family would live beyond its means as so many do now.

It's a splendid idea, and as has been said before, expert advice of this sort is sought by business firms. The only drawback is, would any woman consent to put herself so thoroughly in the power of another woman? Would she not fear that the accountant would gossip about her secret economies until they were known all over town?

She would have to be a mighty reliable sort of woman, that home accountant, before her clients would confess to her that they threw away the ends of porterhouse steaks, had sweetbreads for Sunday night supper, and were already fifty dollars in debt at the grocer's. Now wouldn't she?

She takes a hairpin to clogged tubes, after the traditional fashion, and sits upon the floor to investigate the oven.

Children As a Good Excuse

THIS MARRIED MAN COMPLAINS THAT THAT IS WHAT THEY ARE CHIEFLY USED FOR NOW.

THE married man was moody and the married man was morose. He seemed not inclined to conversation but on the way uptown he opened his lips and spoke.

"I have come to regard children in one way only," said he, "that is as a good excuse."

"Eh?" inquired his companion stupidly.

But the married man went on, not noticing. "That's the way their mothers use them anyway," said he. "Just say to a married woman that Jones's home is lovely and that Mrs. Jones is always tastefully attired, and listen to what she says.

"'Oh, but they have no children,' is what she says. 'Of course it's easy to have a lovely home if you have no children.'

"Or remark to a married woman, 'the Smiths give bully dinners; you are always sure of a good meal when you are invited there,' and harken to her reply:

"'The Smiths have no children' is what she says. 'It's easy to give parties if you have no children.'

"I know a married woman," said the married man, "who makes her one child her excuse for an untidy home, for a neglected husband, for clothing with its buttons missing, for ordering over the telephone and not going to market, for wasting money, for the bad bread which the family has to eat, for putting yellow curtains in a room supposed to be furnished in red, for undarned socks, for not going to church, for going to the matinee, for being bad-tempered, for being frivolous. She has had one child in her life of thirty-odd years and she puts the responsibility for all her own faults and foibles on it."

"Even if she has had only one in her life she has it for life," remonstrated his companion.

"G'wan," said the morose man inelegantly, "if she took care of the child she might use it as an excuse, but the fact is that it is even more neglected than the home and the husband. Children are used as an excuse, and that is all they are good for in these days," said the morose married man and went off without even saying good-bye.

FAD FOR ICE SKATING CONTINUES

NEVER was there such a fad as for ice skating this winter. Even the oldest inhabitant, him of the white hair and moth-eaten fur cap, has brought forth his antiquated skates and with them on his feet is cutting figures that many of the younger generation would give their eyes to be able to do.

But the younger generation does very well, too. It dances the one-step on its skates, for instance, and occasionally the fox-trot. And truly everybody's doing it from grandson to grandfather, a splendid thing since there is no more healthful sport, especially when there is no ice rink to go to and the frozen ponds and rivers of the neighborhood must be utilized.

The proper shoes for skating are low-heeled and broad-toed, the sort which fashion now calls unbeautiful. But the rest of the skating costume may be as elaborate as you please. Velvet, corduroy, even kid, is used for women's costumes, and the skirts are all made very short. With these are worn high, skin-tight boots, small hats, and fur wherever it can be placed.

Take her all in all the skating girl is a most attractive person.

THE YOUNG HOUSEKEEPER SAYS

THAT the grocers are doing more and more to help the housekeeper in her problem of entertaining. For instance olive paste is a comparatively new thing now found on the shelves of the shops, but a delicious one which renders the making of olive sandwiches a very simple matter instead of a long and tedious one.

THAT a salad dressing which is just now setting the housekeepers of one countryside wild with delight is made as follows: Take the yolks of three eggs, four tablespoonfuls of vinegar, one teaspoonful of salt and one teaspoonful of mustard and place all in a double boiler. Stir without ceasing until a paste has formed, then remove from the stove and allow to cool. When cold add one cup of chopped pecans, one cup whipped cream and twenty-four marshmallows cut into quarters.

This dressing may be served with any salad desired. A handful of grapes, either Tokay or Malaga, peeled and halved, will do, for the dressing itself is very rich. But the salad with which this is usually served consists of 1 cup diced apples, 1 cup peeled grapes, 1 cup green peppers and pimentos mixed, 1 cup orange and 1 cup celery, both diced. Make a Jell-o of some bright color and when it is cool but not set add the fruit and pour into individual moulds. Serve one moulds on lettuce with the salad dressing over it.

The young housekeeper says that a capable friend of hers declares her dinner cost her but sixty-five cents a plate and quotes the following menu as a sample one at that price: Oyster cocktails, cream of asparagus soup, creamed salmon in ramekins, squabs, tiny balls of potatoes in cream sauce, green peas, the salad just described, ice cream, cake, bonbons, coffee.

The soup she uses is one of the tinned sorts which costs, all told, about two cents a plate. She buys oysters at forty cents a quart and a quart will serve eight people. The cocktail sauce costs fifteen cents a bottle and a bottle will do for two dinners.

She buys salmon at fifteen cents a can, and one can creamed and with bread crumbs added will serve the guests. Jumbo squabs almost as large as spring chickens she buys at $4.50 a dozen and serves each guest a half one. She uses tiny sifted American peas at eighteen cents a can with these.

This accomplished provider declares that the ordinary housekeeper orders too much of the things she serves, and wastes money in that way, and that entertaining need not be the bugbear it is to the woman of moderate means if she knows how to manage properly.

THAT crab meat made into cutlets and served with Tartare sauce is a delightful piece de resistence for luncheon.

SEASONABLE JOTTINGS

ABOUT the prettiest things in the shops now are the skating togs. For instance white hats of jersey cloth with broad scarfs to match. Both are ornamented with wool flowers embroidered on.

Entire suits of jersey cloth are also to be had in all colors from softest rose to white. What is jersey cloth? Ah, to be appreciated it must be seen. It has a surface as warm and fleecy as a very fine blanket. It's a thing to snuggle up to.

Wash satin is used for underclothes now and especially for the camisoles which play so important a part in evening dress. Instead of having ribbons over the shoulders many of these have straps of the yet less visible tulle.

Scarfs of tulle, by the way, have displaced the handsomer and more expensive sorts, they are so becoming.

Walking shoes or boots in colors—midnight blue, gray, castor, purple, African brown—are very smart and are sometimes priced at sums never before reached by woman's footwear. Twenty-five dollars is perhaps the maximum cost and this for beautifully shaped footwear in the thinnest, softest and best-fitting of kid.

High shoes of satin in all the favorite colors are also used for dancing now, as also are shoes of brocade.

The revival of the open fireplace is responsible for the reappearance of many old-time articles, not the least of which is the corn-popper. Once more hanging beside the living room grate it is seen, burnished, business-like and ready for action as soon as the corn appears.

A stiffened band of gold lace, made to fit the head, and ornamented on one side with a white aigrette, is marked $15 in an exclusive shop and is intended for evening wear.

THE TOWNBREDS & their Country Place

By Edward Riddle Padgett.

Resolutions

IT was the morning of New Year's Day at Five Oaks—a lazy, "after-breakfast" morning, as on a Sunday. Mr. Townbred was in the big chair by the fire, his nose buried in the morning paper which—always a point of pride with your suburbanite—was delivered at his door each morning just as punctually as though they lived in the city.

Mrs. Townbred was attending to the dozen and one things a woman can find to do of a morning about the house — "puttering," her husband called it.

John, the hired man, came in with a fresh log for the fire, and found some difficulty in making it fit in the open fire-place.

"I know a good New Year resolution you can make, John," said Mr. Townbred, good-naturedly.

"Yassah," John replied. "Yassah."

"You should resolve to do the fitting of those logs with the saw, instead of with the fireplace," continued Mr. Townbred.

John grinned. "Yassah," he said. "Thank yeh, sah,"—as Mr. Townbred handed him a cigar—"on'y Virgie she done use mah saw fo' t'scrape th' oil drippin's outer th' bottom uv th' oil stove wid an' it ain't got no aidge on it. I'se willin' t' zolve, but Virgie she got t' zolve, too!" And John grinned again; but the grin froze on his face as he caught sight of Virgie, his wife, who had entered the room with Mrs. Townbred just as he finished speaking.

"Huh!" There was no denying the truculence of Virgie's tones. "Heah dat lazy, low-down no-ercount talk, Mistah Townbred! Hones', sence de farmin' is all ober until nex Spring, he done lay eround an' lay eround en do nothin' cept feed dem chickens twicet er day, Mistah Townbred, an' yo' done wastin' yore money, Mistah Townbred, payin' it ter him!"

Mr. Townbred laughed. "What have you to say to that, John?" he asked.

John looked down at his feet and shifted his weight. "Well, sah, all I'se got t'say am dat ef Ah don't waste no mo' er de money what you-all pays me dan what Virgie 'lows me t' spend fo' mah terbaccer den dey sho' ain't much waste—"

"Run erlong, John, run erlong—don't y'heah dem chickens squaking fo' deir hot mash!"

But Virgie didn't mean it quite so sharply as it sounded. Like all true darkies, she knew when to talk "careless-like" before her employers and when not—and this was New Year morning.

"Just one minute, John," Mr. Townbred spoke up. "We can't have New Year's without resolutions. Now will you resolve to bend that elbow of yours a little more over the sawbuck, if Virgie will find something else with which to scrape the oil-drippings?"

"Yassah, dat Ah will, dat Ah will!" replied John fervently.

"And how about you, Virgie?"

Virgie laughed a real, rollicking, hoe-down laugh. "Lawdy me, Mistah Townbred!" she said. "Deed Ah will! On'y dat lazy John ought t' zolve dat he gwine back ter smokin' his pipe—heah lately he done put on aihs an' seem like he got ter hab a bag ob terbaccer an' papers an' roll himself cigarettes dat am jes so many nails in his coffin—dat's what he ought t' zolve! Yassah!"

"John," said Mr. Townbred, laughing, "you can hook up Old Bob to the sleigh this afternoon and take Virgie for a ride—it's New Year's Day, you know, and they say if you're riding then you'll be riding all the rest of the year."

"It seems to me, Ruthvin," remarked Mrs. Townbred as their two faithful servitors left the room chuckling "that a few resolutions on your part might also be in order."

"For instance?" he suggested invitingly.

Mrs. Townbred started to reply laughingly and stopped. "I think I'll write them down for you, my dear," she said, "and give them to you—as a New Year present."

"Is that so! Well, my dear Frieda, I dare say I might also indite a few that would be worthy of your attention."

"Let's!" cried Mrs. Townbred gaily. "Anything to wake us up—my but we did eat a lot for breakfast! Really, Ruthvin, we'll have sausage and buckwheat cakes again—and we ate as though they were the last of their kind in the world!" And she hastened to her desk.

Mr. Townbred pulled an envelope and pencil from his pocket and, with the smoke of one of his Christmas cigars floating lazily about him, set to work.

For a few minutes the pencils scratched busily away.

Mrs. Townbred was the first to complete her foolish little task.

"Here they are, Ruthvin," she said. "Here are yours: Number one, resolved that I will get up when the alarm clock goes off and eat my breakfast instead of bolting it and making the seven-thirty car with my coat-tails flying!"

"Resolved," interrupted Mr. Townbred, reading from his set, "That I will let my husband stay in town once in a while of an afternoon until the car that will put him here just in time for dinner."

Mrs. Townbred looked a little hurt. "Number two," she said calmly, this time not consulting her paper. "Resolved, that I will really be eager to get back to the farm of an afternoon—instead of just talking about it to the fellows at the office."

"Touche!" laughed Mr. Townbred. "Here's another for you: Resolved, that once in a while I will be the first to get out of bed of a morning and pull down the windows and break the ice in the water-pitcher."

"Shame on you, Ruthvin! That's a man's job! And how do you like this one: Resolved, that when my auto won't start on a cold morning I won't call it all manner of names and pig-headedly keep fighting it until I've missed the seven-thirty to the city."

"Resolved," read Mr. Townbred—

But just then Mutt, their little poodle, raised his voice in indignant protest. "Resolved," he seemed to be saying, "that this is New Year's Day and I've been waiting ever since breakfast for you to take me out for one of our jolly tramps through the snow—don't you think a poodle ever wants to be treated like a real dog!" And he extended his front feet and stretched—a stunt that always meant he wanted to go out.

"Resolved," laughed Mr. Townbred, "That Mutt will rule this house the remainder of this year—just as he has always done! Come on, Mutt, you spoiled rascal—tell your mother that this is the beginning of a new year and you intend to start it right! Where is his sweater, Frieda? I never can find the darn thing!"

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"And Pig-Headed Keep On Fighting"

She Hastened to Her Desk.

LITTLE FABLES OF THE BUSINESS WORLD

Asking for It

THERE was once a certain Young Man who was inclined to believe in a Ghost walking with a Hump on his Back. But he hadn't quite the Nerve to step up and Rub That Hump, as it were.

Y'see, in the office where he was a Slave, the fellers always spoke of Pay-Day as the day when the Ghost walks. And then, around the New Year, they said the Ghost stepped along with a Hump between his shoulders—which meant in the office lingo that perhaps some of the Slaves were to receive Boosts in the region of their Pay Envelopes.

Hence, if any Raises were doled out, said Ghost had a Hump; if not, then there wasn't so much as a Pimple on the back of his Neck.

Now our Hero had long been aware, if at all, it was around the First of the Year when the Boss would Loosen Up. But nary a Ghost with a Hump had tried to Scare him to Death. Somehow, the Humped One never came his way. Wherefore, O. H. waxed exceedingly Wroth.

He was just a Poor Boob, he told himself; Spot on the Office Ledger; a Piece of Furniture in the Big Room; and a Simp to Stand For such Treatment. Some day, perhaps, something would Break for him and then he'd tell the Boss to go to Heligoland and tell the Germans what he thought of the Kaiser. Some day—some day—but meanwhile that blamed Hump-Backed Ghost kept Stalking About without coming anywhere near his Desk.

A few weeks ago one of the Fellers, a good pal, Put him Next. "If you want Something, you got to Go Get It!" said the Pal. "This business of Sitting Back and waiting until Ability is Recognized, in dollars and cents, without any Invitation is all Bunk. Genius may bury itself in the Tall Timbers and the World may eventually wear a Path to the Door of its Abode—but Genius has got to Clear Away a few of the Brambles first!

"You go to the Boss and tell him you think its Coming to you to see that Hump on the back of the Ghost this year. Tell him you've got Eye Strain from looking for it for Four Years. And you might Add that you really don't see how you can Believe in Ghosts any longer if that Hump doesn't bump you in the Pay Envelope. If you want it, you've got to Go Get it!"

Now, at first, Our Hero was Flabbergasted. Why, he simply couldn't Do It! He would Lose his Job! The Boss would get Up on his Ear and Fire him! The Boss was a Fair man and maybe his Sense of Justice could be Relied on to—etc., etc., etc.!

But this Pal couldn't see it that way At All! He knew that the more Cold Cash a rich man has, the tighter he Clutches it. Your average Employer imagines himself a regular Good Fairy to even give a chap a Job, much less a Raise. He's got his eye Glued on that "Expense" Statement and he's apt to Howl like a Stuck Pig if a dollar or so more, dead-weight, is Affixed.

Finally O. H. screwed up his Courage to the Sticking Point. Also, he screwed up his Face until it looked like he'd been Caught tapping the Till. He opened the door of the Front Office as though he expected to Fall Through a Trap-Door and Land on a Floating Mine in the North Sea.

The Boss was at his Desk. He recognized the Symptoms immediately. So, he Growled, and looked like he could Eat 'Em Alive and was Mighty Hungry.

O. H. promptly Beat It.

Friend Pal had been Looking On. And what he said was A Plenty. "The Boss wouldn't give you Office Room, that way, you Bonehead!" he wound up with. "To ask for a Raise you don't have to go in and Jam his head in the Waste Basket; but you do have to go in with a Backbone where it belongs!

"You aren't asking him for his Bank Account or his New Limousine! But you've got to Show him that you're entitled to see the Hump; that you've earned a Peek at it; and that it's a Good Investment for him to Boost you! Don't Pull any Rough Stuff unless you've got a Better Job waiting just around the corner; but just state your Case and act like you believe in Ghosts—especially ones with Humps!"

He Opened The Door Of The Front Office.

So O. H. tried it again.

But there was Nothing Doing in any ghost dance for him—at least not this year.

The Boss, you see, had his Number!

Moral: When you get your Courage to the sticking point, throw away the Screw-Driver!

LOOK FOR BARGAINS NOW.

THESE are bargain days par excellence, and the wise woman is busy during them. It has been said that only the rich can afford bargains, but this is not true. The really economical will afford them also. It is now that expensive high shoes may be bought at greatly reduced prices and put away for next year, if the supply on hand is sufficient to finish out the winter; it is now that pieces of linen, of silk, or damask and cretonne find their way to the remnant counter, and that satin evening slippers and long gloves are seen in the same place.

It is not that the person of moderate means cannot afford real bargains, it is that she does not, which is quite a different thing.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

COTTON FURTHER LOSES

Moderate Early Advance Turns and Breaks at 12.45 for July Contracts at Close—Spot 12.10.

New York, Jan. 26.—Moderate early advance was followed by an easier turn in the cotton market here today and after selling at 12.59 July contracts broke to 12.45, closing at 12.46. The general list closed barely steady at a net decline of 4 to 8 points.

The market opened steady at 2 to 6 advance in response to better cables than due and active months sold about 6 to 10 points net higher during the early trading. Rumors that some ocean freight room was being engaged for shipment to Russia and bullish overnight spot advices, probably helped this advance. Houses with Liverpool and continental connections were among the buyers, while buying by some of the local spot interests was accompanied by renewed reports that spinners were calling cotton and fixing prices. Prices turned easier during the middle of the day and offerings became heavier late in the afternoon owing to a break in New Orleans and the appearance here of New Orleans selling orders. March contracts sold off from 12.24, the high point of the morning to 12.08, while May declined from 12.46 to 12.32, and October from 12.60 to 12.43. Closing prices were within a point or two of the lowest. Private wires from New Orleans attributed the break there to liquidation caused by a decline of about 12 points in the spot market and the New Orleans selling here was one of the chief factors in the late trading.

The market closed barely steady.

	Open	High	Low	Close
March	12.20	12.24	12.08	12.09
May	12.44	12.47	12.32	12.33
July	12.57	12.59	12.45	12.46
October	12.56	12.61	12.43	12.46
December	12.72	12.76	12.60	12.60

Spot cotton quiet; middling uplands 12.10; sales 1,000 bales.

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans — Middling, 11.88; receipts, 4,264; exports, 81; sales, 1,515; stock, 452,510.

Galveston—Middling, 12.25; receipts, 9,570; sales, 400; stock, 287,390.

Mobile—Middling, 11.75; receipts, 192; sales, 100; stock, 25,395.

Savannah—Middling, 12.25; receipts, 1,661; sales, 750; stock, 227,281.

Charleston—Middling, 12.00; receipts, 264; stock, 98,437.

Wilmington—Receipts, 324; stock, 50,335.

Norfolk — Middling, 12.00; receipts, 2,120; sales, 1,158; stock, 129,239.

Baltimore—Stock, 2,658.

Boston — Middling, 12.20; receipts, 598; stock, 11,600.

Philadelphia—Middling, 12.35; stock, 3,662.

New York—Middling, 12.10; receipts, 356; exports, 2,929; stock, 328,680.

Minor Ports—Receipts, 4,036; exports, 4,036; stock, 69,316.

Total today — Receipts, 23,285; exports, 7,046; stock, 1,786,503.

Total for week—Receipts, 111,853; exports, 67,122.

Total for season—Receipts, 4,773,883; exports, 2,698,115.

Interior Movement.

Houston — Middling, 12.25; receipts, 3,551; shipments, 5,841; sales, 3,252; stock, 218,453.

Memphis—Middling, 12.25; receipts, 4,454; shipments, 7,240; sales, 3,300; stock, 325,146.

Augusta—Middling, 11.88; receipts, 237; shipments, 757; sales, 1,329; stock, 194,592.

St. Louis — Middling, 12¾; receipts, 2,753; shipments, 2,404; stock, 18,510.

Cincinnati — Receipts, 1,150; shipments, 114; stock, 16,688.

Little Rock—Middling, 12.25; receipts, 473; shipments, 1,145; sales, 1,145; stock, 39,276.

Dallas—Middling, 11.75.

Montgomery—Middling, 11.75; sales, 11.

Total today—Receipts, 12,618; shipments, 18,581; stock, 812,665.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

Heavy Selling Causes Drop Under Previous Day of 6 to 8 Points.

New Orleans, Jan. 26.—Cotton held steady on this market today until the early afternoon when heavy selling was encouraged by the posting of a decline of 12 points in spot quotations. This was unexpected and from a net advance the market quickly fell to a net decline. At the lowest the trading months were put 7 to 9 points under yesterday's final figures. The close was 6 to 8 points under.

The market opened at the advance, and except for one or two minor reactions, stood at a net gain of about five points during the morning session. At the highest of the morning trading months were 7 to 8 points over yesterday's close. Cables were better than due and spot gossip led traders to believe that quotations would be unchanged from those of yesterday. Buying was stimulated to a moderate extent by bulls putting out forecasts of comparatively large mill takings and a wide decrease in the visible supply, compared with the great increase at this time last year.

At the advance the ring was dull, but considerable activity developed at the decline.

The market closed steady; closing bids: March 11.91; May 12.20; July 12.38; October 12.37; December 12.49.

Spot cotton steady, 12 points off; sales on the spot 765 bales; to arrive 750 bales; middling 11.88.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Jan. 26. — Cotton: Spot, steady; good middling, 8.46; middling, 8.11; low middling, 7.73. Sales, 10,000; for speculation and export, 1,000. Receipts, 4,000. Futures, steady. January, 7.95½; January-February, 7.95½; February-March, 7.92½; March-April, 7.89½; April-May, 7.85½; May-June, 7.81½; June-July, 7.77½; July-August, 7.73½; August-September, 7.62½; September-October, 7.47; October-November, 7.40; November-December, 7.35½; December-January, 7.32; January-February, 7.27.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, Jan. 26. — Turpentine, no sales; last sale, January 21st, 50@55; receipts, 9; shipments, 105; stock, 12,384.

Rosin — Firm. Sales, 607; receipts, 690; shipments, 933; stock, 61,428. Quote: A, B, C, D, E, F, 5.30; G, 5.25; H, I, 5.30; K, 6.00; M, 6.30; N, 6.75; W G, 7.20; W W, 7.50.

WHEAT GAINS SWEPT ASIDE

Caused by Heavy Profit Taking by Holders—Corn Finishes at Advance, While Oats Were at a Loss.

Chicago, Jan. 26. — Heavy profit-taking by holders swept away in the wheat market today notable gains which had resulted from bullish Liverpool dispatches and from adverse weather conditions. The close was weak, ¼@⅜c net lower to ⅛@¼c advance, with May 1.37¼ and July 1.26¼.

Corn finished at ⅛c. gain; oats ¼c. off to a shade up, and provisions unchanged to 15c. lower.

Grain and provisions close:

Wheat—May, 1.36¼; July, 1.26¼.
Corn—May, 79⅛; July, 79⅝.
Oats—May, 53½; July, 49½.
Pork—January, 20.20; May, 20.40.
Lard—May, 10.57; July, 10.75.
Ribs—May, 11.02.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.39; No. 3, red, 1.33⅜@1.35; No. 2, hard, nominal; No. 3, hard, 1.30½@1.33.

Corn—No. 2, yellow, nominal; No. 4, yellow, 73¼@75; No. 4, white, 73½@74¾.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. Elizabeth Weems, Hudgins, Baltimore, Baltimore & Carolina Steamship Co.

Cleared.

Str. Elizabeth Weems, Hudgins, Georgetown, Baltimore and Carolina Steamship Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.), 3,289 tons, Hollasch, Heide & Co.
Str. Keil (Ger.), 2,872 tons, Lemke, Heide & Co.
Str. Wingate (Br.), 1,152 tons, Dew, Alex. Sprunt & Son.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Daily by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 26.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nominal.
ROSIN—Nominal.
TAR—$2.00-3½c.
CRUDE TURPENTINE—$3.75, $3.75, $2.75.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 42c.; rosin, $2.90; tar, $1.50-7c.; crude, $2.90, $2.90, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	(—)
Rosin	62
Tar	180
Crude Turpentine	33

Receipts — Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, (—) casks; rosin, (—) barrels; tar, 124 barrels; crude turpentine, (—) barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—12c. Quotations same day last year, 7¾c.

Receipts—315 bales; same day last year, 1,573 bales.

Total receipts since August 1st, to date, 146,808 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 126,881 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Atlantic Coast Line—299 bales cotton; 135 barrels tar; 3 barrels crude turpentine.

Seaboard Air Line—16 bales cotton.

Str. Whitlock—18 barrels tar; 23 barrels crude turpentine.

Str. Worth J—62 barrels rosin; 22 barrels tar; 7 barrels crude turpentine.

A. P. Hurt—5 barrels tar.

Total—315 bales cotton; 62 barrels rosin; 180 barrels tar; 33 barrels crude turpentine.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Jan. 26.)

SWEET POTATOES—Yams, 50c to 55c per bushel.
IRISH POTATOES—80c to 90c.
CORN—$1.75 per sack.
BEEF—Native dressed, 7@9c; good demand.
PORK—Small, 9@10c per pound.
SHEEP—Gross: Old sheep, 3@4c; lambs, 3@5c lb.
WOOL—Burry, 19 to 25c; black wool, 17 to 20c; first class white wool, 27c.
HIDES—Green salt, 12@13c; dry flint, 17@20c per lb.; good demand.
NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 22c; sdeis and shoulders, 18c per pound; good demand.
BEESWAX—Firm, 28c per pound; good demand.
POULTRY—Chickens, grown, 45c to 50c; spring, 20c to 35c head. Geese 55c to 60c per head. Ducks, 35c to 50c owing to quality. Turkeys, 15c to 18c per pound, alive; 20c to 22c dressed.
EGGS—25c dozen.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, Jan. 26.—North Carolina Peanuts—New crop, market firm. Fancy hand-picked, 84c.; No. 1, machine picked, 77c. per bushel

Virginia Peanuts—New crop, steady. Jumbos, 66c.; fancy hand-picked, 55c.; No. 1, machine-picked, 50c. per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts—New crop firm; No. 1, small, machine-picked, $1.00, Jumbos, 90c. per bushel.

Receipts—Light.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Report: 1 by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., Jan. 26. — Spanish: Farmers' stock—Market strong.

First quality, $1.05 per bu.; green and dirty, 60c. to 75c. per bu.

Virginias, Farmers' stock — Market, firm.

Fancy Jumbo, 3¾c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3½c. per lb.; Prime, 3¼c. per lb.; shelling stock, 2¾ to 2¾c. lb.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Jan. 26. — Hogs—Steady. Bulk, 7.35@7.60; light, 6.95@7.60; mixed, 7.20@7.65; heavy, 7.20@7.70; rough, 7.20@7.35; pigs, 5.50@6.65.

Cattle — Weak. Native beef steers, 6.30@9.75; cows and heifers, 3.15@8.20; calves, 7.75@10.75.

Sheep—Weak. Wethers, 7.40@8.00; ewes, 5.25@7.65; lambs, 8.40@10.75.

STOCKS SUFFER DECLINES

Initial Gains More Than Effaced—Minimum Quotations Lowest in Many Instances for Weeks.

New York, Jan. 56.—The trend of today's session must have been a source of disappointment to those who hoped that the constructive factors implied by the resumption of the United States Steel common dividend and that corporation's remarkable statement of earnings would lift the market out of its recent pessimistic mood. Stocks were strong at the outset, mainly in consequence of extensive short covering, but before the noon hour prices receded with a succession of irregular declines, which more than effaced most initial gains. Minimum quotations were lowest in many instances for weeks.

Theories offered to explain the markets' failure to respond to good news included further foreign liquidation and domestic developments, such as the threatened contest between the railroads and their employes. Washington's refusal to accept Berlin's terms in the settlement of the Lusitania incident also figured in the calculations of the trading element.

United States Steel opened with an offering of 15,000 shares at 86 to 85 3-8, declined to 83 1-2 and closed at that price, a net loss of a point.

Dealings in steel were again largely preponderant, exceeding the combined output of other leading issues.

All sections of the list contributed to the initial advance, with virtually no losses, but before the end of the first hour realizing and short selling completely reversed the early order. Heaviness of the rails, which was most acute in the final hour, was the most disconcerting feature.

Among the few noteworthy exceptions of the lowering movement were the mercantile marine issues, the preferred rising 2 to 82 5-8 and the 4 1-2 per cent. certificates to 1 1-2 to the new record of 102 1-2. Transactions in marines were so large as to convey the belief in an early announcement of the reorganization plan.

Bethlehem Steel fell 17 1-4 to 476. International Nickel 13 to 202 Cuban American Sugar 7 to 13 and Wilys-Overland 6 to 212 in the feverish operations immediately preceding the close. Total sales of stocks amounted to 755,000 shares.

Except for the strength of marines, the bond market was heavy. Total sales, par value, aggregated $4,175,000. United States registered 2s and 4s inclined 1-4 and 1-2 per cent. respectively on call.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers	26¼
American Beet Sugar	66⅝
American Can	61⅝
American Car and Foundry	66⅜
American Cotton Oil	56
American Locomotive	66½
American Smelting	101⅞
American Sugar	113⅜
American Tel. and Tel	127¼
American Tobacco	204
Anaconda Copper	86¼
Atchison	105⅛
Atlantic Coast Line	113
Baldwin Locomotive	107
Baltimore and Ohio	90½
Bethlehem Steel	456
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	86⅜
Canadian Pacific	168⅝
Central Leather	52⅝
Chesapeake and Ohio	62¼
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	96
Chicago, R. I. and Pac. Ry	16⅜
Consolidated Gas	140¼
Continental Can	80½
Crucible Steel	66½
Erie	37⅝
General Electric	172
Great Northern, pfd	121
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	45⅜
Illinois Central	106
Interborough Consol. Corp	18¾
Kansas City Southern	27
Lehigh Valley	76½
Louisville and Nashville	126
Liggett and Meyers	255
Lorillard Co	180
Missouri, Kansas and Tex, pfd	B. 15
Missouri Pacific	4¾
Mexican Petroleum	101¼
National Lead	69
New York Central	106½
N. Y., N. H. and Hartford	70⅝
Norfolk and Western	117
Northern Pacific	113⅜
Pennsylvania	57⅞
Reading	78
Rep. Iron and Steel	51
Seaboard Air Line	17½
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	37⅝
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	58
Studebaker Corporation	151⅜
Southern Pacific	100⅝
Southern Railway	21⅞
Southern Railway, pfd	61½
Tennessee Copper	57½
Texas Co	206
Texas and Pacific	7⅝
Union Pacific	134⅛
United States Rubber	53⅜
United States Steel	83½
United States Steel, pfd	118¼
Utah Copper	79
Virginia-Caro. Chem	48
Va. Iron, Coal and Coke	57
Wabash, pfd., "B" Ctfs	29⅛
Western Union	89⅝
Westinghouse Electric	66⅝
United Fruit	139

COTTON SEED OIL MARKET.

New York, Jan. 26. — New high records for cotton seed oil were established during the early trading, January selling at 9.75 on covering by eleventh hour shorts. This strength was reflected in the whole list but towards the close the market turned easy under scattered liquidation, final prices being two points higher to two net lower. Crude was firmly held. Closed easier. Spot, 9.20 bid; January, 9.20@9.70; February, 9.19@9.25; March, 9.24@9.25; April, 9.19@9.20; May, 9.20@9.22; June, 9.19@9.22; July, 9.26@9.28; August, 9.31@9.32. Total sales, 18,000.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Jan. 26. — Outings were bought heavily today by jobbers for the next fall season. One line of staple ginghams was advanced ½ cent a yard. There was a good demand for bleached muslins at the new prices named early in the week. Worsted dress goods, low and medium grades, were opened for fall delivery. Prices on corporation dress goods were advanced 10 to 15 per cent. above quotations which ruled before the opening. Worsted yarns were firm.

THE WEATHER

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

January 27, 1916.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 58 degrees; at 8 P. M., 59 degrees; maximum, 73 degrees; minimum, 56 degrees; mean, 64 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .60 inch; rainfall for the month, to date, 1.01 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 7 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina: Partly cloudy. Friday probably local rains, colder in interior.

The Port Calendar, January 27, 1916.

Sun rises	7:13 A. M.
Sun sets	5:37 P. M.
Day's length	10 hrs. 24 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A. M.	P. M.	Low water. A. M.	P. M.
Wilmington	1:49	2:01	8:58	8:37
Southport	12:12	12:27	6:51	7:04
Masonboro Inl	12:01	12:16	6:31	6:44

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS

January 26, 1916.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 3 p.m.
Abilene	cldy	70	56	.08
Asheville	cldy	64	50	.30
Atlanta	cldy	62	50	.02
Augusta	clear	74	56	.06
Baltimore	cldy	64	—	.0
Birmingh.	cldy	66	54	.04
Boston	clear	66	50	.0
Charleston	clear	68	56	.14
Charlotte	clear	70	52	.14
Chicago	cldy	56	50	.0
Galveston	cldy	68	60	.0
Jacksonv.	clear	72	62	.0
Memphis	pt cldy	68	56	.0
Mobile	pt cldy	68	58	.0
Montgom'y	clear	76	58	.0
New Orl.	cldy	72	62	.26
New York	cldy	58	46	.02
Oklahoma	cldy	58	30	1.32
Palestine	cldy	72	60	.14
Pittsburg	cldy	66	62	.0
Raleigh	pt cldy	64	56	.0
Savannah	rain	74	58	.0
Shreveport	clear	74	56	.0
St. Louis	cldy	60	48	.0
Washing'n	pt cldy	68	42	.0

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, Jan. 26. — Mercantile paper, 3@3¼. Sterling sixty day bills, 4.71¾. Demand, 4.76¼. Sales, 477; bar silver, 57; Mexican dollars, 44; government bonds, heavy; railroad bonds, easy. Time loans, steady; sixty and ninety days, 2⅛@2¾; six months, 2¾@3. Call money, steady; ruling rate, 1¾.

NEW YORK PROVISIONS.

New York, Jan. 26. — Raw sugar, steady; centrifugal, 4.77; molasses, 4.00; refined, firm.

Coffee—Spot, steady; Rio, No. 7, 8⅛; Santos, No. 4, 9¼.

Butter—Unsettled.

Cheese—Firm.

Zurich, via London, Jan. 25.—Conferences at Vienna and Budapest between representatives of German and Hungarian shipping companies has resulted in an agreement to organize a new trans-Atlantic steamship line for emigration traffic to America.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

The undersigned having qualified as Executors of the Last Will and Testament of Adam G. Latta, deceased, hereby give notice to all persons having cleams against said Testator to present the same to the undersigned for payment, on or before January 27th, 1917, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

Dated this January 26th, 1916.

THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY,
—and—
T. E. SPRUNT,
Executors.

ja27-1aw6w

200 Bags Coffee.
300 Bbls. Sugar.
800 Bush. Rust-Proof Oats.
700 Bush. White Oats.
100 Bbls. Mullets.
1000 Cases Canned Tomatoes.
900 Cases Salmon.
1200 Cases Corn.

Also a Full Stock of All Other Goods in Our Line. Get Our Prices.

D. L. Gore Co.
Wholesale Grocers
Wilmington, N. C.

Tampa $22.30
Gasparila Carnival

Tickets on sale Feb. 3 to 8, inclusive, limited returning Feb. 21, but may be extended to March 8 by depositing ticket and paying $1.00.

NEW ORLEANS, LA ... $26.75
MOBILE, ALA ... $23.35
PENSACOLA, FLA ... $23.35

(Account Mardi Gras Celebration.)

Tickets on sale Feb. 28th to March 6th, inclusive, limited returning March 17, but may be extended to April 3 by depositing ticket and paying $1.00.

For schedules, reservations and any further information,

'PHONE 160,
ATLANTIC COAST LINE,
The Standard Railroad of the South.

BRAY BROTHERS
STOCKS & BONDS
GREENSBORO, N. C.

WE OFFER

Three Shares 7 per cent PREFERRED STOCK in OCONEE COTTON MILLS COMPANY, of WESTMINSTER, S. C., at an attractive figure. Price quoted on request.

BID WANTED

We want a bid on TEN SHARES STOCK IN CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK, of RALEIGH, N. C. BID QUICK. The longest pole gets the persimmon.

SEND YOUR ORDERS TO US. WE DO IT NOW. WIRE, 'PHONE OR WRITE US FOR WHAT YOU WANT.

Flour Special

Argo,
Utopia,
Piedmont,
Puritan,
Stock's Patent,
Non Pareil,
Queen's Patent,
Diadem,

Write for special selling plan on above brands

Love & Woody
Wholesale Grocers.

To All of Our Friends we wish a Pleasant Christmas and Prosperous New Year

A. B. Croom, Jr.
Company
WILMINGTON, N. C.

LOW ROUND TRIP FARES
—VIA—
Southern Railway
Premier Carrier of the South.

$26.75—Goldsboro, N. C., to New Orleans, La., and return, account Mardi Gras Celebration, March 2-7th, 1916. Tickets on sale Feb. 26th to March 6th, inclusive, with final limit March 17th. Stop-overs permitted on either going or return trip, or both.

$23.35—Goldsboro, N. C., to Mobile, Ala., and return, account Mardi Gras Celebration, March 2nd-7th, 1916. Tickets on sale Feb. 28th to March 6th, inclusive, with final limit March 17th. Stop-overs permitted.

$23.35—Goldsboro, N. C., to Pensacola, Fla., and return, account Mardi Gras Celebration, March 2nd-7th, 1916. Tickets on sale Feb. 28th to March 6th, inclusive, with final limit March 17th. Stop-overs permitted.

$22.85—Goldsboro, N. C., to Tampa, Fla., and return, account Gasparilla Carnival, Feb. 6th-12th, 1916. Tickets on sale Feb. 3rd to 5th, inclusive, final limit Feb. 21st. Stop-overs permitted.

Low round trip fares from all other points, on same basis.

For further information, Pullman reservations, etc., call on any Southern Railway Agent, or O. F. York, T. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

ja19-tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South.

Bulletin of Round-Trip Fares in Effect from Wilmington.

TAMPA, FLA ... $22.30
On sale February 3rd to 8th, Inc., limited returning Midnight, February 21st. Limit extended to March 8th by payment $1.00. Tickets good for Stop-Over.

NEW ORLEANS, LA ... $26.75
On sale February 28th to March 6th. Limited returning Midnight, March 17th Limit extended to April 3rd by payment $1.00. Tickets good for stop-over

MOBILE, ALA ... $23.35
On sale February 28th to March 6th, inc. Limited returning Midnight, March 7th. Limit extended to April 3rd by payment $1.00. Tickets good for stop over.

PENSACOLA, FLA. ... $23.35
On sale February 28th to March 6th, inc. Limited returning Midnight, March 7th. Limit extended to April 3rd by payment $1.00. Tickets good for stop over.

For further information, call 'phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel Building.

H. E. PLEASANTS,
T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST,
D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

BALTIMORE & CAROLINA STEAMSHIP COMPANY
Weekly Sailings Between
BALTIMORE, WILMINGTON, GEORGETOWN and CHARLESTON, S. C.

Sailings form Baltimore every Friday afternoon, 3 o'clock.

Lowest through rates to and from Interior, Eastern and Western points furnished upon application.

Through bills lading issued.

J. LAMBLE DOTEN, Agent.
Office and Piers, foot Grace street 'Phone 482.

Read Star Business Locals.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective Dec. 27, 1915. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. 2:40 A.M. Monday morning only.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 91. 1:15 A.M. Sunday morning (Saturday night) only.
No. 61. 5:30 A.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, St. Petersburg, Ft. Myers, Columbia, and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive outbound passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M. and may be occupied, inbound, until 7:00 A. M.	No. 62. 11:59 P.M. Daily.
No. 84 5:15 A.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65 6:15 P.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.
No. 63. 7:40 A.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington Parlor car, Wilmington to Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman service.	No. 69. 6:05 P.M. Daily.
No. 64. 8:45 A.M. Daily.	Mixed train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 53. 3:00 P.M. Daily.
No. 65. 3:35 P.M. Daily.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 68. 12:50 P.M. Daily.
No. 89. 3:45 P.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Florence, Columbia, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida points. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta. Pullman Cars between Florence and Columbia.	No. 54. 12:50 P.M Daily.
No. 78. 6:30 P.M. Tues., Thurs. and Sat only.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. 10:15 A.M. Tues., Thurs., Sat. only.
No. 42. 6:45 P. M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. 9:50 A.M. Daily.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent. WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect November 15, 1915.

WINTER PARK, WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS

EASTBOUND: Leave Front and for Winter Park	Leave Front and for Wrightsville	Leave... Front and for Beach	WESTBOUND: Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	Leave Beach for Wilmington
a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a6:26 A. M.	a6:15 A. M.	.....
6:55 A. M.	6:55 A. M.	b6:55 A. M.	a7:36 A. M.	a7:25 A. M.	.....
a8:00 A. M.	a8:00 A. M.	.....	8:01 A. M.	7:50 A. M.	7:40 A. M.
8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	a8:41 A. M.	a8:30 A. M.	.....
.....	.....	.....	9:36 A. M.	9:25 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	b10:31 A. M.	b10:20 A. M.	.....
11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	11:06 A. M.	10:55 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
b1:00 P. M.	b1:00 P. M.	b1:00 P. M.	12:36 P. M.	12:25 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
a1:10 P. M.	a1:10 P. M.	ae1:10 P. M.	b2:06 P. M.	b1:55 P. M.	b1:45 P. M.
c1:55 P. M.	c1:55 P. M.	.....	a2:01 P. M.	a1:50 P. M.	af1:45 P. M.
cd2:35 P.M.	.....	.....	a2:26 P. M.	a2:26 P. M.	.....
3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	cd3:06 P.M.	.....	.....
3:30 P. M.	.....	.....	c3:50 P. M.	.....	.....
c4:10 P. M.	.....	.....	4:06 P. M.	3:55 P. M.	3:46 P. M.
4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	c4:30 P. M.	.....	.....
c4:50 P. M.	.....	.....	c5:10 P. M.	.....	.....
5:30 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	.....	5:36 P. M.	5:25 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
6:10 P. M.	6:10 P. M.	.....	6:11 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	.....
6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	c6:40 P. M.	6:51 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	.....
7:15 P. M.	7:15 P. M.	.....	7:31 P. M.	7:20 P. M.	17:15 P. M.
8:15 P. M.	8:15 P. M.	.....	8:06 P. M.	7:55 P. M.	.....
9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	8:56 P. M.	8:46 P. M.	.....
10:15 P. M.	10:15 P. M.	.....	10:21 P. M.	10:10 P. M.	10:00 P. M.
11:15 P. M.	11:15 P. M.	.....	10:56 P. M.	10:46 P. M.	.....
			11:56 P.M.	11:45 P. M.	.....

SPECIAL FOR SUNDAYS.

Leave Front and Princess Streets every half hour from 2:00 to 5:00 P. M.
Leave Beach every half hour from 2:45 to 5:45 P. M.

a—Daily except Sundays.
b—Sundays only.
c—Superseded by half hour cars Sunday afternoons.
d—Goes through to Seagate; returning, leaves Seagate at 3:00 P. M.
e—Does not go beyond Station No. 3.
f—Leaves from Station No. 3.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.
(Daily Except Sunday)

Leave Ninth and Orange streets, 3:30 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 2:30 to 3:30 P. M.

THROUGH SLEEPING CARS RUNNING EVERY DAY TO ATLANTA.

Lv. Wilmington ... 3:45 P. M.
Ar. Atlanta ... 6:10 A.M.
Connects in Union Depot with the "Dixie Flyer," leaving 3:15 A. M. for Chicago and St. Louis, via Chattanooga and Nashville, and with the "Southland" leaving 7:18 A. M., for Cincinnati, Chicago, Cleveland, Louisville and Indianapolis, via Knoxville.

TO WASHINGTON AND NORFOLK:

Lv. Wilmington ... 6:45 P. M.
Ar. Norfolk ... 7:35 A. M.
Ar. Washington ... 7:50 A. M.
Ar. New York ... 1:40 P. M.
Broiler-Buffet service to Washington. Dining Cars thence to New York.

PARLOR CARS
Wilmington to Norfolk.

Lv. Wilmington ... 7:40 A. M.
Ar. Norfolk ... 5:10 P. M.

'PHONE 160.
ATLANTIC COAST LINE,
The Standard Railroad of the South.

ATLANTA, GA.,
—via—
SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South. Shortest and Most Direct Route.

Leave Wilmington ... 4:00 P. M.
Arrive Atlanta ... 7:00 A. M.
Making connection for Birmingham, Memphis, Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago.

For further information call 'phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel.

JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A.,
Raleigh, N. C.
H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A.,
Wilmington, N. C.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
38-39 GARRELL BUILDING.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

CLYDE LINE
TO NEW YORK
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.

Steamship Cherokee, Fri., January 28.
Steamship Chippewa, Fri., February 4.

Wilmington to Georgetown.

Steamship Cherokee, Mon., January 31.
Steamship Chippewa, Mon., February 7.

Wilmington to New York.

Steamship Chippewa, Sat., January 29.
Steamship Cherokee, Sat., February 5.

Steamship Chippewa DOES NOT carry passengers.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.,
C. J. BECKER, Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
H. G. SMALLBONES,
Commercial Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
General Offices: Pier 36 N. R., New York

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South.
Effective January 2nd, 1916.

No. 13.—4:00 P. M.—THROUGH PULLMAN PARLOR CAR BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND CHARLOTTE.

Train for Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg, Charlotte, and intermediate points, connecting at Hamlet for Atlanta, Jacksonville, Savannah, and all points North, South and West.

No. 19. — 5:00 A. M. — THROUGH SLEEPING CAR BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND CHARLOTTE.—Open at 10:00 P. M. for Passengers.

Train for Charlotte and intermediate points, connecting at Hamlet for all points North and West.

For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Agent, Orton Bldg., Wilmington. 'Phone 178.

R. W. WALLACE, H. E. PLEASANTS,
C. T. A. T. P. A.
Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

Read Star Business Locals.

BRITISH LABOR STANDS WITH THE GOVERNMENT

Adopts Resolutions Resolving to Carry War Through.

Extreme Socialist Anti-War Section Outvoted—Parliamentary Members Endorsed for Supporting Recruiting Bills.

Bristol, Jan. 26.—British organized labor on the first day of a conference which has attracted world-wide attention, out-voted the extreme socialist anti-war section and adopted two resolutions expressing the patriotic resolve to carry the war through.

By a vote of 1,847,000 against 206,000, a resolution entirely approving the action of the parliamentary labor party in co-operation with other political parties in the national recruiting campaign was adopted by the convention which also passed a resolution pledging the conference to assist the government as far as possible in the successful prosecution of the war.

James Ramsay MacDonald, socialist and labor member of parliament for Leicester, and Philip Snowden, socialist member for Blackburn, tried to persuade the delegates to vote against the motions but, when requested to define their position clearly, made evasions and were unable to convince the conference.

One representative of the socialist section, when asked to state the terms on which the socialists would have participated in a voluntary recruiting campaign declared: "On no terms." He immediately lost his hold on the delegates, who were overwhelming in the opposing camp.

The camp was a most representative one. A large section of labor and commerce attended, while seated on the platform were two French socialist deputies and Robert Applegarth, of the three founders of trades unionism in Great Britain.

Many of the addresses were patriotic in tone. James Ramsay MacDonald was criticised in unmeasured terms by his fellow Scotsmen for speaking round about the resolution without making his own party's position clear.

George James Wardle, member of parliament for Stockport and editor of the Railway Review, demanded an expression for or against carrying on the war, and it was after that that the convention responded by carrying the vital resolutions, which decided the issue of the conference, by large majorities favoring labor's co-operation with the authorities to bring about a victorious ending to the war.

TO ASK LEGISLATURE FOR HOME OF REFUGE

(Continued From Page One).

Forest, third vice president.

Seven addresses constituted yesterday morning's programme of the conference, President E. K. Graham, of the University, presiding.

Yesterday afternoon Governor Craig presided and last night, W. H. Swift, of Greensboro. Miss Mary Livermore, of Robeson county, opened the morning session, speaking of "Welfare Work and the Tenant Child." "These people, the native stocks," she said, "are losing their bearings, breaking away from the faith of our fathers, and when the great tide of immigration strikes the South will succumb unless we carry to them our aid and our lives."

Hon. A. M. Scales, of Greensboro, spoke on Guilford county and her public morals law, anti-tuberculosis law, and probation law.

Mr. James Moore, of Salisbury, spoke on "Community Building in Rowan."

Prof. E. C. Branson, of Chapel Hill, discussing "Orange County Social Progress," said the campaign was constructive—better schools, churches, roads and more revenue. Typhoid was reduced in 1914 from over 100 to 20 cases.

Miss Julia Yopp, of Greensboro, spoke on travelers' aid.

Mr. W. J. Jones, of Salemburg, said the community idea for Sampson originated with Dr. Rankin's office; that community days are observed, a new school to cost $10,000 being built, and no typhoid originated in the community in 12 years.

W. T. Bost, of Raleigh, spoke on "The County and the Social Welfare," declaring that the things that hold back the State are illiteracy, liquor, malaria, hookworm and the cattle tick—preventable things.

He said city government is the most direct of all, coming in immediate touch with the citizens. The municipality, he said, should do four things; educate the child; give attention to health; remember the pauperized element to be safeguarded; remember the city is largely responsible for crimes committed through customs and sentiment, which it built up.

President McAlister spoke on "A State Board of Public Welfare, Scope, Duties, Equipment, Support." Such a board is both justified and of equal importance with other State departments. It would have the scope of the State Board of Charities, but greater. It should have supervision of State institutions, prisons, but go deeper, examining causes. It also would have control of public amusements, of social evil, placing latter on list of misdemeanors, holding men and women alike responsible.

"The organization of society and the State for the Welfare of the Church," was the theme last night, W. H. Swift, Greensboro, presiding. Miss Julia Lathrop, Washington, D. C., director of the Children's Bureau of the Department of Labor, spoke on "What Does a State Owe Its Children."

"What Can the Church, Sunday School, Woman's Club, Chamber of Commerce, Fraternal Orders, Young People's Society, Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A. Contribute Towards Organizing Social Fabric of the State for the Welfare of the Child?" was answered Dr. Howard Rondthaler, of Winston-Salem, for the Church; J. Walter Long, of Greensboro, for the Sunday school; C. L. Davis, of Aberdeen, for the Chamber of Commerce; Hon. R. R. Williams, of Asheville, for Fraternal Orders; Rev. Hooper Adams, of Charlotte, for Young People's Society; Morgan B. Speir, of Charlotte, for the Y. M. C. A., and F. C. Abbott, of Charlotte, for the Y. W. C. A.

ASK FOR and GET
HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Cheap substitutes cost YOU same price.

BELIEVE THE SHIPPING BILL WILL BE PASSED

Administration Leaders Take Optimistic View.

Kitchin and Simmons and Other Democratic Leaders Confer With President—Outlines Work He Desires to Be Pushed.

Washington, Jan. 56.—Prospects for passage of a government ship purchase bill are believed to be bright by administration leaders, who saw in conferences President Wilson had today with Democrats who opposed such a measure last year, indications that united support for the revised proposal eventually would be won.

The President discussed the ship bill particularly with Majority Leader Kitchin of the House and Senator Clarke, of Arkansas. Senator Simmons, chairman of the Senate Finance committee, and Representative Fitzgerald, chairman of the House Appropriations committee, also went to the White House for conference.

The President made it clear that matters before Congress which the administration hoped to see pushed ahead of everything else were the following:

National defense measures, including army reorganization and increased naval construction.

Creation of a merchant marine designed to serve as a naval auxiliary in time of war.

Revenue legislation, including revision of the income tax law and creation of a non-partisan tariff board.

The Philippine self-government bill, which will include a provision granting independence within two to four years, provided satisfactory steps are taken in the meantime to establish a stable independent government.

Conservation bills for development of water power and mineral bearing lands.

Among Democratic senators who fought the shipping bill last year and who have discussed it recently with the President are Senators Hardwick, Hitchcock, O'Gorman and Vardaman. As now proposed the bill would provide for government operation in case satisfactory leases to private corporations could not be made.

CHILD LABOR BILL UNDER HEAVY FIRE

(Continued From Page One).

right to proceed with unlimited debate on the bill next Wednesday. Opponents of the bill tried to tie his hands by having the House adjourn, but the motion was defeated 234 to 74.

Chairman Webb, of the House Judiciary committee, and Representative Adamson, of Georgia; Harrison, of Mississippi, and Page, of North Carolina fought bitterly against the measure. They maintained that it was unconstitutional and that its passage legal, or otherwise, was an unwarranted invasion of State's Rights. Mr. Page called the proposition "States socialism" and vigorously attacked without naming any one, men whom, he said, were profiting financially by supporting the bill.

"Without charging any of the supporters of this bill with wrongdoing," he said, "I will say that some of the gentlemen most concerned with its passage will have to go back to making an honest living if it does pass."

Representative Lewis, of Maryland, chairman of the labor committee, which reported the measure, and Minority Leader Mann supported the bill. Former Representatives W. W. Kitchin, of North Carolina, and A. Mitchell Palmer, of Pennsylvania, exercised their rights as former members to circulate on the floor during the debate. Mr. Kitchin opposes the bill, while Mr. Palmer favors it.

Starting the Argument.

"Have you laid the foundation for your presidental boom?"

"Yes. I have announced my unwillingness to be a candidate."—Washington Star.

LA GRIPPE USUALLY LEAVES A BAD COUGH.

Both la grippe and influenza often leave a bad cough that hangs on, is weakening and exhausting. Foley's Honey and Tar Compound is a simple, quick and effective medicine for curing these bad la grippe coughs. E. C. Rhodes, Middleton, Ga., writes: "When getting well of la grippe I still had a hacking cough and for several months could get no relief. I began taking Foley's Honey and Tar and soon I was well of both cough and cold, which never returned." All druggists sell it everywhere. R. R. Bellamy, Druggist.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements at this department, upon request by phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for packages or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for Strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union" but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Advertisements cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them. Contract advertising inserted "till forbid" will be discontinued only on written notice from the advertiser.

WANTED — BOY AND INTELLIgent boy or girl for table service. Prefer one at the age of 15 or 16. Mathews', 117 North Front street. ja27-1t*

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE TWO-STORY six-room dwelling, No. 505 Ann st., near Fifth, in first class condition. Delightful southern exposure. Terms reasonable. W. G. Whitehead; 'Phones 229-J and 408-J. ja27,30-2t

"SAY" — DID YOU EVER STOP AND think what modern markets we have in this city; just stop and think for a moment the changes that have taken place in the last twelve months; they are up to the minute. Are you doing your part towards keeping them up to a high standard, or are you patronizing the open carts and unclean places? Think it over. 'Phones 816 and 817. ja27-1t

FOR RENT — THREE ROOMS, COMpletely furnished, for light housekeeping. Lights and use of 'phone. Apply at 308 Grace st., between 3 and 5 P. M. ja27-1t*

LOST — A MINK NECKPIECE, WITH brilliant and chain fastening head and tail. Return to Hotel Wilmington and receive reward. ja27-2t*

WANTED AT ONCE — A GOOD TRACK foreman to build tram road. Must be a hustler, who can work labor. Write Box 1, Garland, N. C. ja27-4t*

WANTED QUICK — BAND MILL SAWyer. Must be a swift sawyer. We use steam feed and steam "nigger." Must be able to cut full capacity of mill, 30 to 40 thousand per day. Write "Sawyer," care Wilmington Star. ja27-3t*

OYSTERS, OYSTERS, OYSTERS. — TOday only, nice, large New River oysters, 30 cents one quart bucket. Also fancy celery, 10 cents stalk. Nice sirloin steak, today only, 23 cents lb.; 2 lbs., 45 cents. Country pig pork and all-pork sausages. Try us. We take great pleasure in filling all orders. Batson's Meat Market, 115 Market street. 'Phone No. 72. ja26-1t

JUST RECEIVED — EXPRESS SHIPment of silk poplin and taffeta dresses; black and assorted colors. Spring models showing the Charlie Chaplin pockets effect. Special for the week, $6.50, at Rehder's. ja27-1t

TODAY—YAM POTATOES, 20c.; FRESH eggs, 25c; corn flakes, 3 for 25c; brooms, 23 and 33c; prunes, 3 lbs for 25c. All kinds of fresh meat. Phone 2081. J. C. Moore. ja27-1t*

REFINED YOUNG LADY DESIRES light office work. Satisfaction guaranteed. Address "M. C. J.," care The Star. ja27-1t*

HORSE FOR SALE—SORREL; MEdium weight. Good for delivery, buggy or saddle. Holland Nurseries, Castle Haynes, N. C. ja27-tuthsu-3t

WANTED — HOUSE TO HOUSE CANvassery; middle aged women; salary and commission. Call Saturday, 1:00 P. M. Armour & Co., 17 South Water street. ja27-3t*

9 CENTS OR 3 OF A KIND FOR 25 cents: cans of corn, salmon, syrup, milk, beans, sauer kraut, sweet potatoes, vegetables for soup, tomato soup, peas, coffee, vienna sausage, chip beef, fish flakes, mustard sardines, pie peaches. Glasses jelly, cocoa, mustard, catsup, sweet pickles, vinegar. Packages tea, oatmeal, buckwheat, corn flakes, fish, mackerel, etc., 9 or 3 of a kind for 25 cents. Fresh country eggs, 25 cents dozen. Cheapest steady prices in town. A. Renik, 5th and Nixon. 'Phone 827. ja27-7t

FISH, ESCALLOPS, SHELL AND OPEN oysters, clams, sausage, pudding, cheese. N. C. Hams. Fruits. Chickens. Country eggs. Ducks. Produce. Fresh groceries. 'Phone 374. W. M. Sneeden, 114 S. Front. ja27-1t*

FOR SALE — ONE FORD ROADSTER. Good condition. Electric lights. Klaxon horn and shock absorbers. Bargain to quick buyer. H. L. Fennell, 111 Chestnut street. ja27-1t*

EGGS, EGGS — JUST RECEIVED, fresh lot of country eggs, 25c. dozen. Nice lot of groceries. Jersey milk, 10c. can. Tripp Grocery, 8 Market st. 'Phone 1002. ja27-1t*

UPHOLSTERING — PARLOR SUITS, antiques, odd chairs, cushions, slip covers, baby carriages at moderate prices. Prompt delivery. H. E. Creteau, 111 Dock st. 'Phones 633-W or 418-J. ja27-7t*

MULES FOR SALE — SUITABLE FOR farm work. Can be seen at Independent Ice Co., 7th and Brunswick st. ja27-2t*

BOYS' BRIGADE LYCEUM COURSE — Louis Williams, Electrical Entertainer, Friday, January 28th. Reserved seats at Munson's, Friday, 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Single admission, 50c. ja27-2t*

WANTED TO SELL—DRY SPLIT PINE, cut for stove, $1.15; mixed with oak, $1.25; all oak, $1.35; black jack, $1.35; dry pine slabs, $1.00. 'Phone 1914. ja27-1t*

FOR SALE—RESIDENCE, 507 CHESTnut street; 7 rooms and bath. Cash or will make good terms. Telephone 272. ja26-3t

FOR RENT — SIX-ROOM COTTAGE, all modern improvements, Wrightsville avenue, Carolina Place; possession February 1st. Address L. B. Michaux, 602 Orange street. fe26-3t

WANTED — PINE HEADING BOLTS, 42 inches long, 6 inches and over in diameter. Wilmington Cooperage Co., Wilmington, N. C. ja25-7t

'PHONE YOUR ORDERS FOR MAGAzines and newspapers to 745. Gordon Brothers, 17 Princess street. de14-tf

FOR RENT — LARGE, BRIGHT, WELL furnished room, with modern conveniences, two blocks of Post Office. 216 North Second. 'Phone 773. ja23-tf

FOR RENT — THIRD FLOOR, OVER Woodall and Shepard's. Apply Woodall and Shepard's. ja11-tf

ART PRINTING — WE ARE NOW ready to do your job printing in the best way. All new type, equipment and facilities. Satisfaction guaranteed. Harriss Typewriting and Advertising Co. Quality Printing. ja18-tf

JUST BOUGHT, A BANKRUPT STOCK of solid gold jewelry, such as cameos, brooches, lavallieres, watch bracelets and diamonds. Can save you from forty to fifty per cent. on same at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop; No. 6 South Front street; 'Phone 642. ja11-tf

LISTEN—LET US SELL YOUR LAND for you. Southern Auction & Development Co., Arden, N. C. ja 22-6t*

YOU WOULD SCARCELY BELIEVE IT, but we are doing fac-simile engraving and embossing that looks like the real thing, and about one-fourth as expensive. It's beautiful. Harriss Typewriting and Adv. Co., Art Printers. ja18-tu,th,su-tf

A FULL LINE OF SHADE TREES, roses and shrubs. Buy home grown fruit trees at The Holland Nurseries, Castle Haynes, N. C. 'Phone 5611. oc17-w,su-tf

MR. FARMER — SELL US YOUR peas. V. B. Sharpe, Maxton, N. C. de24-f,su,w-30t

MULTIGRAPH FAC SIMILE TYPEwritten letters, just like typewriting. Finest advertising in the world. Goes right to the spot. Harriss' Typewriting and Adv. Co. Direct mail advertising. ja19-w,f,su,m-tf

SOHMER, EVERETT, CHASE-HACKley and Baldwin pianos are noted for their tone, quality and durability. We have them in Uprights, Baby Grands, Concert Grands and in Player Pianos. We also have a new, fully guaranteed piano for $250. Call and see our violins, mandolins, guitars, and Ukuleles, strings and accessories. Piano tuning and repairing a specialty. Yopp and Woody Music Co., 217 North Front street; 'Phone 313. ja23-tf

FLOORING — WE HAVE MARBLE tile floor for building, containing 1,000 square feet floor space, only 1-2 cents per square foot. We have also slate, steps, beams, columns, heavy doors, folding doors, steel shutters and ornamental gates, doors and railing. All very cheap. Wilmington Iron Works. ja21-7t

NOTICE—WHOLE HEAD RICE, 10 cents quart; fresh country eggs, all guaranteed, 30 cents dozen; Pimento peppers, 10 cents can; Unicorl coffee, 25 cents can; good garden peas, 9 cents, 3 for 25 cents; Fresh Catawba butter, in quarter pound cubes, 35 cents pound, at May Bros., 24 North Front street. Phone 1322. ja 22-tf

FOR SALE — A LITTLE GIANT crusher, mounted on wagon; just the thing for crushing stone and bats for concrete work. Save time and money by getting this. Will rent or sell. Wilmington Iron Works. ja21-7t

FOR RENT — 103 SOUTH EIGHTH street; seven rooms, all latest improvements. Gordon Brothers, 17 Princess street. de14-tf

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We are Prepared to Contract for Fall Delivery Cotton With Responsible Parties at Good Prices

W. B. Cooper & Co.
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